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29,000- MCQ
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 GK, ODIA, ENGLISH, , MATH, COMPUTER, Reasoning, Pedagogy

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T.E & SCERT Exam 2023
(CANDIDATE RESPONSE SHEET)

Roll No
App No
Name
Paper/Subject D.El.Ed(Odia)
Exam Date 30 May 2023
Exam Slot 3

Passage:

The questions are based on a short passage. Read the passage below to answer the questions. Choose the correct answer from the four listed choices.

Brahmaputra river [Bengali - Jamuna, Tibetan - Tsangpo, Chinese - Yarlung Zangbo] is a major river of Central and South Asia. For most of its length, the river serves as an important inland waterway. In its lower course, the river is both a creator and a destroyer—depositing huge quantities of fertile alluvial soil but also causing disastrous and frequent floods.

The Brahmaputra's source is the Chemayungdung Glacier. Throughout its upper course, the river is generally known as the Tsangpo ("Purifier"); it is also known by its Chinese name (Yarlung Zangbo) and by other local Tibetan names.

After passing Pi (Pe) in Tibet, the river turns suddenly to the north and northeast and cuts a course through a succession of great narrow gorges between the mountainous massifs of Gyala Peri and Namjagbarwa (Namcha Barwa) in a series of rapids and cascades. During that stretch, the river enters northern Arunachal Pradesh state in northeastern India, where it is known as the Dihang (or Siang) River, and turns more southerly.

The Dihang, turns toward the southwest and enters northeastern Assam state. Just west of the town of Sadiya, the river again turns to the southwest. Below that confluence, about 900 miles (1,450 km) from the Bay of Bengal, the river becomes known conventionally as the Brahmaputra ("Son of Brahma").

The Brahmaputra enters the plains of Bangladesh after turning south around the Garo Hills below Dhuburi, India as the Jamuna River. The rivers' combined suspended sediment load of about 1.84 billion tons per year is the world's highest.

Question ID:3011

Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language

Question:

What is the total combined suspended sediment load the river Brahmaputra usually carries?

- A 1.84 billion tons per year (approx.)
- B 1.94 billion tons per year (approx.)
- C 1.80 billion tons per year (approx.)
- D 1.54 billion tons per year (approx.)

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:✶

Question ID:3012

Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language

Question: **According to the passage, the river Brahmaputra is known by how many other names?**

- A Only Two- Namcha Barwa, Dihang
- B Only Three- Tsangpo, Dihang, Siang
- C One Only- Tsangpo
- D More than three- Jamuna, Tsangpo, Yarlung Zangbo, Dihang

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:3013

Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language

Question: **How has the author described the river in the passage?**

- A Unnavigable and destructive throughout the course of the river
- B Both a creator and a destroyer in the lower course of the river
- C It's navigable through the course of the river both in India and Tibet
- D The river runs in a generally easterly direction throughout its course

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:3014

Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language

Question: **What is the synonym for "TWEAK"?**

- A Communicate
- B Greet
- C Speak
- D Adjust

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:Not Attempted

Question ID:3015

Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language

Question: **Select the correct synonym of "OBSCURE".**

- A Certain
- B Definite
- C Precise
- D Unclear

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:3016

Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language

Question: **What is the Antonym of the word 'Void'?**

- A Full

Correct Answer

B Vacuum

C Hole

D Cavity

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:3017

Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language

Question: What is the meaning of "Hit the hay"?

A To beat someone

B Mad at someone

C To go to bed

Correct Answer

D Feeling slightly ill

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:3018

Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language

Question: Choose the correct meaning of the phrase, "A toss-up".

A A result that is pretty clear.

B A result that is unclear and can go either way.

Correct Answer

C A result that can be manipulated.

D Having to start all over again.

Answer Given By Candidate:Not Attempted

Question ID:3019

Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language

Question: Insert the correct article in the blank given:

He eats ___ apple a day.

A an

Correct Answer

B the

C a

D No article Required

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:30110

Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language

Question: Fill in the blank with the correct option:

The supermarket is _____ the street from the signal.

A across

Correct Answer

B of

C during

D from

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 30111

Topic Name: SECTION-I Education and General Awareness

Question: The Regional Institute of Education at Bhubaneswar is a constituent unit of which body?

ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର ଛିଡ ଆଞ୍ଚଳିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା ନୁଷ୍ଠାନ କେଉଁ ସଂସ୍ଥାର ଏକ ଅଂଶ?

A NCERT
NCERT

Correct Answer

B IIT
IIT

C State Ministry of Education
ରାଜ୍ୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ମନ୍ତ୍ରାଳୟ

D Department of Human Resources
ମାନବ ସମ୍ବଳ ବିଭାଗ

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID: 30112

Topic Name: SECTION-I Education and General Awareness

Question: Education in India is part of which list in the Indian Constitution?

ଭାରତୀୟ ସମ୍ବିଧାନରେ ଶିକ୍ଷା କେଉଁ ତାଲିକାର ଏକ ଅଂଶ ଅଟେ?

A Supreme Court's list
ସୁପ୍ରିମ୍ କୋର୍ଟଙ୍କ ତାଲିକା

B State List
ରାଜ୍ୟ ତାଲିକା

C Union List
ସଂଘ ତାଲିକା

D Concurrent List
ସମକାଳୀନ ତାଲିକା

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 30113

Topic Name: SECTION-I Education and General Awareness

Question: What is the technical name of brewer's/baker's yeast?

ବ୍ରୁୟାର୍/ବେକର୍ ଇଷ୍ଟର ବୈଜ୍ଞାନିକ ନାମ କ'ଣ?

A Aspergillus Niger
ଆସ୍ପେର୍ଗିଲ୍ଲସ୍ ନାଇଜର

B Acetobacter Aceti
ଏସିଟୋବେକ୍ଟର ଏସିଟି

- C Lactobacillus
ଲାକ୍ଟୋବାସିଲସ୍
- D Saccharomyces cerevisiae
ସାକାରୋମିସେସ୍ ସେରେଭିଆସିଆ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID: 30114

Topic Name: SECTION-I Education and General Awareness

Question: What is full-form of NCTE?

NCTE ର ସଂପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ନାମ କ'ଣ?

- A National Council for Technical Education
ଜାତୀୟ ବୈଷୟିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା ପରିଷଦ
- B National Council for Teacher Education
ଜାତୀୟ ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଶିକ୍ଷା ପରିଷଦ
- C National Committee for Teacher's Education
ଜାତୀୟ ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଶିକ୍ଷା କମିଟି
- D National Council for Training Entrepreneurs
ଜାତୀୟ ପ୍ରଶିକ୍ଷଣ ଉଦ୍ୟୋଗୀ ପରିଷଦ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID: 30115

Topic Name: SECTION-I Education and General Awareness

Question: The Tashkent Agreement was signed in which year?

ତାସକେଣ୍ଟ ଚୁକ୍ତି କେଉଁ ବର୍ଷ ସ୍ୱାକ୍ଷରିତ ହୋଇଥିଲା?

- A 1966
1966
- B 1970
1970
- C 1965
1965
- D 1956
1956

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 30116

Topic Name: SECTION-I Reasoning

Question: Statement:

1. Box L is heavier than Box M.
2. Box N is heavier than Box L.
3. Box M is heavier than Box N.

If statements 1 and 2 are TRUE, what can you say about statement 3?

