

COMBO - ଓଡ଼ିଶା
32,000- PYQ
ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
 ପୂର୍ବ 5 ବର୍ଷର OSSSC, OSSC, OPSC, ପୋଲିସ, CT, B.ED, ଅନ୍ୟ ସବୁ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
GK, ODIA, ENGLISH, , MATH, COMPUTER, Reasoning, Pedagogy

GK- ଓଡ଼ିଶାର
ସମସ୍ତ ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
11,685- PYQ
ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଓ ଇଂରାଜୀ ରେ
EXPLANATION
 OSSSC , OSSC , OPSC, Police SI /Constable, PEO, RI, Battalion, Fireman, B.ED, JT, RHT, CT, OAVS, OSSTET, OTET & Other

ଓଡ଼ିଆ ବ୍ୟାକରଣ
ସମସ୍ତ ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
4,343- PYQ
75- TEST
E-BOOK- PDF
 OSSSC, OSSC, OPSC, POLICE, B.ED, JT, RHT, CT, OAVS, OSSTET, OTET, OSSSC (PEO, RI, ARI & Other) & Other

ENGLISH- ଓଡ଼ିଶାର
ସମସ୍ତ ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
4,582- PYQ
ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଓ ଇଂରାଜୀ ରେ
EXPLANATION
 OSSSC , OSSC , OPSC, Police SI /Constable, PEO, RI, Battalion, Fireman, B.ED, JT, RHT, CT, OAVS, OSSTET, OTET & Other Exam

କୋମ୍ପ୍ୟୁଟର- ଓଡ଼ିଶାର
ସମସ୍ତ ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
2,353- PYQ
ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଓ ଇଂରାଜୀ ରେ
EXPLANATION
 OSSSC, OSSC , OPSC, Police SI & Constable, Battalion, PEO, RI, AMIN, JT, RHT & Other Exams

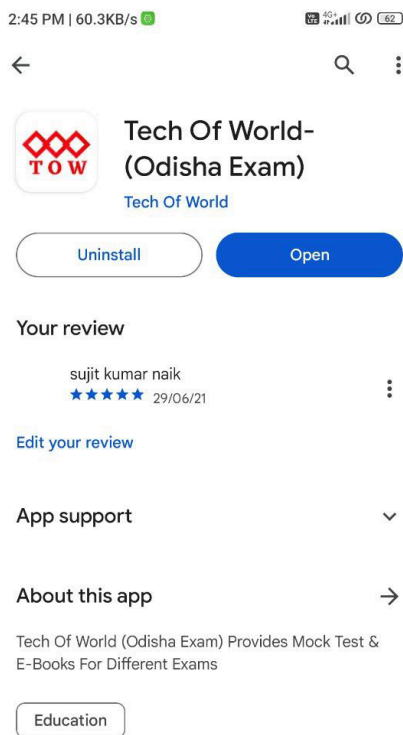
MATH- ଓଡ଼ିଶାର
ସମସ୍ତ ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
4,000- PYQ
ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଓ ଇଂରାଜୀ ରେ
E-BOOK- PDF
 OSSSC , OSSC , OPSC, Police SI /Constable, PEO, RI, Battalion, Fireman, B.ED, JT, RHT, CT, OAVS, OSSTET, OTET & Other

PEDAGOGY ଓଡ଼ିଶାର
TEACHING APTITUDE
ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
1,900- PYQ
ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଓ ଇଂରାଜୀ ରେ
EXPLANATION
 B.ED, RHT, CT, JT, OAVS, OSSTET, OTET & Other

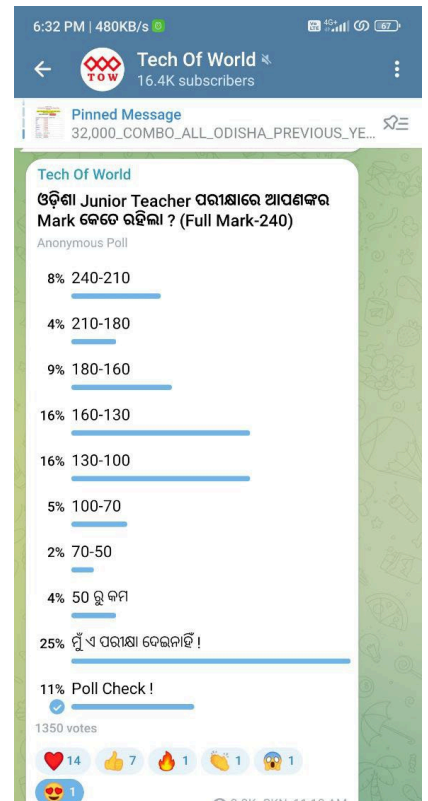
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ଓଡ଼ିଶା ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ପ୍ରାଧିକରଣ

Odisha School Education Programme Authority

Government of Odisha

Application Seq No.	
Participant ID	
Participant Name	
Test Center Name	Ganesh Institute Of Engineering And Technology
Test Date	08/11/2023
Test Time	9:00 AM - 11:30 AM
Subject	Junior Teacher (Schematic) CATEGORY II (Science)



Comprehension:

Refer to the below passage and answer the questions.

The little old house was out with a little new shed
In front at the edge of the road where the traffic sped,
A roadside stand that too pathetically pled,
It would not be fair to say for a dole of bread,
But for some of the money, the cash, whose flow supports
The flower of cities from sinking and withering faint.
The polished traffic passed with a mind ahead,
Or if ever aside a moment, then out of sorts
At having the landscape marred with the artless paint
Of signs that with N turned wrong and S turned wrong
Offered for sale wild berries in wooden quarts,
Or crook-necked golden squash with silver warts,
Or beauty rest in a beautiful mountain scene,
You have the money, but if you want to be mean,
Why keep your money (this crossly) and go along.
The hurt to the scenery wouldn't be my complaint
So much as the trusting sorrow of what is unsaid:
Here far from the city we make our roadside stand
And ask for some city money to feel in hand
To try if it will not make our being expand,
And give us the life of the moving-pictures' promise
That the party in power is said to be keeping from us.

It is in the news that all these pitiful kin
Are to be bought out and mercifully gathered in
To live in villages, next to the theatre and the store,
Where they won't have to think for themselves anymore,
While greedy good-doers, beneficent beasts of prey,
Swarm over their lives enforcing benefits
That are calculated to soothe them out of their wits,
And by teaching them how to sleep they sleep all day,
Destroy their sleeping at night the ancient way.

Sometimes I feel myself I can hardly bear
The thought of so much childish longing in vain,
The sadness that lurks near the open window there,
That waits all day in almost open prayer
For the squeal of brakes, the sound of a stopping car,
Of all the thousand selfish cars that pass,
Just one to inquire what a farmer's prices are.
And one did stop, but only to plow up grass
In using the yard to back and turn around;
And another to ask the way to where it was bound;

And another to ask could they sell it a gallon of gas
They couldn't (this crossly); they had none, didn't it see?

No, in country money, the country scale of gain,
the requisite lift of spirit has never been found,
Or so the voice of the country seems to complain,
I can't help owning the great relief it would be
To put these people at one stroke out of their pain.
And then next day as I come back into the sane,
I wonder how I should like you to come to me
And offer to put me gently out of my pain.

SubQuestion No : 1

Q.1 Select the most appropriate SYNONYM of the given word below.
Swarm

- Ans**
- 1. Loner
 - 2. Need
 - 3. Individual
 - 4. Flock

Comprehension:

Refer to the below passage and answer the questions.

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It would not be fair to say for a dole of bread,
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I wonder how I should like you to come to me
And offer to put me gently out of my pain.

SubQuestion No : 2

Q.2 Select the most appropriate meaning of the given word below.
Withering

- Ans**
- 1. To give a spoken statement of an opinion or thought
 - 2. The particular state that something or someone is in
 - 3. One that is intended to make someone feel ashamed
 - 4. The act of thinking about or considering something, an idea or opinion, or a set of ideas about a particular subject

Comprehension:

Refer to the below passage and answer the questions.

The little old house was out with a little new shed
In front at the edge of the road where the traffic sped,
A roadside stand that too pathetically pled,
It would not be fair to say for a dole of bread,
But for some of the money, the cash, whose flow supports
The flower of cities from sinking and withering faint.
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To put these people at one stroke out of their pain.
And then next day as I come back into the sane,
I wonder how I should like you to come to me
And offer to put me gently out of my pain.

SubQuestion No : 3

Q.3 Identify the suitable title for the poem.

- Ans 1. A beautiful mountain scene
2. The old village and memories
3. A Roadside Stand
4. The little old house

Comprehension:

Refer to the below passage and answer the questions.

The little old house was out with a little new shed
 In front at the edge of the road where the traffic sped,
 A roadside stand that too pathetically pled,
 It would not be fair to say for a dole of bread,
 But for some of the money, the cash, whose flow supports
 The flower of cities from sinking and withering faint.
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 To put these people at one stroke out of their pain.
 And then next day as I come back into the sane,
 I wonder how I should like you to come to me
 And offer to put me gently out of my pain.

SubQuestion No : 4**Q.4 Identify the central theme of the poem.**

- Ans** 1. The city people have a very empathetic approach towards the rural people, and they are always willing to help them.
2. The narrator observes that the city folks who drove through the countryside hardly paid any heed to the roadside stand or to the people who ran it. If at all they did, it was to complain.
3. The government and other social service agencies helped the poor rural people and were always available to assist the rural people.
4. The roadside people do not want the onlooker to buy consumable items from them.

Q.5 Read the below passage:

Most states do not have enough well-trained experts to retrieve or perform transplant procedures. Also, there is an acute shortage of advanced healthcare facilities to carry out a transplant. So, it is referred to other big centres in metropolitan cities. Organs retrieved from Aurangabad, Indore, Surat, and Pune are sent to Mumbai as these cities do not have super-specialty healthcare centres, informed officials.

Which of the following is the CORRECT logical inference based on the information in the above passage?

- I) Most people do not go for organ transplants because it is very risky and expensive.
 II) All metropolitan cities are well equipped and ready to handle critical transplant cases.
 III) Most states refer organ transplant cases to big hospitals because they don't have well trained experts

- Ans 1. II only
 2. I only
 3. II & III only
 4. I, II, & III only

Question
 Option
 Option
 Option
 Option
 St
 Chosen Op

Q.6 Read the below passage:

The art of living is learnt easily by those who are positive and optimistic. From humble and simple people to great leaders in history, science, or literature, we can learn a lot about the art of living by having a peep into their lives. The daily routines of these great men not only reveal their different, maybe unique life styles, but also help us learn certain habits and practices they followed.

Which of the following is the CORRECT logical inference based on the information in the above passage?

- I) The unique life styles of great men are revealed by their daily routines and practices that they follow.
 II) For positive and optimistic people the art of living is learnt quite easily.
 III) All great men followed good practices and their daily routines also helped them in shaping their lives.

- Ans 1. II & III only
 2. I, II, & III only
 3. II only
 4. I & III only

Comprehension:

Refer to the below passage and answer the questions.

The young generation is a diverse group of individuals who are below 21 years of age, which is the official age of adulthood. They include preschoolers, students between primary and secondary schooling age, and young people working part- or full-time. It is essential to acknowledge that the young come from various cultures and nations, each with unique values and behaviors.

Various factors influence a young person's lifestyle, including parents, government, faith, and the media. While television and films are among the sources of influence from the media, it is crucial to recognize that they are not the only ones. The educational institutions that a young person attends, the family that they come from, and the nation that they live in also shape their beliefs, thoughts, and actions. For many young people worldwide, their lives are characterized by poverty, with many working part-time to supplement their family incomes. For those who can afford to attend school, their educational workloads consume most of their time, leaving them with limited time for leisure.

Today's young spend more time with their peers, and studies have shown that they are the main influence on them, particularly with the trend towards smaller families and busier working parents. Parents, siblings, or teachers may also play a pivotal role in younger children's lives. For those who can afford it, music, handphones, and computers are increasingly engaging their attention.

SubQuestion No : 7

Q.7 Identify the suitable title for the passage.

Ans ✓ 1. The Diverse Influences on the Young Generation

✗ 2. Primary and secondary schooling

✗ 3. Generation gap and Families

✗ 4. Educational institutions and their influence on young generation

Comprehension:

Refer to the below passage and answer the questions.

The young generation is a diverse group of individuals who are below 21 years of age, which is the official age of adulthood. They include preschoolers, students between primary and secondary schooling age, and young people working part- or full-time. It is essential to acknowledge that the young come from various cultures and nations, each with unique values and behaviors.

Various factors influence a young person's lifestyle, including parents, government, faith, and the media. While television and films are among the sources of influence from the media, it is crucial to recognize that they are not the only ones. The educational institutions that a young person attends, the family that they come from, and the nation that they live in also shape their beliefs, thoughts, and actions. For many young people worldwide, their lives are characterized by poverty, with many working part-time to supplement their family incomes. For those who can afford to attend school, their educational workloads consume most of their time, leaving them with limited time for leisure.

Today's young spend more time with their peers, and studies have shown that they are the main influence on them, particularly with the trend towards smaller families and busier working parents. Parents, siblings, or teachers may also play a pivotal role in younger children's lives. For those who can afford it, music, handphones, and computers are increasingly engaging their attention.

SubQuestion No : 8

Q.8 Identify the central theme of the passage.

- Ans**
- 1. There is very limited resource and leisure time for youth which contributes to their boredom a lot.
 - 2. The educational institutions that a young person attends, the family that they come from, and the nation that they live in does not contribute much to shape their beliefs, thoughts, and actions.
 - 3. Parents, siblings, and teachers only play a pivotal role in younger children's lives. None of the other things matter when it comes to today's youth's belief system.
 - 4. The young generation is a diverse group of individuals which is easily influenced by a lot of factors which includes their peers, parents, the educational institutions etc.

Comprehension:

Refer to the below passage and answer the questions.

The young generation is a diverse group of individuals who are below 21 years of age, which is the official age of adulthood. They include preschoolers, students between primary and secondary schooling age, and young people working part- or full-time. It is essential to acknowledge that the young come from various cultures and nations, each with unique values and behaviors.

Various factors influence a young person's lifestyle, including parents, government, faith, and the media. While television and films are among the sources of influence from the media, it is crucial to recognize that they are not the only ones. The educational institutions that a young person attends, the family that they come from, and the nation that they live in also shape their beliefs, thoughts, and actions. For many young people worldwide, their lives are characterized by poverty, with many working part-time to supplement their family incomes. For those who can afford to attend school, their educational workloads consume most of their time, leaving them with limited time for leisure.

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SubQuestion No : 9

Q.9 Select the most appropriate **SYNONYM** of the given word below.

Pivotal

- Ans**
- 1. Critical
 - 2. Minor
 - 3. Insignificant
 - 4. Slight

Comprehension:

Refer to the below passage and answer the questions.

The young generation is a diverse group of individuals who are below 21 years of age, which is the official age of adulthood. They include preschoolers, students between primary and secondary schooling age, and young people working part- or full-time. It is essential to acknowledge that the young come from various cultures and nations, each with unique values and behaviors.

Various factors influence a young person's lifestyle, including parents, government, faith, and the media. While television and films are among the sources of influence from the media, it is crucial to recognize that they are not the only ones. The educational institutions that a young person attends, the family that they come from, and the nation that they live in also shape their beliefs, thoughts, and actions. For many young people worldwide, their lives are characterized by poverty, with many working part-time to supplement their family incomes. For those who can afford to attend school, their educational workloads consume most of their time, leaving them with limited time for leisure.

Today's young spend more time with their peers, and studies have shown that they are the main influence on them, particularly with the trend towards smaller families and busier working parents. Parents, siblings, or teachers may also play a pivotal role in younger children's lives. For those who can afford it, music, handphones, and computers are increasingly engaging their attention.

SubQuestion No : 10

Q.10 Select the most appropriate meaning of the given word below.

Leisure

- Ans**
- 1. a thing that you can see or touch but that is not usually a living animal, plant, or person
 - 2. the time when you are not working or doing other duties
 - 3. to find information, a place, or an object, especially for the first time
 - 4. a place, especially including buildings, where a particular activity happens

Section : Part 1 General Odia

Comprehension:

“ଉତ୍କଳ କମଳା ବିଳାସ ଦୀର୍ଘକା
ମରାଳ ମାଳିନୀ ନୀଳାମ୍ବୁ ଚିଲିକା ।

“ଉତ୍କଳ କମଳା ବିଳାସ ଦୀର୍ଘକା
ମରାଳ ମାଳିନୀ ନୀଳାମ୍ବୁ ଚିଲିକା ।

ଉତ୍କଳର ତୁହି ଚାରୁ ଅଳଂକାର
ଉତ୍କଳ ଭୁବନେ ଶୋଭାର ଉତ୍ସାର ।

ସ୍ଵଭାବେ ଭାବୁକ ମାନସ ଉଲ୍ଲାସୀ

ଦିଗନ୍ତ ବିସ୍ତାରୀ ତୋର ବାରିରାଣି ।” (ରାଧାନାଥ)

SubQuestion No : 1

Q.1 ‘ଧନୀ’ ଶବ୍ଦର ବିପରୀତାର୍ଥବୋଧକ ଶବ୍ଦଟି କଣ?

Ans

1. ମଧ୍ୟବିତ

2. ଭିକାରୀ

3. ନିର୍ଧନୀ

4. ନିର୍ଧନ

Comprehension:

"ଉତ୍କଳ କମଳା ବିଳାସ ଦୀର୍ଘିକା
 ମରାଳ ମାଳିନୀ ନୀଳାମ୍ବୁ ଚିଲିକା ।
 "ଉତ୍କଳ କମଳା ବିଳାସ ଦୀର୍ଘିକା
 ମରାଳ ମାଳିନୀ ନୀଳାମ୍ବୁ ଚିଲିକା ।
 ଉତ୍କଳର ତୁହି ଚାରୁ ଅଳଂକାର
 ଉତ୍କଳ ଭୁବନେ ଶୋଭାର ଉତ୍ସାର ।
 ସ୍ଵଭାବେ ଭାବୁକ ମାନସ ଉଲ୍ଲାସୀ
 ବିଗନ୍ଧ ବିସ୍ଫାରୀ ଚୋର ବାରିରାଣୀ ।" (ରାଧାନାଥ)

SubQuestion No : 2

Q.2 ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଶବ୍ଦଦ୍ଵାରା ଶୂନ୍ୟସ୍ଥାନ ପୂରଣ କର-
 ଯାହା ସ୍ଥିର କରାଯାଇଛି ତାହା-----

- Ans** 1. ସ୍ଥିରୀକୃତ
 2. ଅସ୍ଥିର
 3. ଧୀରସ୍ଥିର
 4. ସ୍ଥିରକର

Comprehension:

"ଉତ୍କଳ କମଳା ବିଳାସ ଦୀର୍ଘିକା
 ମରାଳ ମାଳିନୀ ନୀଳାମ୍ବୁ ଚିଲିକା ।
 "ଉତ୍କଳ କମଳା ବିଳାସ ଦୀର୍ଘିକା
 ମରାଳ ମାଳିନୀ ନୀଳାମ୍ବୁ ଚିଲିକା ।
 ଉତ୍କଳର ତୁହି ଚାରୁ ଅଳଂକାର
 ଉତ୍କଳ ଭୁବନେ ଶୋଭାର ଉତ୍ସାର ।
 ସ୍ଵଭାବେ ଭାବୁକ ମାନସ ଉଲ୍ଲାସୀ
 ବିଗନ୍ଧ ବିସ୍ଫାରୀ ଚୋର ବାରିରାଣୀ ।" (ରାଧାନାଥ)

SubQuestion No : 3

Q.3 ନିମ୍ନୋକ୍ତ କେଉଁ ଶବ୍ଦଟି 'ଉନ୍ନତ' ଶବ୍ଦକୁ ବୁଝାଏ?

- Ans** 1. ମହାରାଜା
 2. ଦେବତା
 3. ଦେବରାଜ
 4. ସ୍ଵାମୀ

Comprehension:

“ଉତ୍କଳ କମଳା ବିଳାସ ଦୀର୍ଘିକା
ମରାଳ ମାଳିନୀ ନୀଳାମ୍ବୁ ଚିଲିକା ।
“ଉତ୍କଳ କମଳା ବିଳାସ ଦୀର୍ଘିକା
ମରାଳ ମାଳିନୀ ନୀଳାମ୍ବୁ ଚିଲିକା ।
ଉତ୍କଳର ତୁହି ଚାରୁ ଅଳଂକାର
ଉତ୍କଳ ଭୁବନେ ଶୋଭାର ଉତ୍ସାର ।
ସ୍ୱଭାବେ ଭାବୁକ ମାନସ ଉଲ୍ଲାସୀ
ବିଗଳ ବିସ୍ତାରୀ ତୋର ବାରିରାଣି ।” (ରାଧାନାଥ)

SubQuestion No : 4

Q.4 ଉପରୋକ୍ତ କବିତାଂଶରେ ‘ନୀଳାମ୍ବୁ’ ଶବ୍ଦର ଅର୍ଥ କଣ?