ବିବୃତି:

1. ବକ୍ସ L ବକ୍ସ M ଠାରୁ ଭାରି ଅଟେ ।
2. ବକ୍ସ N ବକ୍ସ L ଠାରୁ ଭାରି ଅଟେ ।
3. ବକ୍ସ M ବକ୍ସ ଏନ ଠାରୁ ଭାରି ଅଟେ ।

ଯଦି ବିବୃତି 1 ଏବଂ 2 ସତ୍ୟ ଅଟେ, ତେବେ ବିବୃତି 3 ବିଷୟରେ ଆପଣ କ'ଣ କହିପାରିବେ?

- A Statement 3 is definitely TRUE.
ବିବୃତି 3 ନିଶ୍ଚିତ ଭାବରେ ସତ୍ୟ ଅଟେ ।
- B Statement 3 is definitely FALSE.
ବିବୃତି 3 ନିଶ୍ଚିତ ଭାବରେ ମିଥ୍ୟା ଅଟେ ।
- C Statement 3 either true or false.
ବିବୃତି 3 ସତ କିମ୍ବା ମିଥ୍ୟା ।
- D Statement 3 may not be FALSE.
ବିବୃତି 3 ମିଥ୍ୟା ହୋଇନପାରେ ।

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:30117

Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning

Question: In a certain code, 'ANSWER' is coded as 'PIZBUF' and 'MONEY' is coded as 'TGIUQ'. How is 'WORSE' coded in the same code?

ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ସଙ୍କେତରେ, 'ଆନସର' କୁ 'PIZBUF' ଏବଂ 'ମନି' କୁ ଭାବେ 'TGIUQ' କୋଡ୍ କରାଯାଇଛି । ସମାନ ସଙ୍କେତରେ 'ୱର୍ସ' କିପରି ସଙ୍କେତ କରାଯାଏ?

- A BGFZU
BGFZU
- B BGIZU
BGIZU
- C BGQZU
BGQZ

Correct Answer

D BGFTU

BGFTU

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:30118

Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning

Question: In a certain code, 'GARB' is written as 'HEAR'. How will 'DROP' be written in that code?

ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ସଙ୍କେତରେ, 'ଗ୍ରାବ୍'କୁ 'ହେଆର୍' ବୋଲି ଲେଖାଯାଇଛି। ସେହି ସଙ୍କେତରେ 'ଡ୍ରପ୍' କିପରି ଲେଖାଯିବ?

A EWXF

EWXF

B EUWG

EUWG

C EUXG

EUXG

D EVXF

EVXF

Correct AnswerAnswer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID:30119

Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning

Question: What should come at the place of question mark (?) in the following number series?

15, 32, 66, 134, 270, 542, ?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନଚିହ୍ନ (?) ସ୍ଥାନରେ କ'ଣ ଆସିବା ଉଚିତ୍?

15, 32, 66, 134, 270, 542, ?

A 1084

1084

B 1086

1086

Correct Answer

C 1082

1082

D 1088

1088

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID:30120

Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning

Question: What should come at the place of question mark (?) in the following letter series?

ZA, YB, XC, WD, ?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଅକ୍ଷର ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନଚିହ୍ନ (?) ସ୍ଥାନରେ କ'ଣ ଆସିବା ଉଚିତ୍?

ZA, YB, XC, WD, ?

A UE

UE

B UF

UF

C VF

VF

D VE

VE

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:30121

Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: Students are not actively involved or responsive. In this strictest form of class management style, it is quite likely that a student not following the set rules. There is no scope for friendly student-teacher relationships in this overly structured style.

Identify the Classroom management style.

ଛାତ୍ରମାନେ ସକ୍ରିୟ ଭାବରେ ସମ୍ପୃକ୍ତ କିମ୍ବା ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟାଶୀଳ ନୁହଁନ୍ତି । ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ପରିଚାଳନା ଶୈଳୀର ଏହି କଠୋରରୂପରେ, ଜଣେ ଛାତ୍ର ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ ନିୟମ ପାଳନ ନ କରିବାର ଯଥେଷ୍ଟ ସମ୍ଭାବନା ରହିଛି । ଏହି ଅତ୍ୟଧିକ ସଂଗଠିତ ଶୈଳୀରେ ଛାତ୍ର-ଶିକ୍ଷୟିତ୍ରୀ ସମ୍ପର୍କର କୌଣସି ସୁଯୋଗ ନାହିଁ ।

ଶ୍ରେଣୀଗୃହ ପରିଚାଳନା ଶୈଳୀ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରନ୍ତୁ ।

A Authoritative

ପ୍ରାମାଣିକ

B Authoritarian

ଏକକ୍ଷତ୍ରବାଦୀ

Correct Answer

C Indulgent

ଦୟାଳୁ

D Permissive

ସହିଷ୍ଣୁ

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:30122

Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: Teaching is essentially a collaborative exercise and nothing defeats collaboration. Hence collaborative skills:

ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନ ମୂଳତଃ ଏକ ସହଯୋଗୀ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ଏବଂ କୌଣସି ଜିନିଷ ସହଯୋଗକୁ ପରାସ୍ତ କରେ ନାହିଁ । ତେଣୁ ସହଯୋଗୀ ଦକ୍ଷତା:

A Help in team dynamics, convergent and divergent thinking.

ଦଳଗତ ଗତିଶୀଳତା, ସମନ୍ୱିତ ଏବଂ ଭିନ୍ନ ଚିନ୍ତାଧାରାରେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରନ୍ତୁ ।

Correct Answer

B Will discourage independent thinking.

ସ୍ୱାଧୀନ ଚିନ୍ତାଧାରାକୁ ନିରୁତ୍ସାହିତ କରିବେ ।

C Are Good only at work place

କେବଳ କର୍ମକ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ଭଲ

D None of the Above

ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କୌଣସିଟି ନୁହେଁ

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:30123

Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: Students feel safe in sharing ideas, there may be disagreement, but with that social connectivity, conflict is civil and respectful.

The result is:

ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀମାନେ ଧାରଣା ବାଣ୍ଟିବାରେ ନିରାପଦ ଅନୁଭବ କରନ୍ତି, ମତଭେଦ ହୋଇପାରେ, କିନ୍ତୁ ସେହି ସାମାଜିକ ଯୋଗାଯୋଗ ସହିତ ସଂଗଠିତ ନାଗରିକ ଏବଂ ସମ୍ମାନଜନକ ଅଟେ । ଫଳାଫଳ ହେଉଛି:

A Individuals feel comfortable speaking up.

ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିମାନେ କଥା କହିବାରେ ସହଜ ଅନୁଭବ କରନ୍ତି ।

B Positive conducive atmosphere in a classroom and active participation.

ଶ୍ରେଣୀଗୃହରେ ସକାରାତ୍ମକ ଅନୁକୂଳ ବାତାବରଣ ଏବଂ ସକ୍ରିୟ ଅଂଶଗ୍ରହଣ ।

C Sharing of ideas and debating over the contextual ideas.

ଧାରଣା ବାଣ୍ଟିବା ଏବଂ ପ୍ରାସଙ୍ଗିକ ଧାରଣା ଉପରେ ବିତର୍କ କରିବା ।

D All of the above.

ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ତ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:30124

Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: Education seeks to grow the overall personality of the learner. Which are the domains that is very essential for the holistic development of the child?

ଶିକ୍ଷା ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କ ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିତ୍ୱକୁ ବୃଦ୍ଧି କରିବାକୁ ଚେଷ୍ଟା କରେ । ଶିଶୁର ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ବିକାଶ ପାଇଁ କେଉଁ ଡୋମେନ୍ ଅତ୍ୟନ୍ତ ଜରୁରୀ?

A Spiritual and Mental

ଆଧ୍ୟାତ୍ମିକ ଓ ମାନସିକ

B Mental and Emotional

ମାନସିକ ଏବଂ ଭାବନାତ୍ମକ

C Spiritual, Mental, Emotional and physical

ଆଧ୍ୟାତ୍ମିକ, ମାନସିକ, ଭାବନାତ୍ମକ ଏବଂ ଶାରୀରିକ

Correct Answer

D Physical and Emotional
ଶାରୀରିକ ଏବଂ ଭାବନାତ୍ମକ

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 30125

Topic Name: SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: A key ability of successful student is that the student know's how to motivate effectively. The skill of being able to start and finish tasks rigorously is what solidifies the chances at being successful overall. What kind of motivation is most important?

ସଫଳ ଛାତ୍ରର ଏକ ପ୍ରମୁଖ ଦକ୍ଷତା ହେଉଛି ଛାତ୍ର କିପରି ପ୍ରଭାବଶାଳୀ ଭାବରେ ଉତ୍ସାହିତ କରିବାକୁ ଜାଣେ । କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ କଠାକଠି ଭାବେ ଆରମ୍ଭ କରିବା ଏବଂ ଶେଷ କରିବାର ଦକ୍ଷତା ହିଁ ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ଭାବେ ସଫଳ ହେବାର ସମ୍ଭାବନାକୁ ଦୃଢ଼ କରିଥାଏ । କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାରର ପ୍ରେରଣା ସବୁଠାରୁ ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ?

- A Extrinsic Motivation only
କେବଳ ବାହ୍ୟ ପ୍ରେରଣା
- B Intrinsic Motivation only
କେବଳ ଆଭ୍ୟନ୍ତରୀଣ ପ୍ରେରଣା
- C Both Extrinsic and Intrinsic Motivation
ଉଭୟ ବାହ୍ୟ ଏବଂ ଆଭ୍ୟନ୍ତରୀଣ ପ୍ରେରଣା
- D Neither Extrinsic nor Intrinsic Motivation
ବାହ୍ୟ କିମ୍ବା ଆଭ୍ୟନ୍ତରୀଣ ପ୍ରେରଣା ନାହିଁ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID: 30126

Topic Name: SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: Educational problems include problems related to cognitive skills, teachers' and parental motivation in any field of interest shown by the child is essential. This encourages the child in:

ଶିକ୍ଷାଗତ ସମସ୍ୟା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଜ୍ଞାନ କୌଶଳ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧୀୟ ସମସ୍ୟା, ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଏବଂ ପିତାମାତାଙ୍କ ପ୍ରେରଣା ପିଲା ଦ୍ୱାରା ଦେଖାଯାଉଥିବା ଆଗ୍ରହର ଯେକୌଣସି କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ଅପରିହାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଅଟେ । ଏହା ଶିଶୁକୁ ଉତ୍ସାହିତ କରେ:

- A Sharpening the skills required to keep up with the passion and area of interest.
ଉତ୍ସାହ ଏବଂ ଆଗ୍ରହର କ୍ଷେତ୍ର ସହିତ ବଜାୟ ରଖିବା ପାଇଁ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ କୌଶଳକୁ ତୀବ୍ର କରିବା ।
- B Choosing easy going life
ସହଜ ଜୀବନ ଚୟନ କରିବା
- C Becoming a non-committed individual.
ଜଣେ ଅଣପ୍ରତିବଦ୍ଧ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତି ପାଲଟିବା ।
- D All of the above
ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ତ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID:30127

Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: Overcrowded environments affect the understanding levels of school children. Which are the statements you agree with, for the betterment of education in school system?

ଜନଗହଳିପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ପରିବେଶ ସ୍କୁଲ ପିଲାଙ୍କ ବୁଝାମଣା ସ୍ତରକୁ ପ୍ରଭାବିତ କରିଥାଏ ।
ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥାରେ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ଉନ୍ନତି ପାଇଁ ଆପଣ କେଉଁ ବିବୃତି ସହ ସହମତ?

- A With growing population the student teacher ratio in a classroom also needs to increase
ବଢୁଥିବା ଜନସଂଖ୍ୟା ସହିତ ଶ୍ରେଣୀଗୃହରେ ଛାତ୍ର ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଅନୁପାତ ମଧ୍ୟ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ହେବା ଆବଶ୍ୟକ
- B It hardly matters, learners will learn anywhere.
ଏଥିରେ କିଛି ଫରକ ପଡ଼ିବ ନାହିଁ, ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀମାନେ ଯେକୌଣସି ସ୍ଥାନରେ ଶିଖିବେ ।
- C Well-ventilated and spacious classrooms are not needed for any child's academic development.
କୌଣସି ପିଲାଙ୍କ ଶିକ୍ଷାଗତ ବିକାଶ ପାଇଁ ଭଲ ବାତାବରଣ ଓ ବିଶାଳ ଶ୍ରେଣୀଗୃହର ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା ନାହିଁ ।
- D All of the above
ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ତ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID:30128

Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: Identify the academic influences from the given options regarding the libraries which are resources for learning.

ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ପାଇଁ ସମ୍ବଳ ଥିବା ପାଠାଗାର ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ବିକଳଗୁଡ଼ିକରୁ ଶୈକ୍ଷିକ ପ୍ରଭାବ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରନ୍ତୁ ।

- A Encourages the growth of independent learners and development of Vocabulary of Students.
ସ୍ୱାଧୀନ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କ ଅଭିବୃଦ୍ଧି ଏବଂ ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀଙ୍କ ଶବ୍ଦଭଣ୍ଡାର ବିକାଶକୁ ପ୍ରୋତ୍ସାହିତ କରେ ।
- B It is only a storehouse for books.
ଏହା କେବଳ ବହି ପାଇଁ ଏକ ଭଣ୍ଡାର ।
- C Decreases comprehension and reading abilities.
ବୁଝାମଣା ଓ ପଠନ କ୍ଷମତା ହ୍ରାସ ପାଇଥାଏ ।
- D It is the hub to meet different people.
ବିଭିନ୍ନ ଲୋକଙ୍କୁ ଭେଟିବା ପାଇଁ ଏହା ହବ୍ ଅଟେ ।

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID:30129

Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: Time management is defined as using time productively and efficiently. You as a teacher should:

ସମୟ ପରିଚାଳନା ସମୟକୁ ଉତ୍ପାଦନଶୀଳ ଏବଂ ଦକ୍ଷତାର ସହ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରିବା ଭାବରେ ବ୍ୟାଖ୍ୟା କରାଯାଏ । ଜଣେ ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଭାବରେ ଆପଣ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ହେବା ଉଚିତ୍:

- A Constructively use time by prioritizing the check list.
ଯାଞ୍ଚ ତାଲିକାକୁ ପ୍ରାଥମିକତା ଦେଇ ସମୟକୁ ଗଠନମୂଳକ ଭାବରେ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରନ୍ତୁ ।
- B Give importance to social media stuff, as it is very important.
ସୋସିଆଲ ମିଡିଆ ଜିନିଷକୁ ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ, କାରଣ ଏହା ଅତ୍ୟନ୍ତ ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ।
- C Complete concept teaching in twenty minutes of the period allotted.
ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ ସମୟର 20 ମିନିଟ୍‌ରେ ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଧାରଣା ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନ ।
- D Talk to students for first twenty minutes and complete the task in last ten minutes.
ପ୍ରଥମ 20 ମିନିଟ୍ ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀଙ୍କ ସହ କଥା ହୁଅନ୍ତୁ ଏବଂ ଶେଷ ଦଶ ମିନିଟ୍‌ରେ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ କରନ୍ତୁ ।

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 30130

Topic Name: SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: Visual drawing skills, Communication skills, Vocabulary, graphics, Photography etc. are the teaching learning materials which:

ଭିଜୁଆଲ ଡ୍ରଇଂ ଦକ୍ଷତା, ଯୋଗାଯୋଗ ଦକ୍ଷତା, ଶବ୍ଦଭଣ୍ଡାର, ଗ୍ରାଫିକ୍ସ, ଫଟୋଗ୍ରାଫି ଇତ୍ୟାଦି । ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ ଯାହା:

- A Create distractions in class
ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ବିଭ୍ରାନ୍ତି ସୃଷ୍ଟି କରନ୍ତୁ
- B Influence positive atmosphere in class for learning
ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ପାଇଁ ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ସକାରାତ୍ମକ ବାତାବରଣକୁ ପ୍ରଭାବିତ କରନ୍ତୁ
- C Are time wasters
ସମୟ ନଷ୍ଟ କରିବେ
- D Create confusion in students
ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀଙ୍କ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ବୁଝାମଣା ସୃଷ୍ଟି କରନ୍ତୁ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID: 30131

Topic Name: SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: ପୁତ୍ର ଶବ୍ଦରୁ ଆସିଥିବା ଶବ୍ଦଟି କିଏ?

- A ପୁଅ
- B ସୁତ
- C ପତ୍ର
- D ପତର

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:30132

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question:

ଫରାସୀ,ଓଲନ୍ଦାଜ,ଡିନାମାରମାନେ ବାଣିଜ୍ୟ ସୂତ୍ରରେ ଆମ ଦେଶକୁ ଆସିଥିଲେ ମଧ୍ୟ ସେହିସବୁ ଭାଷାଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଶବ୍ଦାବଳୀ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷାରେ ଖୁବ୍ କମ୍ । ତଳ ଶବ୍ଦ ମାନଙ୍କ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଏହାର ଉଦାହରଣ ଅଟେ ?

- A ସିମେଇ,ସୋଡା,ଚେରି,କୁପନ ,ଦାମ୍,କର୍କ
- B ଟୋକି,ଟେବୁଲ୍,ବସ୍,ଅଫିସ୍
- C କୋବି,ଟାଙ୍କି,ଡମାଣ୍ଡ,ଆଲପିନ୍,ଆଲମାରି
- D ଅସି,ଇଶ,ଗୋଲକ,ଦିନ,ସ୍ବାକ୍ଷର,ଶୀଳ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:30133

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question:

‘ଅଗ୍ନି’ କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାରର ଶବ୍ଦ?

- A ଦେଶୀୟ ଭାଷାର ଏକ ଶବ୍ଦ
- B ତତ୍ ସମ ଶବ୍ଦ
- C ଫରାସୀ ଶବ୍ଦ
- D ଦ୍ରାବିଡ଼ ଶବ୍ଦ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:30134

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question:

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଶବ୍ଦ ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମଧ୍ୟରେ କେଉଁ ଶବ୍ଦରେ ‘ତ୍ର’ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟୟ ବ୍ୟବହାର ହୋଇଛି ?

- A ଚରିତ୍ର
- B ଚିତ୍ର
- C ପବିତ୍ର
- D ବସ୍ତ୍ର

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:30135

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question:

‘ଦର୍ଶନ’ ଶବ୍ଦଟିରେ କେଉଁ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟୟର ବ୍ୟବହାର ହୋଇଛି?

- A ଅ
- B ଦୃଶ

C ଅନ

Correct Answer

D ଦର

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID:30136

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: ଶୁ+ଅନ = _____ । ଶୂନ୍ୟସ୍ଥାନରେ ବ୍ୟବହୃତ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଶବ୍ଦଟି କିଏ ?

A ଶ୍ରବଣ

Correct Answer

B ଶ୍ରୁଜନ

C ଶୁଣ

D ଶୂନ୍ୟ

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID:30137

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: ଦୃଢ଼ ବଚନକୁ ଗଢ଼ିଲି ଲୋକେ ଆଉ କ'ଣ କୁହନ୍ତି ?

A ଆକାଶ କଇଁଆ ଚିଲିକା ମାଛ

B କବି ତୁଣ୍ଡ, ମେଣ୍ଟା ମୁଣ୍ଡ

Correct Answer

C ତୁଣ୍ଡ ବାଇଦ, ସହସ୍ର କୋଷ

D ତେଲିଆ ମୁଣ୍ଡରେ ତେଲ

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID:30138

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: 'ବୋଝ ଉପରେ ନଳିତା ବିତା' ରୁଦ୍ଧିଚିରୁ ତୁମେ କ'ଣ ବୁଝୁଛ?

A ଦୁଃଖ ଉପରେ ଦୁଃଖ

Correct Answer

B କ୍ଷୀଣ ଆଶ୍ରୟ

C ଶତ୍ରୁତା ଉପରେ ଶତ୍ରୁତା

D ଖୁବ୍ ଜୋରରେ ମାରିବା

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID:30139

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: ପରୀକ୍ଷାରେ କପି କରି ଧରାପଡ଼ିଯିବାରୁ ପିଲାଟି ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କୁ ଦେଖି କଳା କାଠ ପଡ଼ିଗଲା ।
 ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ଅଂଶ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତେ ନିମ୍ନୋକ୍ତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ବ୍ୟବହାର କଲେ ବାକ୍ୟଟିର ଅର୍ଥରେ
 କୌଣସି ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ ହେବ ନାହିଁ ?

A ଚେତା ଶୂନ୍ୟ ହୋଇଯିବା

B ଡରରେ କାନ୍ଦିବା

C ମଳିନ ପଡ଼ିଯିବା

Correct Answer

D ନେହୁରା ହେବା

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:30140

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: କେଉଁଟି କୃତ୍ରିମ ପଦ ?

A ସାପୁଆ

B ବାନ୍ଧନ

C କର୍ମଠ

D ସ୍ଥାବର

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:30141

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: କେଉଁଟି ତତ୍ତ୍ୱିତ ପଦ ?