- Ans**
- 1. ନୀଳଶଙ୍ଖ
 - 2. ନୀଳଜଳ
 - 3. ନୀଳ ସମୁଦ୍ର
 - 4. ନୀଳପକ୍ଷୀ

Comprehension:

ସାଂସାରିକ ବାଧାବିଘ୍ନ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ନିଜତ୍ୱ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବା ସହଜ ନୁହେଁ । ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ସାମାଜିକ ରୀତିନୀତି ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରତିବନ୍ଧକ ସ୍ୱରୂପ ହୋଇଥାଏ । ପୂର୍ବକାଳରେ ଆମ ଦେଶରେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ଆଚରଣ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆ ହେଉଥିଲା, କିନ୍ତୁ ଆଜିକାଲି ସେପରି ଶିକ୍ଷାର ପ୍ରଚଳନ ନାହିଁ । ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ଗୋଟାଏ ସଂକୃତିତ ଅବସ୍ଥା ଆସିଗଲେ, ସେ ସହଜରେ ଆଉ ସେଥିରୁ ନିଷ୍ପତ୍ତି ପାଏ ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁମାନଙ୍କର ମାନସିକ ପ୍ରକୃତି ଚିକିତ୍ସା ଉଚ୍ଚବରରେ ଥାଏ, ସେହିମାନେ କୌଣସି କାରଣବଶତଃ ଏପରି ଅବସ୍ଥାର ଅଧୀନ ହେଲେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଦିନେ ସୁସମୟ ଆସି ଆତ୍ମଶକ୍ତିର ପରୀକ୍ଷା ଦେବା ପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଗୋଟିଏ ଭିନ୍ନ କର୍ମକ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ପ୍ରବେଶ କରାଏ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ନିଜର ପାରିବାରିକ ପରିସ୍ଥିତି ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଇଚ୍ଛାକୁପାରେ ଅନୁକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥାକୁ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ରଖି ଶକ୍ତି ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରିପାରେ ଓ ତଦ୍ୱାରା ତାର ଯେଉଁ ବିକାଶ ଜନ୍ମେ, ସେଥିରେ ନିଜତ୍ୱର ଯଥେଷ୍ଟ ପରିଚୟ ମିଳେ । ନିଜତ୍ୱ ରକ୍ଷା କରି ନ ପାରି ଅଧିକାଂଶ କେବଳ ଏକ ଧାରାବାହିକ କର୍ମପଦ୍ଧାର ଆଶ୍ରୟରେ ଜୀବନକୁ କଟାଇ ଦିଅନ୍ତି । ମନୁଷ୍ୟତ୍ୱର ଶ୍ରେଷ୍ଠ ନିଦର୍ଶନ ଏଥିରେ ନଥାଏ । ଜଗତରେ ଯେତେ ବିପ୍ଳୟକର ଓ ମହତ୍ୱ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସମ୍ପାଦିତ ହୋଇଛି, ସେଥିରେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ପ୍ରଭାବ ଅଛି । ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ନିଜକୁ ଛୋଟ ମନେ କରିବା ଉଚିତ ନୁହେଁ । ଅର୍ଥ କିମ୍ବା କ୍ଷମତାର ପ୍ରଭାବକୁ ଭୟ କରି ସେ ଯଦି ଶକ୍ତିବିକାଶର ପଥରୋଧ କରିଦିଏ, ତାହାହେଲେ ଜଗତରେ ତା ପାଇଁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ସ୍ଥାନ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁମାନେ ସର୍ବଦା ଦୀନ ହୀନ ଭାବରେ କାଳାତିପାତ କରନ୍ତି, ସେମାନଙ୍କର ପଥ ମଧ୍ୟ ସଂକୃତିତ ନୁହେଁ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ଦୃଢ଼ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ଜ୍ଞାନ ରହିବା ବାଞ୍ଛନୀୟ । ସାମାନ୍ୟ କର୍ମ ନିଷ୍ଠାର ସହିତ ସମ୍ପାଦନ କରି ଜଣେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ଉଚ୍ଚସ୍ଥାନର ଅଧିକାରୀ ହୋଇପାରେ । କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟଜ୍ଞାନରୁ ନିଜତ୍ୱର ପରାକାଷ୍ଠ୍ୟ ମିଳେ । କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟପରାୟଣତା ଗୃହୀ ସାଂସାରିକ ବିପଦର ସମମୁଖୀନ ହୋଇ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ନିଜତ୍ୱ ହରାଏ ନାହିଁ । ତାର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଗୋଟାଏ ଅବଲମ୍ବନକୁ ଆଶ୍ରୟ କରିଥାଏ । ଅବଲମ୍ବନ ନଥିଲେ ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ଗତି ସହଜ ହୁଏ ନାହିଁ ଓ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥିରତା ମଧ୍ୟ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ନିଜର ଆକାଂକ୍ଷା ଓ ରୁଚି ଅନୁଯାୟୀ ମନୁଷ୍ୟ ଅବଲମ୍ବନ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରେ । କେବଳ ଗୋଟିଏ ଗଢ଼ାଳିକା ପ୍ରବାହରେ ଭାସିଯିବା ଲୋକଙ୍କ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ସଂସାରରେ ଅନେକ ଦେଖାଯାଏ । ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ପ୍ରକୃତ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ବୋଲି କୁହାଯାଇ ନ ପାରେ । କୌଣସି ରୀତି କିମ୍ବା ପ୍ରଥାକୁ ଅନୁସରଣ କରି କାର୍ଯ୍ୟାନୁଷ୍ଠାନ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରାଯାଇପାରେ; କିନ୍ତୁ ସେଥିରେ ବିଶେଷତ୍ୱ ପ୍ରତି ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଦେବା ଉଚିତ । ଯାବତୀୟ କର୍ମ କରି ନିଜର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଆଡ଼କୁ ଅଗ୍ରସର ହେବା ପାଇଁ ଆବୌ ବାଧା ନାହିଁ । କର୍ମରେ ଅନୁପ୍ରାଣିତ ହୋଇ ନିଜତ୍ୱକୁ ଭୁଲିଯିବା ଦ୍ୱାରା ମନୁଷ୍ୟତ୍ୱର ଅବମାନନା ଘଟେ । ସୈନିକ ଯୁଦ୍ଧକ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ସେନାନାୟକର ଆଦେଶ ଅତି ଦୃଢ଼ ଭାବରେ ପାଳନ କରେ । ସେପରି କରିବା ତାର ପ୍ରଧାନ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ, କିନ୍ତୁ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଳନ ବେଳେ ଅବଲମ୍ବନର ଶକ୍ତି ତାକୁ ଯେପରି ପ୍ରଫୁଲ୍ଲ ରଖେ ଓ ସେ ଯେପରି ଅବମାନ ସାହସରେ ସଂଗ୍ରାମ କରେ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସେନାପତିଙ୍କର ଆଦେଶବାଣୀ ଶ୍ରବଣରେ ସମ୍ଭବପର ନୁହେଁ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ବୀର ପରି ଆଚରଣ କରିବା ଗୋଟିଏ ଧର୍ମ । ଭୟାକୁ ହେଲେ ତା ପାଇଁ ଜଗତରେ ଉଚ୍ଚସ୍ଥାନ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ପ୍ରଧାନ ଧର୍ମ ସଂସାର କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ନିଷ୍ଠାର ସହିତ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଳନ ।

SubQuestion No : 5**Q.5** ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ସଂକୃତିତ ଅବସ୍ଥା ଆସିଗଲେ କଣ ହୁଏ?

- Ans**
- 1. ସାମାଜିକ ରୀତିନୀତି ପ୍ରତିବନ୍ଧକ ସ୍ୱରୂପ ଦେଖା ଦେଇଥାଏ ।
 - 2. ସେ ସହଜରେ ଆଉ ସେଥିରୁ ନିଷ୍ପତ୍ତି ପାଏ ନାହିଁ ।
 - 3. ଉଚ୍ଚସ୍ଥାନର ଅଧିକାରୀ ହୋଇପାରେ ।
 - 4. ସାଂସାରିକ ବାଧାବିଘ୍ନ ଦେଖାଦିଏ ।

Comprehension:

ସାଂସାରିକ ବାଧାବିଗ୍ନ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ନିଜତ୍ୱ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବା ସହଜ ନୁହେଁ । ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ସାମାଜିକ ରୀତିନୀତି ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରତିବନ୍ଧକ ସ୍ୱରୂପ ହୋଇଥାଏ । ପୂର୍ବକାଳରେ ଆମ ଦେଶରେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ଆଚରଣ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆ ହେଉଥିଲା, କିନ୍ତୁ ଆଜିକାଲି ସେପରି ଶିକ୍ଷାର ପ୍ରଚଳନ ନାହିଁ । ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ଗୋଟାଏ ସଂକୃତିତ ଅବସ୍ଥା ଆସିଗଲେ, ସେ ସହଜରେ ଆଉ ସେଥିରୁ ନିଷ୍ପତ୍ତି ପାଏ ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁମାନଙ୍କର ମାନସିକ ପ୍ରକୃତି ଚିକିତ୍ସା ଉଚ୍ଚଦରରେ ଥାଏ, ସେହିମାନେ କୌଣସି କାରଣବଶତଃ ଏପରି ଅବସ୍ଥାର ଅଧୀନ ହେଲେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଦିନେ ସୁସମୟ ଆସି ଆତ୍ମଶକ୍ତିର ପରୀକ୍ଷା ଦେବା ପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଗୋଟିଏ ଭିନ୍ନ କର୍ମକ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ପ୍ରବେଶ କରାଏ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ନିଜର ପାରିବାରିକ ପରିସ୍ଥିତି ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଇଚ୍ଛାକୁସାରେ ଅନୁକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥାକୁ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ରଖି ଶକ୍ତି ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରିପାରେ ଓ ତଦ୍ୱାରା ତାର ଯେଉଁ ବିକାଶ ଜନ୍ମେ, ସେଥିରେ ନିଜତ୍ୱର ଯଥେଷ୍ଟ ପରିଚୟ ମିଳେ । ନିଜତ୍ୱ ରକ୍ଷା କରି ନ ପାରି ଅଧିକାଂଶ କେବଳ ଏକ ଧାରାବାହିକ କର୍ମପଦ୍ଧାର ଆଶ୍ରୟରେ ଜୀବନକୁ କଟାଇ ଦିଅନ୍ତି । ମନୁଷ୍ୟତ୍ୱର ଶ୍ରେଷ୍ଠ ନିଦର୍ଶନ ଏଥିରେ ନଥାଏ । ଜଗତରେ ଯେତେ ବିସ୍ମୟକର ଓ ମହତ୍ୱ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସମ୍ପାଦିତ ହୋଇଛି, ସେଥିରେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ପ୍ରଭାବ ଅଛି । ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ନିଜକୁ ଛୋଟ ମନେ କରିବା ଉଚିତ ନୁହେଁ । ଅର୍ଥ କିମ୍ବା କ୍ଷମତାର ପ୍ରଭାବକୁ ଭୟ କରି ସେ ଯଦି ଶକ୍ତିବିକାଶର ପଥରୋଧ କରିଦିଏ, ତାହାହେଲେ ଜଗତରେ ତା ପାଇଁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ସ୍ଥାନ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁମାନେ ସର୍ବଦା ଦୀନ ହୀନ ଭାବରେ କାଳାତିପାତ କରନ୍ତି, ସେମାନଙ୍କର ପଥ ମଧ୍ୟ ସଂକୃତିତ ନୁହେଁ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ଦୃଢ଼ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ଜ୍ଞାନ ରହିବା ବାଞ୍ଛନୀୟ । ସାମାନ୍ୟ କର୍ମ ନିଷ୍ଠାର ସହିତ ସମ୍ପାଦନ କରି ଜଣେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ଉଚ୍ଚସ୍ଥାନର ଅଧିକାରୀ ହୋଇପାରେ । କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟଜ୍ଞାନରୁ ନିଜତ୍ୱର ପରୀକ୍ଷା ମିଳେ । କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟପରାୟଣତା ଗୃହୀ ସାଂସାରିକ ବିପଦର ସମ୍ମୁଖୀନ ହୋଇ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ନିଜତ୍ୱ ହରାଏ ନାହିଁ । ତାର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଗୋଟାଏ ଅବଲମ୍ବନକୁ ଆଶ୍ରୟ କରିଥାଏ । ଅବଲମ୍ବନ ନଥିଲେ ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ଗତି ସହଜ ହୁଏ ନାହିଁ ଓ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥିରତା ମଧ୍ୟ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ନିଜର ଆକାଂକ୍ଷା ଓ ରୁଚି ଅନୁଯାୟୀ ମନୁଷ୍ୟ ଅବଲମ୍ବନ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରେ । କେବଳ ଗୋଟିଏ ଗଞ୍ଜାଳିକା ପ୍ରବାହରେ ଭାସିଯିବା ଲୋକଙ୍କ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ସଂସାରରେ ଅନେକ ଦେଖାଯାଏ । ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ପ୍ରକୃତ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ବୋଲି କୁହାଯାଇ ନ ପାରେ । କୌଣସି ରୀତି କିମ୍ବା ପ୍ରଥାକୁ ଅନୁସରଣ କରି କାର୍ଯ୍ୟାନୁଷ୍ଠାନ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରାଯାଇପାରେ; କିନ୍ତୁ ସେଥିରେ ବିଶେଷତ୍ୱ ପ୍ରତି ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଦେବା ଉଚିତ । ଯାବତୀୟ କର୍ମ କରି ନିଜର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଆଡ଼କୁ ଅଗ୍ରସର ହେବା ପାଇଁ ଆଦୌ ବାଧା ନାହିଁ । କର୍ମରେ ଅନୁପ୍ରାଣିତ ହୋଇ ନିଜତ୍ୱକୁ ଭୁଲିଯିବା ଦ୍ୱାରା ମନୁଷ୍ୟତ୍ୱର ଅବମାନନା ଘଟେ । ସୈନିକ ଯୁଦ୍ଧକ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ସେନାନାୟକର ଆଦେଶ ଅତି ଦୃଢ଼ ଭାବରେ ପାଳନ କରେ । ସେପରି କରିବା ତାର ପ୍ରଧାନ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ, କିନ୍ତୁ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଳନ ବେଳେ ଅବଲମ୍ବନର ଶକ୍ତି ତାକୁ ଯେପରି ପ୍ରଫୁଲ୍ଲ ରଖେ ଓ ସେ ଯେପରି ଅବମ୍ୟ ସାହସରେ ସଂଗ୍ରାମ କରେ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସେନାପତିଙ୍କର ଆଦେଶବାଣୀ ଶ୍ରବଣରେ ସମ୍ଭବପତ୍ର ନୁହେଁ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ବୀର ପରି ଆଚରଣ କରିବା ଗୋଟିଏ ଧର୍ମ । ଭୟାକୁ ହେଲେ ତା ପାଇଁ ଜଗତରେ ଉଚ୍ଚସ୍ଥାନ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ପ୍ରଧାନ ଧର୍ମ ସଂସାର କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ନିଷ୍ଠାର ସହିତ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଳନ ।