A ହସିବା

B ଖେଳଣା

C ବାଣୁଆ

D ଖାଦ୍ୟ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:30142

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: 'ଆଲକାତରା' ଶବ୍ଦର ସୃଷ୍ଟି କେଉଁ ଭାଷାରୁ ?

A ସଂସ୍କୃତ

B ପ୍ରାକୃତ

C ଯାବନିକ

D ପରୁଗୀଜ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:30143

Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: 'ଅକ୍ଷର' ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ ପଦକୁ ବିଶେଷଣ କଲେ କଣ ହେବ ?

A ଅକ୍ଷରିକ

B ଅକ୍ଷରସହ

C ଆକ୍ଷରିକ

Correct Answer

D ବିନାକ୍ଷର

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID: 30144

Topic Name: SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: 'ଗ୍ରହଣାୟ' ପଦ କେଉଁ ପଦ ?

A ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ

B ବିଶେଷଣ

Correct Answer

C ସର୍ବନାମ

D କ୍ରିୟା

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 30145

Topic Name: SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: ପବନ ସହିତ କେଉଁ ବିଶେଷଣ ଯୋଡ଼ିହେବ ?

A ଚଳଇ

B ଫୁଟା

C ବହଇ

D ଅନ୍ଧାର

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 30191

Topic Name: SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: Mr. Razzaq incurs a loss of 20% by selling an article for Rs. 5600. At what price should the article be sold to earn a 25% profit?

ଗୋଟିଏ ଜିନିଷକୁ 5600 ଟଙ୍କାରେ ବିକ୍ରି କରି ଶ୍ରୀ ରଜାକ 20% କ୍ଷତି ସହିଛନ୍ତି । 25% ଲାଭ ପାଇବା ପାଇଁ କେଉଁ ମୂଲ୍ୟରେ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ ବିକ୍ରି କରାଯିବା ଉଚିତ୍ ?

A Rs. 5400

Rs. 5400

B Rs. 7500

Rs. 7500

C Rs. 7000

Rs. 7000

D Rs. 8750

Rs. 8750

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 30192

Topic Name: SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: Sheena invested Rs. 7500 in a bank at the rate of 5% per annum. At simple interest, she got Rs. 10500. How long did she invest the money?

ଶିନା ବାର୍ଷିକ 5% ହାରରେ ଏକ ବ୍ୟାଙ୍କରେ 7500 ଟଙ୍କା ନିବେଶ କରିଥିଲେ। ସାଧାରଣ ସୁଧରେ ସେ 10500 ଟଙ୍କା ପାଇଥିଲେ। ସେ କେତେ ଦିନ ଧରି ଟଙ୍କା ବିନିଯୋଗ କରିଥିଲେ?

A 6 years

6 ବର୍ଷ

B 9 years

9 ବର୍ଷ

C 8 years

8 ବର୍ଷ

Correct Answer

D 10 years

10 ବର୍ଷ

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:30193

Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: The compound interest on Rs 8000 at 40% per annum for 6 months, compounded quarterly is:

6 ମାସ ପାଇଁ ବାର୍ଷିକ 40% ହାରରେ 8000 ଟଙ୍କା ଉପରେ ଚକ୍ରବୃଦ୍ଧି ସୁଧ, ସଂଯୋଜିତ ତ୍ରିମାସିକ କେତେ ହେବ:

A Rs 1680

Rs 1680

Correct Answer

B Rs 9680

Rs 9680

C Rs 6400

Rs 6400

D Rs 1260

Rs 1260

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:30194

Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: What is the number, which when divided by 5, 7 and 12 gives 1 as remainder?

ଏପରି କେଉଁ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ଅଛି, ଯାହା 5, 7 ଏବଂ 12 ରେ ବିଭକ୍ତ କରାଗଲେ 1 ଭାଗଶେଷ ରହିବ?

A 421

421

Correct Answer

B 402

402

C 400
400

D 420
420

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 30195

Topic Name: SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: Two numbers are in the ratio 4: 3. If the sum of numbers is 63, find the numbers.

ଦୁଇଟି ସଂଖ୍ୟା 4: 3 ଅନୁପାତରେ ଅଛି । ଯଦି ସଂଖ୍ୟାଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଯୋଗଫଳ 63 ଅଟେ, ତେବେ ସଂଖ୍ୟାଗୁଡ଼ିକ ସନ୍ଧାନ କରନ୍ତୁ ।

A 27 and 34
27 ଏବଂ 34

B 36 and 27
36 ଏବଂ 27

C 32 and 24
32 ଏବଂ 24

D 24 and 32
24 ଏବଂ 32

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 30196

Topic Name: SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: The ratio of the number of red, blue and green coins in a bag is 5 : 3 : 2 respectively . If there are 16 green coins, find the number of red coins in the bag.

ଏକ ବ୍ୟାଗ୍ ରେ ଥିବା ଲାଲ, ନୀଳ ଏବଂ ସବୁଜ ମୁଦ୍ରା ସଂଖ୍ୟାର ଅନୁପାତ ଯଥାକ୍ରମେ 5 : 3 : 2 ଅଟେ । ଯଦି 16 ଟି ସବୁଜ ମୁଦ୍ରା ଅଛି, ତେବେ ବ୍ୟାଗ୍ ରେ ଲାଲ୍ ମୁଦ୍ରାର ସଂଖ୍ୟା କୁହନ୍ତୁ ।

A 16
16

B 24
24

C 40
40

D 20
20

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 30197

Topic Name: SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: If a circle has a radius of 5 cm, what is its circumference?

ଯଦି ଗୋଟିଏ ବୃତ୍ତର ବ୍ୟାସାର୍ଦ୍ଧ 5 cm, ତେବେ ଏହାର ପରିଧି କ'ଣ?

A 30.6 cm
30.6 cm

B 32.1 cm
32.1 cm

C 31.4 cm
31.4 cm

Correct Answer

D 33.2 cm
33.2 cm

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:30198

Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: The sum of the angles of a triangle is:

ଏକ ତ୍ରିଭୁଜର କୋଣଗୁଡ଼ିକର ସମଷ୍ଟି ହେଉଛି:

A 90 degrees
90 ଡିଗ୍ରୀ

B 180 degrees
180 ଡିଗ୍ରୀ

Correct Answer

C 270 degrees
270 ଡିଗ୍ରୀ

D 360 degrees
360 ଡିଗ୍ରୀ

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:30199

Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: In a right angled triangle, the side opposite to the right angle is called:

ଡାହାଣ କୋଣ ବିଶିଷ୍ଟ ତ୍ରିଭୁଜରେ, ଡାହାଣ କୋଣର ବିପରୀତ ପାର୍ଶ୍ୱକୁ କୁହାଯାଏ:

A Hypotenuse
କର୍ଣ୍ଣ

Correct Answer

B Base
ଆଧାର

C Altitude
ଉଚ୍ଚତା

D Perpendicular
ଲମ୍ବ

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:301100

Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: Which of the following systems of equations has infinitely many solutions?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ସମୀକରଣ ପ୍ରଣାଳୀଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟିର ଅନନ୍ତତଃ ସମାଧାନ ଅଛି?