SubQuestion No : 6**Q.6** ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଅନୁଲେଖନର ଶୀର୍ଷକ କଣ ହେବ ଲେଖା?

- Ans**
- 1. ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ଅବସ୍ଥା
 - 2. ସଂସାରଚିତ୍ର
 - 3. ସାମାଜିକ ରୀତିନୀତି
 - 4. ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ଧର୍ମ

Comprehension:

ସାଂସାରିକ ବାଧାବିଗ୍ନ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ନିଜସ୍ୱ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବା ସହଜ ନୁହେଁ । ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ସାମାଜିକ ରୀତିନୀତି ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରତିବନ୍ଧକ ସ୍ୱରୂପ ହୋଇଥାଏ । ପୂର୍ବକାଳରେ ଆମ ଦେଶରେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ଆଚରଣ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆ ହେଉଥିଲା, କିନ୍ତୁ ଆଜିକାଲି ସେପରି ଶିକ୍ଷାର ପ୍ରଚଳନ ନାହିଁ । ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ଗୋଟାଏ ସଂକୃତିତ ଅବସ୍ଥା ଆସିଗଲେ, ସେ ସହଜରେ ଆଉ ସେଥିରୁ ନିଷ୍ପତ୍ତି ପାଏ ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁମାନଙ୍କର ମାନସିକ ପ୍ରକୃତି ଚିକିତ୍ସା ଉଚ୍ଚବରରେ ଥାଏ, ସେହିମାନେ କୌଣସି କାରଣବଶତଃ ଏପରି ଅବସ୍ଥାର ଅଧୀନ ହେଲେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଦିନେ ସୁସମୟ ଆସି ଆତ୍ମଶକ୍ତିର ପରୀକ୍ଷା ଦେବା ପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଗୋଟିଏ ଭିନ୍ନ କର୍ମକ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ପ୍ରବେଶ କରାଏ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ନିଜର ପାରିବାରିକ ପରିସ୍ଥିତି ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଇଚ୍ଛାନ୍ୱୟରେ ଅନୁକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥାକୁ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ରଖି ଶକ୍ତି ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରିପାରେ ଓ ତଦ୍ୱାରା ତାର ଯେଉଁ ବିକାଶ ଜନ୍ମେ, ସେଥିରେ ନିଜସ୍ୱର ଯଥେଷ୍ଟ ପରିଚୟ ମିଳେ । ନିଜସ୍ୱ ରକ୍ଷା କରି ନ ପାରି ଅଧିକାଂଶ କେବଳ ଏକ ଧାରାବାହିକ କର୍ମପଦ୍ଧାର ଆଶ୍ରୟରେ ଜୀବନକୁ କଟାଇ ଦିଅନ୍ତି । ମନୁଷ୍ୟସ୍ୱର ଶ୍ରେଷ୍ଠ ନିବର୍ତ୍ତନ ଏଥିରେ ନଥାଏ । ଜଗତରେ ଯେତେ ବିପ୍ଳୟକର ଓ ମହତ୍ତ୍ୱ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସମ୍ପାଦିତ ହୋଇଛି, ସେଥିରେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ପ୍ରଭାବ ଅଛି । ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ନିଜକୁ ଛୋଟ ମନେ କରିବା ଉଚିତ ନୁହେଁ । ଅର୍ଥ କିମ୍ବା କ୍ଷମତାର ପ୍ରଭାବକୁ ଭୟ କରି ସେ ଯଦି ଶକ୍ତିବିକାଶର ପଥରୋଧ କରିଦିଏ, ତାହାହେଲେ ଜଗତରେ ତା ପାଇଁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ସ୍ଥାନ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁମାନେ ସର୍ବଦା ଦୀନ ହୀନ ଭାବରେ କାଳାତିପାତ କରନ୍ତି, ସେମାନଙ୍କର ପଥ ମଧ୍ୟ ସଂକୃତିତ ନୁହେଁ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ଦୃଢ଼ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ଜ୍ଞାନ ରହିବା ବାଞ୍ଛନୀୟ । ସାମାନ୍ୟ କର୍ମ ନିଷ୍ଠାର ସହିତ ସମ୍ପାଦନ କରି ଜଣେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ଉଚ୍ଚସ୍ଥାନର ଅଧିକାରୀ ହୋଇପାରେ । କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟଜ୍ଞାନରୁ ନିଜସ୍ୱର ପରାକାଷ୍ଠ୍ୟ ମିଳେ । କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟପରାୟଣତା ଗୃହୀ ସାଂସାରିକ ବିପଦର ସମ୍ମୁଖୀନ ହୋଇ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ନିଜସ୍ୱ ହରାଏ ନାହିଁ । ତାର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଗୋଟାଏ ଅବଲମ୍ବନକୁ ଆଶ୍ରୟ କରିଥାଏ । ଅବଲମ୍ବନ ନଥିଲେ ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ଗତି ସହଜ ହୁଏ ନାହିଁ ଓ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥିରତା ମଧ୍ୟ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ନିଜର ଆକାଂକ୍ଷା ଓ ରୁଚି ଅନୁଯାୟୀ ମନୁଷ୍ୟ ଅବଲମ୍ବନ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରେ । କେବଳ ଗୋଟିଏ ଗଞ୍ଜାଳିକା ପ୍ରବାହରେ ଭାସିଯିବା ଲୋକଙ୍କ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ସଂସାରରେ ଅନେକ ଦେଖାଯାଏ । ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ପ୍ରକୃତ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ବୋଲି କୁହାଯାଇ ନ ପାରେ । କୌଣସି ରୀତି କିମ୍ବା ପ୍ରଥାକୁ ଅନୁସରଣ କରି କାନ୍ଦୁଆନୁଷ୍ଠାନ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରାଯାଇପାରେ; କିନ୍ତୁ ସେଥିରେ ବିଶେଷତ୍ୱ ପ୍ରତି ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଦେବା ଉଚିତ । ଯାବତୀୟ କର୍ମ କରି ନିଜର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଆଡ଼କୁ ଅଗ୍ରସର ହେବା ପାଇଁ ଆଦୌ ବାଧା ନାହିଁ । କର୍ମରେ ଅନୁପ୍ରାଣିତ ହୋଇ ନିଜସ୍ୱକୁ ଭୁଲିଯିବା ଦ୍ୱାରା ମନୁଷ୍ୟସ୍ୱର ଅବମାନନା ଘଟେ । ସୈନିକ ଯୁଦ୍ଧକ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ସେନାନାୟକର ଆଦେଶ ଅତି ଦୃଢ଼ ଭାବରେ ପାଳନ କରେ । ସେପରି କରିବା ତାର ପ୍ରଧାନ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ, କିନ୍ତୁ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଳନ ବେଳେ ଅବଲମ୍ବନର ଶକ୍ତି ତାକୁ ଯେପରି ପ୍ରଫୁଲ୍ଲ ରଖେ ଓ ସେ ଯେପରି ଅବମ୍ୟ ସାହସରେ ସଂଗ୍ରାମ କରେ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସେନାପତିଙ୍କର ଆଦେଶବାଣୀ ଶ୍ରବଣରେ ସମ୍ଭବପତ୍ର ନୁହେଁ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ବୀର ପରି ଆଚରଣ କରିବା ଗୋଟିଏ ଧର୍ମ । ଭୟାକୁ ହେଲେ ତା ପାଇଁ ଜଗତରେ ଉଚ୍ଚସ୍ଥାନ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ପ୍ରଧାନ ଧର୍ମ ସଂସାର କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ନିଷ୍ଠାର ସହିତ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଳନ ।

SubQuestion No : 7

Q.7 ମନୁଷ୍ୟସ୍ୱର ଶ୍ରେଷ୍ଠ ନିବର୍ତ୍ତନ କେଉଁଥିରେ ନ ଥାଏ?

- Ans**
- 1. କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଳନ କରିବାରେ ।
 - 2. ପ୍ରଥାକୁ ଅନୁସରଣ କରିବାରେ ।
 - 3. ଧାରାବାହିକ କର୍ମପଦ୍ଧାକୁ ଆଶ୍ରୟ କରି ଜୀବନକୁ କଟାଇବାରେ ।
 - 4. ଦୀନହୀନ ଭାବରେ କାଳାତିପାତ କରିବାରେ ।



Comprehension:

ସାଂସାରିକ ବାଧାବିଗ୍ନ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ନିଜସ୍ୱ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବା ସହଜ ନୁହେଁ । ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ସାମାଜିକ ରୀତିନୀତି ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରତିବନ୍ଧକ ସ୍ୱରୂପ ହୋଇଥାଏ । ପୂର୍ବକାଳରେ ଆମ ଦେଶରେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ଆଚରଣ ସମ୍ପର୍କରେ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆ ହେଉଥିଲା, କିନ୍ତୁ ଆଜିକାଲି ସେପରି ଶିକ୍ଷାର ପ୍ରଚଳନ ନାହିଁ । ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ଗୋଟାଏ ସଂକୃତିତ ଅବସ୍ଥା ଆସିଗଲେ, ସେ ସହଜରେ ଆଉ ସେଥିରୁ ନିଷ୍ପତ୍ତି ପାଏ ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁମାନଙ୍କର ମାନସିକ ପ୍ରବୃତ୍ତି ଚିକିତ୍ସା ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଥାଏ, ସେହିମାନେ କୌଣସି କାରଣବଶତଃ ଏପରି ଅବସ୍ଥାର ଅଧୀନ ହେଲେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଦିନେ ସୁସମୟ ଆସି ଆତ୍ମଶକ୍ତିର ପରୀକ୍ଷା ଦେବା ପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଗୋଟିଏ ଭିନ୍ନ କର୍ମକ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ପ୍ରବେଶ କରାଏ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ନିଜର ପାରିବାରିକ ପରିସ୍ଥିତି ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଇଚ୍ଛାସ୍ତ୍ରୀୟରେ ଅନୁକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥାକୁ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ରଖି ଶକ୍ତି ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରିପାରେ ଓ ତଦ୍ୱାରା ତାର ଯେଉଁ ବିକାଶ ଜନ୍ମେ, ସେଥିରେ ନିଜସ୍ୱର ଯଥେଷ୍ଟ ପରିଚୟ ମିଳେ । ନିଜସ୍ୱ ରକ୍ଷା କରି ନ ପାରି ଅଧିକାଂଶ କେବଳ ଏକ ଧାରାବାହିକ କର୍ମପଦ୍ଧାର ଆଶ୍ରୟରେ ଜୀବନକୁ କଟାଇ ଦିଅନ୍ତି । ମନୁଷ୍ୟତ୍ୱର ଶ୍ରେଷ୍ଠ ନିବର୍ତ୍ତନ ଏଥିରେ ନଥାଏ । ଜଗତରେ ଯେତେ ବିପ୍ଳୟକର ଓ ମହତ୍ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସମ୍ପାଦିତ ହୋଇଛି, ସେଥିରେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ପ୍ରଭାବ ଅଛି । ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ନିଜକୁ ଛୋଟ ମନେ କରିବା ଉଚିତ ନୁହେଁ । ଅର୍ଥ କିମ୍ବା କ୍ଷମତାର ପ୍ରଭାବକୁ ଭୟ କରି ସେ ଯଦି ଶକ୍ତିବିକାଶର ପଥରୋଧ କରିଦିଏ, ତାହାହେଲେ ଜଗତରେ ତା ପାଇଁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ସ୍ଥାନ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁମାନେ ସର୍ବଦା ଦୀନ ହୀନ ଭାବରେ କାଳାତିପାତ କରନ୍ତି, ସେମାନଙ୍କର ପଥ ମଧ୍ୟ ସଂକୃତିତ ନୁହେଁ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ଦୃଢ଼ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ଜ୍ଞାନ ରହିବା ବାଞ୍ଛନୀୟ । ସାମାନ୍ୟ କର୍ମ ନିଷ୍ଠାର ସହିତ ସମ୍ପାଦନ କରି ଜଣେ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ଉଚ୍ଚସ୍ଥାନର ଅଧିକାରୀ ହୋଇପାରେ । କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟଜ୍ଞାନରୁ ନିଜସ୍ୱର ପରାକାଷ୍ଠ୍ୟ ମିଳେ । କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟପରାୟଣତା ଗୃହୀ ସାଂସାରିକ ବିପଦର ସମମୁଖୀନ ହୋଇ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ନିଜକୁ ହରାଏ ନାହିଁ । ତାର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଗୋଟାଏ ଅବଲମ୍ବନକୁ ଆଶ୍ରୟ କରିଥାଏ । ଅବଲମ୍ବନ ନଥିଲେ ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ଗତି ସହଜ ହୁଏ ନାହିଁ ଓ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥିରତା ମଧ୍ୟ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ନିଜର ଆକାଂକ୍ଷା ଓ ରୁଚି ଅନୁଯାୟୀ ମନୁଷ୍ୟ ଅବଲମ୍ବନ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରେ । କେବଳ ଗୋଟିଏ ଗଞ୍ଜାଳିକା ପ୍ରବାହରେ ଭାସିଯିବା ଲୋକଙ୍କ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ସଂସାରରେ ଅନେକ ଦେଖାଯାଏ । ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ପ୍ରକୃତ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ବୋଲି କୁହାଯାଇ ନ ପାରେ । କୌଣସି ରୀତି କିମ୍ବା ପ୍ରଥାକୁ ଅନୁସରଣ କରି କାର୍ଯ୍ୟାନୁଷ୍ଠାନ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରାଯାଇପାରେ; କିନ୍ତୁ ସେଥିରେ ବିଶେଷତ୍ୱ ପ୍ରତି ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଦେବା ଉଚିତ । ଯାବତୀୟ କର୍ମ କରି ନିଜର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଆଡ଼କୁ ଅଗ୍ରସର ହେବା ପାଇଁ ଆବୌ ବାଧା ନାହିଁ । କର୍ମରେ ଅନୁପ୍ରାଣିତ ହୋଇ ନିଜସ୍ୱକୁ ଭୁଲିଯିବା ଦ୍ୱାରା ମନୁଷ୍ୟତ୍ୱର ଅବମାନନା ଘଟେ । ସୈନିକ କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ସେନାନାୟକର ଆଦେଶ ଅତି ଦୃଢ଼ ଭାବରେ ପାଳନ କରେ । ସେପରି କରିବା ତାର ପ୍ରଧାନ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ, କିନ୍ତୁ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଳନ ବେଳେ ଅବଲମ୍ବନର ଶକ୍ତି ତାକୁ ଯେପରି ପ୍ରଫୁଲ୍ଲ ରଖେ ଓ ସେ ଯେପରି ଅବମାନ ସାହସରେ ସଂଗ୍ରାମ କରେ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସେନାପତିଙ୍କର ଆଦେଶବାଣୀ ଶ୍ରବଣରେ ସମ୍ଭବପତ୍ର ନୁହେଁ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ବୀର ପରି ଆଚରଣ କରିବା ଗୋଟିଏ ଧର୍ମ । ଭୟାକୁ ହେଲେ ତା ପାଇଁ ଜଗତରେ ଉଚ୍ଚସ୍ଥାନ ରହେ ନାହିଁ । ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ପ୍ରଧାନ ଧର୍ମ ସଂସାର କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ନିଷ୍ଠାର ସହିତ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଳନ ।

SubQuestion No : 8

Q.8 କେଉଁ ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ସଂସାରରେ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ସ୍ଥାନ ନାହିଁ?

- Ans**
- 1. ଯେଉଁ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ନିଜକୁ ବଡ଼ ମନେ କରି, ଅର୍ଥ ଓ କ୍ଷମତା ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ବିକାଶର କରନ୍ତି, ତା ପାଇଁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ସ୍ଥାନ ନାହିଁ ।
 - 2. ଯେଉଁ ଗୃହସ୍ଥ ନିଜକୁ ଛୋଟ ମନେ କରିବା ସହିତ ଅର୍ଥ କିମ୍ବା କ୍ଷମତାର ପ୍ରଭାବକୁ ଭୟ କରି ବିକାଶର ପଥରୋଧ କରନ୍ତି, ତା ପାଇଁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ସ୍ଥାନ ନାହିଁ ।
 - 3. ଯିଏ ଅନୁକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥାକୁ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ରଖି ଶକ୍ତି ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରିପାରେ, ତା ପାଇଁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ସ୍ଥାନ ନାହିଁ ।
 - 4. ଯିଏ କର୍ମରେ ଅନୁପ୍ରାଣିତ ହୋଇ ନିଜସ୍ୱକୁ ଭୁଲିଯାଏ, ତା ପାଇଁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ସ୍ଥାନ ନାହିଁ ।

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
Stai
Chosen Opti

Q.9 ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ପ୍ରଧାନ ଧର୍ମ କ'ଣ?

- Ans**
- 1. ଆବଶ୍ୟକ ସ୍ଥଳେ ଭୟ କରିବା
 - 2. କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ବିମୁଖ ହେବା
 - 3. ସଂସାରରେ ରହି ନିଷ୍ଠାର ସହିତ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଳନ କରିବା ।
 - 4. କର୍ମରେ ଅନୁପ୍ରାଣିତ ହୋଇ ନିଜସ୍ୱକୁ ଭୁଲିଯିବା ।

Q.10 ଆଜି ବେଉଁ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ପ୍ରଚଳନ ନାହିଁ?

- Ans
- 1. ଶାରୀରିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା
 - 2. ଗୃହସ୍ଥର ଆଚରଣମୂଳକ ଶିକ୍ଷା
 - 3. ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଶିକ୍ଷା
 - 4. ମାନସିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
Stat
Chosen Opti

Section : Part 1 General Knowledge and Current Affairs

Q.1 COP27: 27th annual UN meeting on climate was held in which country?

- Ans
- 1. Egypt
 - 2. Canada
 - 3. Japan
 - 4. India

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
Stat
Chosen Opti

Q.2 Which among the following is a feature of Public Bill?

- Ans
- 1. Its drafting is the responsibility of the member concerned
 - 2. It reflects the stand of opposition party on public matter
 - 3. It is introduced by a minister only in parliament
 - 4. Its introduction requires one month's notice in the House

Q.3 Who is the new Prime Minister of Sweden based on available information as of October 2022?

- Ans**
- 1. Joe Biden
 - 2. Ulf Kristersson
 - 3. Vladmir Putin
 - 4. Volodymyr Zelenskyy

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
Sta
Chosen Op

Q.4 'Nutrition at Doorsteps' program launched in Odisha, aims at which among following social cause?

- Ans**
- 1. To launch a flagship program to empower girls and ladies of the state
 - 2. To provide free fruits and vegetables to each household in the state
 - 3. To address malnutrition and anemia in Swabhiman Anchal
 - 4. To provide mothers and new born babies with complete nutritional care in the state

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
Sta
Chosen Op

Q.5 The National Highways Authority of India (NHAI) was operationalized in which of the following year?

- Ans**
- 1. 1999
 - 2. 1993
 - 3. 1991
 - 4. 1995

Q.6 The missionaries prepared the Odia letters and printed the first Odia Bible in which of the following year?

- Ans
- 1. 1806
 - 2. 1805
 - 3. 1804
 - 4. 1803

Question ID
Option 1 ID
Option 2 ID
Option 3 ID
Option 4 ID
Status
Chosen Option

Q.7 Drought Prone Area Programme was initiated during which of the Five-Year Plan?