A $2x + 3y = 7$, $4x + 6y = 14$
 $2x + 3y = 7$, $4x + 6y = 14$

Correct Answer

B $3x - 6y = 9$, $2x - 4y = 8$
 $3x - 6y = 9$, $2x - 4y = 8$

C $x - y = 3$, $2x - 4y = 6$
 $x - y = 3$, $2x - 4y = 6$

D $x + y = 5$, $2x + 2y = 8$
 $x + y = 5$, $2x + 2y = 8$

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:301101

Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: Which of the following methods can be used to solve a system of linear equations?

ରୈଖିକ ସମୀକରଣର ଏକ ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥାର ସମାଧାନ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ପଦ୍ଧତି ବ୍ୟବହାର କରାଯାଇପାରେ?

A Substitution method
 ଛିକୋଣମିତୀୟ ପ୍ରତିସ୍ଥାପନ ପଦ୍ଧତି

B Elimination method
 ବିଲୋପନ ପଦ୍ଧତି

C Graphical method
 ଗ୍ରାଫିକାଲ ପଦ୍ଧତି

D All of the above
 ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ତ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:301102

Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: What is the complement of a set?

ଗୋଟିଏ ସେଟ୍‌ର ପୂରକ କ'ଣ?

A The set of all elements that are in the set
 ସେଟ୍‌ରେ ଥିବା ସମସ୍ତ ଉପାଦାନର ସେଟ୍

B The set of all elements that are not in the set
 ସେଟ୍‌ରେ ନଥିବା ସମସ୍ତ ଉପାଦାନର ସେଟ୍

Correct Answer

C The set of all proper subsets of the set
 ସେଟ୍‌ର ସମସ୍ତ ପ୍ରକୃତ ଉପସେଟ୍‌ର ସେଟ୍

D The set of all subsets of the set
 ସେଟ୍‌ର ସମସ୍ତ ଉପସେଟ୍‌ର ସେଟ୍

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:301103

Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: Which of the following is a commutative property of set union?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ସମୁଦାୟ ସଂଯୋଗର ଏକ କ୍ରମବିନିମୟୀ ଗୁଣଧର୍ମ ଅଟେ?

A $A \cup B = B \cup A$
 $A \cup B = B \cup A$

Correct Answer

B $A \cup (B \cup C) = (A \cup B) \cup C$
 $A \cup (B \cup C) = (A \cup B) \cup C$

C $A \cup A = A$
 $A \cup A = A$

D $A \cup \emptyset = A$
 $A \cup \emptyset = A$

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 301104

Topic Name: SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: What is the square of $3x + 4y$?

$3x + 4y$ ର ବର୍ଗ କ'ଣ?

A $9x^2 + 8xy + 16y^2$
 $9x^2 + 8xy + 16y^2$

B $9x^2 + 24xy + 16y^2$
 $9x^2 + 24xy + 16y^2$

C $9x^2 - 8xy + 16y^2$
 $9x^2 - 8xy + 16y^2$

D $9x^2 + 24y^2$
 $9x^2 + 24y^2$

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 301105

Topic Name: SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: What is the value of $\sqrt{144} + \sqrt{256}$?

$\sqrt{144} + \sqrt{256}$ ର ମୂଲ୍ୟ କ'ଣ?

A 28
 28

B 38
 38

C 30
 30

D 32
 32

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 301106

Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science

Question: The most important possession for the Aryans was the _____.

ଆର୍ଯ୍ୟମାନଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ସବୁଠାରୁ ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଅଧିକାର ଥିଲା _____ ।

A Horse
 ଘୋଡ଼ା



B Spoked wheels

ସ୍ପୋକ୍ ୱିଲ୍

C Dogs

କୁକୁର

D Cows

ଗାଈ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 301107

Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science

Question: Who is the first ruler of Gupta dynasty?

ଗୁପ୍ତ ବଂଶର ପ୍ରଥମ ଶାସକ କିଏ?

A Chandragupta-I

ଚନ୍ଦ୍ରଗୁପ୍ତ-I

Correct Answer

B Chandragupta-II

ଚନ୍ଦ୍ରଗୁପ୍ତ-II

C Samudragupta

ସମୁଦ୍ରଗୁପ୍ତ

D Harshavardhana

ହର୍ଷବର୍ଦ୍ଧନ

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID: 301108

Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science

Question: "Sati Pratha" in India was abolished due to the effort of:

ଭାରତରେ "ସତୀ ପ୍ରଥା" ଏହି ପ୍ରୟାସ ଯୋଗୁଁ ଉଚ୍ଛେଦ ହୋଇଥିଲା:

A Raja Rammohan Roy

ରାଜା ରାମମୋହନ ରୟ

Correct Answer

B Swami Vivekananda

ସ୍ବାମୀ ବିବେକାନନ୍ଦ

C Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar

ଇଶ୍ବର ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ବିଦ୍ୟାଶାସନ

D Swami Dayananda Saraswati

ସ୍ବାମୀ ଦୟାନନ୍ଦ ସରସ୍ବତୀ

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 301109

Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science

Question: Who wrote a book named "Gulamgiri"?

"ଗୁଲାମଗିରି" ନାମକ ଏକ ପୁସ୍ତକ କିଏ ଲେଖିଥିଲେ?

A Shri Narayan Guru

ଶ୍ରୀ ନାରାୟଣ ଗୁରୁ

B B.R. Ambedkar

ବି.ଆର୍. ଆମ୍ବେଦକର

C Jyotirao Phule

ଜ୍ୟୋତିରାଓ ଫୁଲେ

Correct Answer

D E.V. Ramaswamy Naicker

ଇ.ଭି. ରାମସ୍ୱାମୀ ନାୟକର

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:301110

Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: Which of the following constitutional amendment added "Secular" and "Socialist" words in the preamble of the constitution in the year 1976

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ସମ୍ବିଧାନ ସଂଶୋଧନ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି 1976 ମସିହାରେ ସମ୍ବିଧାନର ପ୍ରସ୍ତାବନାରେ "ଧର୍ମନିରପେକ୍ଷ" ଏବଂ "ସମାଜବାଦୀ" ଶବ୍ଦ ଯୋଡ଼ିଥିଲା

A 42nd

42ତମ

Correct Answer

B 44th

44ତମ

C 52nd

52ତମ

D 68th

68ତମ

Answer Given By Candidate:Not Attempted

Question ID:301111

Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: How many members of constituent assembly signed the Constitution of India?

ସମ୍ବିଧାନୀ ବିଧାୟକ ସଭାର କେତେ ଜଣ ସଦସ୍ୟ ଭାରତୀୟ ସମ୍ବିଧାନରେ ସ୍ୱାକ୍ଷର କରିଛନ୍ତି?

A 385

385

B 284

284

Correct Answer

C 299

299

D 292

292

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:301112

Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: What is the state religion of India?

ଭାରତର ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରଧର୍ମ କ'ଣ ?

A Hindu

ହିନ୍ଦୁ

B Islam

ଇସଲାମ୍

C Christian

ଖ୍ରୀଷ୍ଟିଆନ୍

D Secular

ଧର୍ମନିରପେକ୍ଷ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:301113

Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: Which schedule of the Indian constitution deals with the division of powers between the union and the states?

ଭାରତୀୟ ସମ୍ବିଧାନର କେଉଁ ଅନୁସୂଚୀରେ କେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଓ ରାଜ୍ୟ ମଧ୍ୟରେ କ୍ଷମତା ବିଭାଜନ ସମ୍ପର୍କରେ ଆଲୋଚନା କରାଯାଇଛି?