- Ans
- 1. Fifth Five-Year Plan
 - 2. Fourth Five-Year Plan
 - 3. Second Five-Year Plan
 - 4. Third Five-Year Plan

Question ID
Option 1 ID
Option 2 ID
Option 3 ID
Option 4 ID
Status
Chosen Option

Q.8 In which of the following years did the Jallianwala Bagh massacre take place?

- Ans
- 1. 1919
 - 2. 1923
 - 3. 1921
 - 4. 1922

Q.9 What is the normal systolic blood pressure in human beings?

- Ans**
- 1. 110 mm of Hg
 - 2. 120 mm of Hg
 - 3. 90 mm of Hg
 - 4. 80 mm of Hg

Question
Option
Option
Option
Option
St
Chosen Op

Q.10 As per Koeppen classification of climates, what type of climate does "BWk" represents?

- Ans**
- 1. Mediterranean
 - 2. Mid-latitude deserts
 - 3. Tundra
 - 4. Tropical wet and dry

Question
Option
Option
Option
Option
St
Chosen Op

Section : Part 1 Reasoning Ability

Q.1 How is the wife of Shivam's maternal grandmother's only son-in-law related to Shivam?

- Ans**
- 1. Mother
 - 2. Father
 - 3. Aunt
 - 4. Uncle

Q.2 W means '+', X means '-', Y means '×' and Z means '+', then

$$5 Y 4 W 3 X 20 Z 5 = ?$$

- Ans
- 1. 17
 - 2. 19
 - 3. 18
 - 4. 20

Questi
Option
Option
Option
Option
Option
S
Chosen C

Q.3 What will come in the place of question mark (as per mineral and their symbols)?

Iron: Fe::Tungsten: ?

- Ans
- 1. V
 - 2. H
 - 3. C
 - 4. W

Questi
Option
Option
Option
Option
Option
S
Chosen C

Q.4 Read the given statement(s) and conclusions carefully. Assuming that the information given in the statements is true, even if it appears to be at variance with commonly known facts, decide which of the given conclusions logically follow(s) from the statement(s).

Statement:

Some deserts are sweet

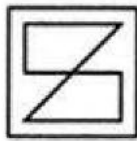
Some sweet are walnuts

Conclusion:

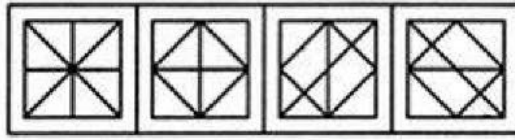
1. All walnuts are either sweet or deserts
2. Some walnuts are sweet

- Ans
- 1. Only conclusion 1 follows
 - 2. Only conclusion 2 follows
 - 3. Neither 1 nor 2 follows
 - 4. Both 1 and 2 follow

Q.5 Which of the following four options embeds the original figure X?



(X)



(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Ans ✓ 1. 1

✗ 2. 2

✗ 3. 4

✗ 4. 3

Question ID
Option 1 ID
Option 2 ID
Option 3 ID
Option 4 ID
Status
Chosen Option

Q.6 Which will replace the question mark in the given series?

AA, EC, IE, OG, ??

Ans ✗ 1. OP

✗ 2. IU

✗ 3. PO

✓ 4. UI

Question ID
Option 1 ID
Option 2 ID
Option 3 ID
Option 4 ID
Status
Chosen Option

Q.7 The rank of Rajiv is 10th from the top and 25 from the bottom in a group then how many boys were there in that group?

Ans ✗ 1. 32

✗ 2. 33

✗ 3. 35

✓ 4. 34

Q.8 What will come in the place of question mark to make it logically complete?

8, 15, 29, 57, ?

- Ans**
- 1. 145
 - 2. 123
 - 3. 113
 - 4. 128

Quest
Optio
Optio
Optio
Optio
Chosen C

Q.9 Five friends namely Pramod, Keval, Ritesh, Saurabh and Tarun are sitting in a line facing West. Pramod and Keval are sitting together. Ritesh is sitting at the south end and Saurabh is sitting at the North end. Tarun is sitting between Keval and Ritesh. Who is sitting between Saurabh and Keval?

- Ans**
- 1. Ritesh
 - 2. Pramod
 - 3. Saurabh
 - 4. Keval

Quest
Optio
Optio
Optio
Optio
Chosen C

Q.10 If RUST becomes SVTU and TUSK becomes UVTL. What SOFT will become in the same manner?

- Ans**
- 1. TPGU
 - 2. TUPG
 - 3. PUTG
 - 4. TGPU

Q.1 What does "RGB" stand for in display properties settings?

- Ans
- 1. Random Graphics Box
 - 2. Real-time Graphics Boost
 - 3. Resolution for Games and Browsing
 - 4. Red, Green, Blue

Ques
Optic
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Optic
Chosen

Q.2 What is the term for the practice of sharing information, ideas, and opinions on the internet?

- Ans
- 1. Teli-communication
 - 2. Social networking
 - 3. Internet shopping
 - 4. Skydiving

Ques
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Optic
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Optic
Chosen

Q.3 How does ICT benefit Railway Reservation services in e-Governance?

- Ans
- 1. By simplifying ticket booking and improving access
 - 2. By reducing the number of available trains
 - 3. By making reservation processes manual and time-consuming
 - 4. By increasing ticket prices

Q.4 Which type of computer memory is volatile and loses its data when the computer is powered off?

- Ans**
- 1. HDD
 - 2. ROM
 - 3. CPU Cache
 - 4. RAM

Question II
Option 1 II
Option 2 II
Option 3 II
Option 4 II
Statu
Chosen Optio

Q.5 The first computer mouse was invented by:

- Ans**
- 1. Charles Babbage
 - 2. Steve Jobs
 - 3. Tim Berners-Lee
 - 4. Douglas Engelbart

Question II
Option 1 II
Option 2 II
Option 3 II
Option 4 II
Statu
Chosen Optio

Section : Part 1 Child Development Learning Curriculum and Assessment

Q.1 Which approach primarily positions the teacher as the main source of knowledge and authority in the classroom?

- Ans**
- 1. Donor-centered
 - 2. Admin-centered
 - 3. Learner-centered
 - 4. Teacher-centered

Q.2 During early adolescence, which physical change is commonly observed?

- Ans
- 1. Decreased appetite
 - 2. Lowered voice in females
 - 3. Growth spurt
 - 4. Reduced sleep requirement

Question
Option
Option
Option
Option
S
Chosen O

Q.3 Which classroom environment promotes active learning?

- Ans
- 1. Teacher-centered with lecture style
 - 2. Student-centered with group activities
 - 3. A silent room with no interaction
 - 4. Dim lighting with no visual aids

Question
Option
Option
Option
Option
S
Chosen O

Q.4 ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ସକାରାତ୍ମକ ସ୍ତୁତୀକରଣର ଉଦାହରଣ ଅଟେ?

- Ans
- 1. ଭଲ କାମ ପାଇଁ ଜଣେ ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କୁ ଏକ ସ୍ୱର୍ଣ୍ଣ ତାରକା ପୁରସ୍କାର ଦେବା
 - 2. ଖରାପ ଆଚରଣ ପାଇଁ ଏକ ବିଶେଷାଧିକାର ଛଡ଼ାଇନେବା
 - 3. କଥାବାର୍ତ୍ତା କରୁଥିବାରୁ କୌଣସି ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀକୁ ଶ୍ରେଣୀଗୃହରୁ ବାହାରକୁ ପଠାଇଦେବା
 - 4. ଅଂଶଗ୍ରହଣ ନକରିଥିବା ପାଇଁ ଅତିରିକ୍ତ ହୋମୱର୍କ ଦେବା

Q.5 What is the primary purpose of formulating instructional objectives in curriculum development?

- Ans**
- 1. To determine grading systems
 - 2. To select textbooks
 - 3. To guide the selection of content
 - 4. To mandate teaching methodologies

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
Sta
Chosen Op

Q.6 When a child sees another child get praised for good behavior and decides to behave similarly, this is an example of learning through:

- Ans**
- 1. Observation
 - 2. Experience
 - 3. Trial and error
 - 4. Imitation

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
Sta
Chosen Op

Q.7 Which of the following approaches emphasizes passive absorption of information by the learners?

- Ans**
- 1. Constructivist approach
 - 2. Direct instruction
 - 3. Collaborative learning
 - 4. Problem-based learning

Q.8 How can technology be leveraged in an inclusive classroom?

- Ans
- 1. To replace teachers
 - 2. To segregate students based on ability
 - 3. To discourage collaborative learning
 - 4. To provide assistive tools

Question
Option
Option
Option
Option
S
Chosen O

Q.9 Special education primarily focuses on:

- Ans
- 1. Educating everyone together without differentiation.
 - 2. Providing education in separate facilities for students with disabilities.
 - 3. Integrating students with disabilities into regular classrooms.
 - 4. Using adaptive technologies in classrooms.

Question
Option
Option
Option
Option
S
Chosen O

Q.10 Which principle of curriculum construction emphasizes that the curriculum should provide opportunities for the all-round development of the individual?

- Ans
- 1. Flexibility
 - 2. Continuity
 - 3. Utility
 - 4. Child-centeredness

Q.11 ଯଦି ମାତାପିତାଙ୍କୁ ସେମାନଙ୍କ ପିଲାମାନଙ୍କ ବିକାଶ ବିକଳ ହେଉଛି ବୋଲି ସନ୍ଦେହ ହେଉଥାଏ, ତେବେ ସେମାନେ କେଉଁ ପେସାଦାରଙ୍କ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ ନେବା ଉଚିତ?

Ans ✗ 1.

ବିକାଶାତ୍ମକ ଫିଜିଓଥେରାପିଷ୍ଟ (Developmental Physiotherapist)

✗ 2. ବିକାଶାତ୍ମକ ଧାଳି (Developmental midwife)

✓ 3.

ବିକାଶାତ୍ମକ ଶିଶୁ ରୋଗ ବିଶେଷଜ୍ଞ (Developmental Paediatrician)

✗ 4. ବିକାଶାତ୍ମକ ଶଲ୍ୟ ଚିକିତ୍ସକ (Developmental Surgeon)

Quest
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Q.12 ମିଳିତ ଜାତିସଂଘର ଶିଶୁ ଅଧିକାର ସମ୍ମିଳନୀ (CRC) ଅନୁଯାୟୀ, ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟିକୁ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଶିଶୁଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ଏକ ମୌଳିକ ଅଧିକାର ଭାବରେ ମାନ୍ୟତା ମିଳିନାହିଁ?

Ans ✗ 1. ସ୍ୱାସ୍ଥ୍ୟ ଅଧିକାର

✓ 2. ଧର୍ମ ପାଳନ କରିବାର ଅଧିକାର

✗ 3. ଶିକ୍ଷା ଅଧିକାର

✗ 4. ଖେଳିବାର ଅଧିକାର

Quest
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Q.13 Which of the following conditions is essential for the readiness of an individual to learn a specific skill or concept?