A First Schedule

ପ୍ରଥମ ଅନୁସୂଚୀ

B Second Schedule

ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ଅନୁସୂଚୀ

C Seventh Schedule

ସପ୍ତମ ଅନୁସୂଚୀ

Correct Answer

D Fourth Schedule

ଚତୁର୍ଥ ଅନୁସୂଚୀ

Answer Given By Candidate:Not Attempted

Question ID:301114

Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: Which of the following committee recommended for three tiers "Panchayati raj System" in India in 1957?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ କମିଟି 1957 ମସିହାରେ ଭାରତରେ ତ୍ରିସ୍ତରୀୟ "ପଞ୍ଚାୟତିରାଜ ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥା" ପାଇଁ ସୁପାରିସ କରିଥିଲା?

A K.V. Kamath committee

କେ.ଭି. କାମଥ୍ କମିଟି

B C. Rangarajan Committee

ସି. ରଙ୍ଗରାଜନ୍ କମିଟି

C Balwant Rai Mehta Committee

ବଲ୍‌ସ୍‌ଫୁଲ୍ ରାୟ ମେହେଟା କମିଟି

Correct Answer

D P.K. Mehta Committee

ପି.କେ. ମେହେଟା କମିଟି

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:301115

Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: Word "Steppe" is related to which of the following biomes?

ଶବ୍ଦ "ଷ୍ଟେପ୍" ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ କେଉଁ ବାୟୋମ୍ ସହିତ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧିତ?

A Grassland

ଘାସଘାଟ

Correct Answer

B Tropical Forest

ଉଷ୍ଣକଟିବନ୍ଧ ଜଙ୍ଗଲ

C Desert

ମରୁଭୂମି

D Coniferous Forest

ଶିଳ୍ପ ପ୍ରସ୍ତ ଜଙ୍ଗଲ

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:301116

Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: What is the meaning of the word "doldrums"?

"ଡଲ୍‌ଡ୍ରମ୍" ଶବ୍ଦର ଅର୍ଥ କ'ଣ?

A The zone with no winds

ପବନ ନଥିବା ଅଞ୍ଚଳ

Correct Answer

B The zone with strong winds

ପ୍ରବଳ ପବନ ସହ ଏହି ଅଞ୍ଚଳ

C The zone with no rainfall

ବର୍ଷା ନଥିବା ଏହି ଅଞ୍ଚଳ

D The zone with heavy rainfall

ପ୍ରବଳ ବର୍ଷା ସହ ଏହି ଅଞ୍ଚଳ

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:301117

Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: The _____ oil-field is the oldest in India.

_____ ତୈଳ କ୍ଷେତ୍ର ଭାରତର ସବୁଠାରୁ ପୁରୁଣା ।

A Haldia

ହଲଦିଆ

B Bombay High

ବମ୍ବେ ହାଇ

C Digboi

ଦିଗବୋଏ

Correct Answer

D Mangala

ମଙ୍ଗଳା

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 301118

Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science

Question: The main purpose of the Farakka barrage is to:

ଫରାକ୍କା ବ୍ୟାରେଜର ମୁଖ୍ୟ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟ ହେଉଛି:

A Bring more area under irrigation

ଅଧିକ ଅଞ୍ଚଳକୁ ଜଳସେଚନ ଅଧୀନରେ ଆଣିବା

B Supply drinking water

ପାନୀୟ ଜଳ ଯୋଗାଣ କରିବା

C Meet the power shortage

ବିଦ୍ୟୁତ୍ ଅଭାବ ପୂରଣ କରିବା

D Preserve and maintain navigation

ନେଭିଗେସନ୍ ସଂରକ୍ଷଣ ଏବଂ ରକ୍ଷଣାବେକ୍ଷଣ କରିବା

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID: 301119

Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science

Question: Which among the following pairs is NOT CORRECT?

1. Prime Meridian – Longitude

2. Tropic of Cancer – Longitude

3. Equator – Latitude

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଯୋଡ଼ିମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଠିକ୍ ନୁହେଁ?

1. ପ୍ରମୁଖ ଧରୁବ ବୃତ୍ତ - ଦ୍ରାଘିମା

2. କର୍କଟ ରେଖା - ଦ୍ରାଘିମା

3. ବିଷୁବ ରେଖା - ଅକ୍ଷାଂଶ

A 1 and 2

1 ଏବଂ 2

B 1 and 3

1 ଏବଂ 3

C Only 3

କେବଳ 3

D Only 2

କେବଳ 2

Correct AnswerCorrect
Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID:301120

Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: What is the total number of latitudes and longitudes respectively on the earth?

ପୃଥିବୀରେ ଯଥାକ୍ରମେ ଅକ୍ଷାଂଶ ଓ ଦ୍ରାଘିମାର ସମୁଦାୟ ସଂଖ୍ୟା କେତେ?

A 181 and 360

181 ଏବଂ 360

Correct Answer

B 360 and 181

360 ଏବଂ 181

C 90 and 90

90 ଏବଂ 90

D 180 and 180

180 ଏବଂ 180

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID:301121

Topic Name:SECTION-II Science

Question: If the temperature is increased, the volume of a fixed mass of gas at constant pressure:

ଯଦି ତାପମାତ୍ରା ବୃଦ୍ଧି କରାଯାଏ, ନିରନ୍ତର ତାପରେ ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ଗ୍ୟାସର ପରିମାଣ:

A Increases

ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଏ

Correct Answer

B Decreases

ହ୍ରାସ ପାଏ

C remains constant

ସ୍ଥିର ରହିଥାଏ

D None of the above

ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କୌଣସିଟି ନୁହେଁ

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID:301122

Topic Name:SECTION-II Science

Question: Rate of evaporation _____ with _____ in surface area.

ଉପକ୍ଷେପରେ _____ ସହିତ ବାଷ୍ପୀକରଣର ହାର _____ ।

A increases, increase

ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଏ, ବୃଦ୍ଧି

B increases, decrease

ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଏ, ହ୍ରାସ ହୁଏ

C decreases, increase

ହ୍ରାସ ହୁଏ, ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଏ

D None of the above

ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କୌଣସିଟି ନୁହେଁ

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 301123

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: The amount of solute present in a given amount (mass or volume) of solution or solvent is:

ଦ୍ରବଣ ବା ଦ୍ରବଣର ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ପରିମାଣ (ବସ୍ତୁ ବା ପରିମାଣ) ରେ ଥିବା ଦ୍ରବଣର ପରିମାଣ ହେଉଛି:

A Density

ଘନତା

B Concentration

ଏକାଗ୍ରତା

Correct Answer

C Colloid

ଶ୍ଳେଷ ତତ୍ତ୍ୱ

D Alloy

ଶ୍ଳେଷ ତତ୍ତ୍ୱ

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID: 301124

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: Which one of the following reactions is a balanced reaction?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟା ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଏକ ସନ୍ତୁଳିତ ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ?