Ans ✓ 1. Maturation

✗ 2. Fatigue

✗ 3. Reinforcement

✗ 4. Tasks

Q.14 A teacher who emphasizes on neatness, proper spacing, and highlighting main points is focusing on which skill?

- Ans**
- 1. Questioning Skills
 - 2. Communication Skills
 - 3. Evaluation Skills
 - 4. Blackboard Writing Skills

Ques
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Optik
Chosen

Q.15 ପ୍ରାରମ୍ଭିକ କିଶୋରାବସ୍ଥାରେ ଭାବନାତ୍ମକ ବିକାଶର ପ୍ରମୁଖ ବିଶେଷତା ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଅଟେ?

- Ans**
- 1. ଅଣ-ସମ୍ବେଦନଶୀଳ ଏବଂ ଉତ୍ତେଜନା ପ୍ରବଣ
 - 2. ଭାବପ୍ରବଣ ନିବେଦନ ପ୍ରତି ସମ୍ବେଦନଶୀଳ ନୁହେଁ
 - 3. ସହଜରେ ଠକା ଯାଇ ପାରିବ
 - 4. ଭାବନାତ୍ମକ ଭାବରେ ପୂର୍ବାନୁମାନ ଯୋଗ୍ୟ

Ques
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Optik
Optik
Chosen

Section : Part II Subject Contents

Q.1 What is the value of $(k + \frac{1}{k})(k - \frac{1}{k})(k^2 + \frac{1}{k^2})(k^4 + \frac{1}{k^4})(\frac{k^{16}+1}{k^8})(\frac{k^{32}+1}{k^{16}})$?

- Ans**
- 1. $(k^{32} + \frac{1}{k^{32}})$
 - 2. $(k^{64} - \frac{1}{k^{64}})$
 - 3. $(k^{64} + \frac{1}{k^{64}})$
 - 4. $(k^{32} - \frac{1}{k^{32}})$

Q.2 The compound interest (compounding half yearly) received on Rs. 14000 for 2 years is Rs. 15030.4. What is the rate of interest per annum?

- Ans**
- 1. 35 percent
 - 2. 20 percent
 - 3. 40 percent
 - 4. 25 percent

Quest
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Chosen C

Q.3 If $p(x) = 3x + 2$, then what is the zero of the polynomial $p(x)$?

- Ans**
- 1. $x = -2$
 - 2. $x = \frac{2}{3}$
 - 3. $x = -\frac{2}{3}$
 - 4. $x = 2$

Quest
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Chosen C

Q.4 The Sum of a rational and an irrational number is always a _____

- Ans**
- 1. integer
 - 2. natural number
 - 3. irrational number
 - 4. rational number

Quest

Q.5 Which is that smallest three digit number which when decreased by 5 becomes divisible by both 4 and 5?

- Ans**
- 1. 105
 - 2. 135
 - 3. 115
 - 4. 125

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
Sta
Chosen Opt

Q.6 ଏକ ଚତୁର୍ଭୁଜର ଗୋଟିଏ କର୍ଣ୍ଣର ଦୈର୍ଘ୍ୟ 22 cm ଅଟେ । ଅନ୍ୟ ଦୁଇଟି କର୍ଣ୍ଣ ବିଷ୍ଣୁ ଏହି କର୍ଣ୍ଣ ପ୍ରତି ଅକାନ୍ଧାଭାବେ ଲମ୍ବର ଦୈର୍ଘ୍ୟ ଯଥାକ୍ରମେ 8 cm ଏବଂ 12 cm ଅଟେ । ଚତୁର୍ଭୁଜର କ୍ଷେତ୍ରଫଳ କେତେ ?

- Ans**
- 1. 110 cm^2
 - 2. 160 cm^2
 - 3. 220 cm^2
 - 4. 250 cm^2

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
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Q.7 W ର ଆୟ Z ର ଆୟର 170 ପ୍ରତିଶତ ଏବଂ W ର ଖର୍ଚ୍ଚ Z ର ଖର୍ଚ୍ଚର 70 ପ୍ରତିଶତ ଅଟେ । ଯଦି Z ତାଙ୍କ ଆୟର 30 ପ୍ରତିଶତ ସଞ୍ଚୟ କରନ୍ତି, ତେବେ W ତାଙ୍କ ନିଜ ଆୟର କେତେ ପ୍ରତିଶତ ସଞ୍ଚୟ କରିବେ ?

- Ans**
- 1. 73.62 ପ୍ରତିଶତ
 - 2. 70.26 ପ୍ରତିଶତ
 - 3. 72.15 ପ୍ରତିଶତ
 - 4. 71.18 ପ୍ରତିଶତ

Q.8 ରଘୁସୁର ଗୋଟିଏ କର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଅନ୍ୟ କର୍ଣ୍ଣର 60 ପ୍ରତିଶତ ଅଟେ । ରଘୁସୁର କ୍ଷେତ୍ରଫଳ ସହିତ ବୃହତ କର୍ଣ୍ଣର ଦୈର୍ଘ୍ୟର ବର୍ଗର ଅନୁପାତ କେତେ?

- Ans
- 1. 4 : 11
 - 2. 2 : 9
 - 3. 3 : 10
 - 4. 5 : 7

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Q.9 If $2^n = \sqrt{256}$, then what is the value of n?

- Ans
- 1. 5
 - 2. 3
 - 3. 4
 - 4. 8

Que
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Q.10 What is the value of $\frac{\sqrt{80}-\sqrt{112}}{\sqrt{45}-\sqrt{63}}$?

- Ans
- 1. $1\frac{1}{3}$
 - 2. $1\frac{7}{9}$
 - 3. $\frac{3}{4}$
 - 4. $1\frac{3}{4}$

Q.11 In triangle ABC, $AB = AC$. If $\angle BAC = 40$ degrees, then what is the value of $\angle ABC$?

- Ans**
- 1. 80 degrees
 - 2. 70 degrees
 - 3. 60 degrees
 - 4. 65 degrees

Question
Option
Option
Option
Option
S
Chosen O

Q.12 The angles of a triangle are $(2x - 1)$ degrees, $3x$ degrees and $(4x + 10)$ degrees, then what is the value of x ?

- Ans**
- 1. 19
 - 2. 15
 - 3. 16
 - 4. 17

Question
Option
Option
Option
Option
S
Chosen O

Q.13 Which of the following is a scalar quantity?

- Ans**
- 1. Acceleration
 - 2. Force
 - 3. Speed
 - 4. Velocity

Q.14 What is the balanced chemical equation for the reaction between hydrogen and oxygen to form water (H₂O)?

- Ans
- 1. $\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2$
 - 2. $2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 - 3. $4\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 - 4. $\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}$

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Chosen C

Q.15 What does the symbol "H" represent in the periodic table?

- Ans
- 1. Helium
 - 2. Hafnium
 - 3. Hassium
 - 4. Hydrogen

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Chosen C

Q.16 In which state of matter do particles have the least freedom of movement?

- Ans
- 1. Liquid
 - 2. Gas
 - 3. Solid
 - 4. Plasma

Q.17 When an acid reacts with a base, what type of reaction takes place?

- Ans
- 1. Oxidation-reduction reaction
 - 2. Neutralization reaction
 - 3. Precipitation reaction
 - 4. Combustion reaction

Question 1
Option 1 |
Option 2 |
Option 3 |
Option 4 |
Stat
Chosen Optic

Q.18 What is the relationship between pressure and the area over which force is applied?

- Ans
- 1. Pressure is proportional to the square of the area
 - 2. Pressure is directly proportional to the area
 - 3. Pressure is not related to the area
 - 4. Pressure is inversely proportional to the area

Question 1
Option 1 |
Option 2 |
Option 3 |
Option 4 |
Stat
Chosen Optic

Q.19 ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଏସିଡ୍ ର ଗୁଣ ଅଟେ?

- Ans
- 1. ତିକ୍ତ ସ୍ୱାଦ
 - 2. ସ୍ୱର୍ଣ୍ଣ କଲେ ପିଚ୍ଛଳ ଲାଗେ
 - 3. ନୀଳ ଲିଟମେସ୍ କାଗଜ ଲାଲରେ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ ହୋଇଯିବା
 - 4. 7 ରୁ ଅଧିକ pH

Q.20 Which planet in our solar system is known as the "Red Planet"?

- Ans
- 1. Jupiter
 - 2. Earth
 - 3. Mars
 - 4. Venus

Que
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Q.21 ଅଧିକାଂଶ ଅଧାତୁଗୁଡ଼ିକ ପାଇଁ କୋଠରୀ ତାପମାତ୍ରାରେ ପଦାର୍ଥର ଅବସ୍ଥା କ'ଣ ହୋଇଥାଏ?

- Ans
- 1. ପ୍ଲାଜମା
 - 2. ତରଳ
 - 3. କଠିନ
 - 4. ଗ୍ୟାସ୍

Que
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Op
Chose

Q.22 Which of the following is a characteristic property of metals?

- Ans
- 1. Good conductors of electricity
 - 2. Brittle
 - 3. Low melting point
 - 4. High electronegativity

Q.23 ଯେତେବେଳେ ଆଲୋକ ତରଙ୍ଗ ଗୋଟିଏ ମାଧ୍ୟମରୁ ଅନ୍ୟ ମାଧ୍ୟମକୁ ଗତିକରିବା ସମୟରେ ଦିଗ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ କରିଥାଏ, ତାହାକୁ କ'ଣ କୁହାଯାଏ?

- Ans
- ✓ 1. ପ୍ରତିସରଣ
 - ✗ 2. ପ୍ରକୀର୍ଣ୍ଣନ
 - ✗ 3. ପ୍ରତିଫଳନ
 - ✗ 4. ବିକୀର୍ଣ୍ଣନ

Question
Option
Option :
Option :
Option :
St
Chosen Op

Q.24 How many elements are there in the periodic table (as of my knowledge cutoff date in September 2021)?

- Ans
- ✓ 1. 118
 - ✗ 2. 92
 - ✗ 3. 106
 - ✗ 4. 63

Question
Option
Option :
Option :
Option :
St
Chosen Op

Q.25 ସାଧାରଣ ଅଣ୍ଡା ଓ ଜନପୁଂସ୍ତ୍ରୀ ଭଳି ରୋଗ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ପାଇଁ କେଉଁ ଅଣୁଜୀବ ଦାୟୀ ?

- Ans
- ✗ 1. ପ୍ରୋଟୋଜୋଆ (ଆଦିପ୍ରାଣୀ)
 - ✗ 2. କବକ
 - ✓ 3. ଭୂତାଣୁ
 - ✗ 4. କୌବାଳ

Q.26 ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଜୀବମାନଙ୍କ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଏକ ଶାରୀରିକ ଅନୁକୂଳନ ଅଟେ ?

- Ans
- 1. ଏକ ଭିନ୍ନ ସ୍ଥାନକୁ ସ୍ଥାନାନ୍ତରିତ ହେବା
 - 2. ଏକ ଦୂତନ କୌଶଳ ଶିଖିବା
 - 3. ଶୀତ ଦିନ ପାଇଁ ଲୋମର ଏକ ଅପେକ୍ଷାକୃତ ମୋଟା ଆସ୍ତରଣ ବିକଶିତ ହେବା
 - 4. ରୋଗ ପ୍ରତିରୋଧକ ଶକ୍ତି ବିକଶିତ କରିବା

Question
Option
Option
Option
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Chosen O

Q.27 Which of the following is a common example of a microorganism?

- Ans
- 1. Oak tree
 - 2. Bacteria
 - 3. Ladybug
 - 4. Rose bush

Question
Option
Option
Option
Option
S
Chosen O

Q.28 Which organelle is often referred to as the "powerhouse" of the cell?

- Ans
- 1. Golgi apparatus
 - 2. Nucleus
 - 3. Endoplasmic reticulum
 - 4. Mitochondrion

Q.29 What is the function of the cell's nucleus?

- Ans
- 1. Lipid synthesis
 - 2. Energy production
 - 3. Genetic information storage and regulation
 - 4. Protein synthesis

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Q.30 ମୃତ୍ତିକା ବିଜ୍ଞାନରେ, ସଂକ୍ଷିପ୍ତ ଶବ୍ଦ "OM"ର ଅର୍ଥ କ'ଣ?

- Ans
- 1. ଅପ୍ଟିମାଲ ମ୍ୟାଚ୍ଚର (Optimal Moisture)
 - 2. ଓସ୍ମୋଟିକ୍ ମ୍ୟାଟିରିଆଲ (Osmotic Material)
 - 3. ଆଉଟଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଡିଙ୍ଗ୍ ମିନେରାଲ୍ସ (Outstanding Minerals)
 - 4. ଅର୍ଗାନିକ୍ ମ୍ୟାଟର (Organic Matter)

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Q.31 What does the acronym "ATP" stand for in the context of respiration and energy production?

- Ans
- 1. Adenosine Triphosphate
 - 2. Air Transport Protocol
 - 3. Aerobic Transformation Process
 - 4. Alveolar Transport Pathway

Q.32 କିଶୋର ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସଂକ୍ଷିପ୍ତ ନାମ "HGH"ର ଅର୍ଥ କ'ଣ?

Ans 1.

ହାଇପରଆକ୍ଟିଭ୍ ଗ୍ରୋଥ୍ ହରମୋନ୍ (Hyperactive Growth Hormone)

2. ହ୍ୟୁମାନ ଗ୍ରୋଥ୍ ହରମୋନ୍ (Human Growth Hormone)

3. ହାଇ ଗ୍ରୋଥ୍ ହରମୋନ୍ (High Growth Hormone)

4. ହେଲ୍ଥି ଗ୍ରୋଥ୍ ହାବିଟ୍ (Healthy Growth Habit)

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Q.33 Which of the following is a primary characteristic of adolescence?

Ans 1. Stable physical development

2. Decreased social interactions

3. Reduced cognitive abilities

4. Rapid physical growth and maturation

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Q.34 What does the acronym "GMO" typically refer to in the study of biological adaptation?

Ans 1. Genetic Modification Observation

2. Genomic Mapping of Organisms

3. Growth and Maturation Overhaul

4. Genetically Modified Organism

Q.35 କେଉଁ ମୃତ୍ତିକା କଣିକା ସବୁଠାରୁ ବଡ଼ ଏବଂ ଉତ୍ତମ ବାୟୁ ଚଳାଚଳ ହୁଏ କିନ୍ତୁ ପାଣିକୁ ଭଲ ଭାବରେ ଧରି ରଖେ ନାହିଁ ?

- Ans**
- ✓ 1. ବାଲିଆ (Sand)
 - ✗ 2. ଦୋରସା (Loam)
 - ✗ 3. ଚିକିଟା (Clay)
 - ✗ 4. କାଦୁଆ(Silt)

Question 1
Option 1 |
Option 2 |
Option 3 |
Option 4 |
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Q.36 What is the primary purpose of respiration in living organisms?

- Ans**
- ✓ 1. To produce energy
 - ✗ 2. To regulate body temperature
 - ✗ 3. To support growth
 - ✗ 4. To filter blood

Question 1
Option 1 |
Option 2 |
Option 3 |
Option 4 |
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Chosen Optic

Section : Part II Pedagogy

Q.1 Piaget defined a _____ to be a generalized action that improves by being repeatedly applied to similar situations in varying contexts.

- Ans**
- ✗ 1. observation
 - ✗ 2. schema
 - ✗ 3. plan
 - ✓ 4. scheme

Q.2 Which of the following is an example of open-ended items in mathematics?

Ans 1.

The average of three numbers is 34. What are those numbers?

2.

Find out the perimeter of the rectangle whose length and breadth are 7 cm and 3 cm respectively.

3. Find out the average of 78, 83 and 91.

4. Calculate 58 divided by 8.

Question J
Option 1 I
Option 2 I
Option 3 I
Option 4 I
Statu
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Q.3 Which of the following is the initial stage of the experiential learning cycle?

Ans 1. Processing

2. Publishing

3. Applying

4. Experiencing

Question I
Option 1 I
Option 2 I
Option 3 I
Option 4 I
Statu
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Q.4 Match the following in the context of taxonomy of educational objectives.

	Educational objectives		Domain
I	Knowledge	1	Cognitive Domain
II	Articulation	2	Psychomotor Domain
III	Responding	3	Affective Domain

Ans 1. I-2, II-1 III-3

2. I-1, II-2, III-3

3. I-1, II-3, III-2

4. I-2, II-3, III-1

Q.5 Which of the following statement is correct regarding the given statement?

'Mathematics aims at abstraction'

I. Algebra, a branch of mathematics, deals with abstraction.

II. Abstraction is a means of encompassing wider range of application of mathematics.

- Ans**
- 1. Only I
 - 2. Both I and II
 - 3. Only II
 - 4. Neither I nor II

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Chosen I

Q.6 In mathematics, what is correct regarding the nature of remedial activities?

I. More material intensive

II. Based on the experience of the child

- Ans**
- 1. Only I
 - 2. Neither I nor II
 - 3. Both I and II
 - 4. Only II

Quest
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Chosen I

Q.7 'The form of reasoning in which a general law or principle is derived from a study of particular objects or specific processes.' The statement given above defines which method of teaching mathematics?

- Ans**
- 1. Inductive method
 - 2. Synthetic method
 - 3. Analytic method
 - 4. Deductive method

Q.8 'While constructing roads and bridges, concepts of mathematics like measurements, time are used.' The statement given above is an example of which aim of teaching mathematics?

- Ans**
- 1. Cultural aim
 - 2. Social aim
 - 3. Disciplinary aim
 - 4. Moral aim

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Chosen C

Q.9 The constructivist approach in teaching science emphasizes:

- Ans**
- 1. Standardized testing.
 - 2. Active construction of knowledge by learners.
 - 3. Rote memorization of scientific facts
 - 4. Passive absorption of content.

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Chosen C

Q.10 କେଉଁ ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନ ରଣନୀତି ତିଆରି, ତିଳାଜନ୍ ଏବଂ ସମସ୍ୟା ସମାଧାନ ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ସକ୍ରିୟ ଯୋଗଦାନକୁ ପ୍ରୋତ୍ସାହିତ କରେ?

- Ans**
- 1. ସକ୍ରେଟିସ୍ମ ପରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ପଚାରିବା
 - 2. ଅନୁସନ୍ଧାନ ଭିତ୍ତିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା
 - 3. ପୋଡକାଝ ଶୁଣିବା
 - 4. ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପଢ଼ିବା

Q.11 କୌଣସି ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀର ବୈଜ୍ଞାନିକ ପରୀକ୍ଷଣ କରିବାର ଦକ୍ଷତାକୁ ଆକଳନ କରିବା ପାଇଁ କେଉଁ ଉପକରଣ ସବୁଠାରୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ହେବ?

- Ans**
- 1. ଲେଖା ପରୀକ୍ଷା ।
 - 2. ମୌଖିକ ସାକ୍ଷାତକାର ।
 - 3. ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶନ ମୂଲ୍ୟାଙ୍କନ ।
 - 4. ଏକାଧିକ ଉତ୍ତର ଦିଶିଷ୍ଟ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ।

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Q.12 The method that allows students to find out facts for themselves and train their minds in the process is:

- Ans**
- 1. Direct method.
 - 2. Rote learning method
 - 3. Discovery method.
 - 4. Observation method.

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Q.13 Formative assessment in science primarily focuses on:

- Ans**
- 1. Assessing students' learning during the instruction process.
 - 2. Conducting final exams.
 - 3. Giving long homework assignments.
 - 4. Grading students at the end of the term.

Q.14 The integrated approach in science teaching:

Ans

- 1. Avoids experiments.
- 2. Focuses only on the theoretical aspects.
- 3. Separates subjects based on their content.
- 4.

Merges concepts from various disciplines to provide a holistic view.

Questi
Option
Option
Option
Option
Option
Chosen C

Q.15 The Nature of Science primarily focuses on:

Ans

- 1. Simply memorizing facts.
- 2. Testing theories and making predictions.
- 3. Following a strict set of rules.
- 4. Collection of data.

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Option
Option
Option
Chosen C

Q.16 Which of the following is NOT an objective of teaching science at the upper primary stage?

Ans

- 1. Foster curiosity about the natural world.
- 2. Memorization of facts without understanding.
- 3. Develop problem-solving skills.
- 4. Develop a scientific attitude.

Q.17 In science evaluation, what is the meaning of the acronym "OSCE"?

- Ans
- 1. Outcomes in Science Education
 - 2. Observing Scientific Concepts Effectively
 - 3. Objective Structured Clinical Examination
 - 4. Overall Science Curriculum Evaluation

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
Status
Chosen Option

Q.18 Why is fostering a sense of wonder and curiosity a crucial objective in science education?

- Ans
- 1. To limit students' imagination
 - 2. To discourage asking questions
 - 3. To make science boring
 - 4. To encourage inquisitiveness and a love for learning

Question
Option 1
Option 2
Option 3
Option 4
Status
Chosen Option

Q.19 What is the primary goal of the Integrated Approach in education?

- Ans
- 1. To emphasize the isolation of subjects
 - 2. To promote holistic learning by connecting various subjects
 - 3. To encourage rote memorization
 - 4. To minimize student engagement

Q.20 What tool assesses students' ability to recall factual information and concepts in science?

- Ans**
- 1. Flashcards
 - 2. Lab practicals
 - 3. Science projects
 - 4. Group discussions

Question
Option
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Q.21 What is the role of hands-on experiments in teaching the Nature of Science?

- Ans**
- 1. To promote rote memorization
 - 2. To engage students in practical exploration
 - 3. To discourage practical learning
 - 4. To focus solely on theoretical concepts

Question
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Option :
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Q.22 What does the acronym "PBL" stand for in the context of a method or approach in science education?

- Ans**
- 1. Perceptive Biology Lab
 - 2. Precise Background Learning
 - 3. Primary Data Collection
 - 4. Problem-Based Learning

Q.23 What method allows scientists to test hypotheses and gather data under controlled conditions?

- Ans**
- 1. Observation
 - 2. Discovery
 - 3. Experimentation
 - 4. Problem-solving

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Q.24 What does the acronym "STEM" stand for in the Integrated Approach to education?

- Ans**
- 1. Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics
 - 2. Systematic Training in Educational Methods
 - 3. Simple Teaching and Education Model
 - 4. Structured Teaching for Effective Mentoring