A $\text{Zn(s)} + \text{O}_2\text{(g)} \rightarrow \text{ZnO}_2\text{(s)}$

$\text{Zn(s)} + \text{O}_2\text{(g)} \rightarrow \text{ZnO}_2\text{(s)}$

B $\text{Zn(s)} + \text{Cl(g)} \rightarrow \text{ZnCl}_2\text{(s)}$

$\text{Zn(s)} + \text{Cl(g)} \rightarrow \text{ZnCl}_2\text{(s)}$

C $\text{Zn(s)} + \text{Cl(g)} \rightarrow \text{ZnCl(g)}$

$\text{Zn(s)} + \text{Cl(g)} \rightarrow \text{ZnCl(g)}$

D $\text{Zn(s)} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4\text{(aq)} \rightarrow \text{ZnSO}_4\text{(aq)} + \text{H}_2\text{(g)}$

$\text{Zn(s)} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4\text{(aq)} \rightarrow \text{ZnSO}_4\text{(aq)} + \text{H}_2\text{(g)}$

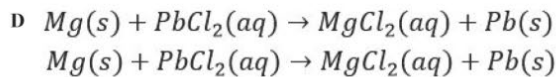
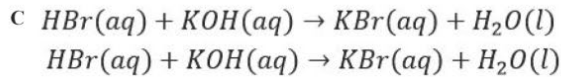
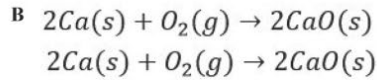
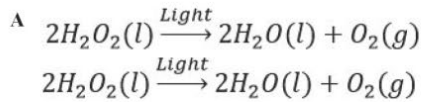
Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 301125

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: Which one of the following is a double displacement reaction?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଏକ ଯୁଗ୍ମ ବିସ୍ଥାପନ ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ?



Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID: 301126

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: The Gravitational force (F) between Earth (mass M, radius R) and an object (mass m) lying on the surface of the earth is:

ପୃଥିବୀ (ବସ୍ତୁମାନ M, ବ୍ୟାସାର୍ଦ୍ଧ R) ଏବଂ ପୃଥିବୀ ପୃଷ୍ଠରେ ଥିବା ଏକ ବସ୍ତୁ (ବସ୍ତୁ m) ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଥିବା ମାଧ୍ୟାକର୍ଷଣ ବଳ (F) ହେଉଛି:

A $GMmR^2$
 $GMmR^2$

B GMm/R^3
 GMm/R^3

C GMm/R
 GMm/R

D GMm/R^2
 GMm/R^2

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID: 301127

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: Petroleum is _____
 ପେଟ୍ରୋଲିୟମ ହେଉଛି _____

A a renewable source of energy
 ଶକ୍ତିର ଏକ ନବୀକରଣଯୋଗ୍ୟ ଉତ୍ସ

B an unlimited reserve
 ଏକ ଅସୀମିତ ସଂରକ୍ଷଣ

C a non-conventional source of energy
 ଶକ୍ତିର ଏକ ଅଣ-ପାରମ୍ପରିକ ଉତ୍ସ

D a fossil fuel
 ଏକ ଜୀବାଶ୍ମ ଇନ୍ଧନ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 301128

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: A bus travels 18 Km in 60 minutes. The speed of the bus in m/s is ?

ଗୋଟିଏ ବସ୍ 60 ମିନିଟରେ 18 କିଲୋମିଟର ଯାତ୍ରା କରିଥାଏ। m/s ରେ ବସ୍ ର ବେଗ କ'ଣ?

A 3
3

B 90
90

C 25
25

Correct Answer

D 5
5

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 301129

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: The colourless fluid present inside the chloroplasts in a plant is

ଏକ ଉଦ୍ଭିଦରେ କ୍ଲୋରୋପ୍ଲାଷ୍ଟମଧ୍ୟରେ ଥିବା ରଙ୍ଗହୀନ ତରଳ ପଦାର୍ଥ ହେଉଛି _____ ।

A grana
ଗ୍ରାନା

B Thylakoid
ଥାଇଲାକୋଏଡ୍

C Stroma
ଷ୍ଟ୍ରୋମା

Correct Answer

D Lamellae
ଲାମେଲ୍ଲେ

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 301130

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: _____ are commonly referred to as the powerhouses of a plant cell.

_____ ସାଧାରଣତଃ ଉଦ୍ଭିଦ କୋଷର ପାୱାରହାଉସ୍ ବୋଲି କୁହାଯାଏ ।

A Mitochondria
ମାଇଟୋକଣ୍ଡ୍ରିଆ

Correct Answer

B Chloroplasts
କ୍ଲୋରୋପ୍ଲାଷ୍ଟ୍ସ

C Ribosomes
ରିବୋସମ୍ସ

D Lysosomes
ଲାଇସୋସମ୍ସ

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 301131

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: The exchange of gases with the atmosphere mainly takes place through _____ of a plant.

ବାୟୁମାନସ୍ତଳ ସହିତ ଗ୍ୟାସର ବିନିମୟ ମୁଖ୍ୟତଃ ଏକ ଗଛର _____ ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ହୋଇଥାଏ ।

A nodes

ଗୁଚ୍ଛି

B Stems

କାଣ୍ଡ

C Bark

ଛାଲ

D Leaves

ପତ୍ର

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 301132

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: The specific areas where cells divide actively and which contribute to the growth of a plant are called _____.

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ କ୍ଷେତ୍ର ଯେଉଁଠାରେ କୋଷଗୁଡ଼ିକ ସକ୍ରିୟ ଭାବରେ ବିଭାଜିତ ହୁଏ ଏବଂ ଯାହା ଏକ ଗଛର ବୃଦ୍ଧିରେ ଯୋଗଦାନ କରେ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ _____ କୁହାଯାଏ ।

A Meristems

ମେରିଷ୍ଟେମ୍

Correct Answer

B Lenticels

ଲେଣ୍ଟିକେଲ୍

C Mesoderms

ମେସୋଡର୍ମ

D Epitheliums

ଏପିଥେଲିୟମ୍

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID: 301133

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: The ability of a flowering plant to physiologically respond to the length of day or night is called _____.

ଦିନ କିମ୍ବା ରାତିର ଦୈର୍ଘ୍ୟକୁ ଶାରୀରିକ ଭାବରେ ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟା ଦେବା ପାଇଁ ଏକ ପୁଲ ଗଛର କ୍ଷମତାକୁ _____ କୁହାଯାଏ ।

A periodism

ପିରିୟଡିଜିମ୍

B hemostasis

ହେମୋଷ୍ଟାସିସ୍

C photoperiodism

ଫଟୋପିରିୟଡିଜିମ୍

Correct Answer

D apoptosis

ଆପୋପ୍ଟୋସିସ୍

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID: 301134

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: Which of the following microbes can turn carbon dioxide into oxygen?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଜୀବାଣୁ କାର୍ବନ ଡାଇଅକ୍ସାଇଡକୁ ଅକ୍ସିଜନରେ ପରିଣତ କରିପାରିବେ?

- A Slime mould
ସ୍ଲାଇମ୍ ମୋଲ୍ଡ
- B Streptococcus
ଷ୍ଟ୍ରେପ୍ଟୋକୋକସ୍
- C Cyanobacteria
ସିଆନୋବ୍ୟାକ୍ଟେରିଆ
- D Yeast
ଇଷ୍ଟ

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 301135

Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: _____ bacteria live in gut and help in digestion.

_____ ଜୀବାଣୁ ସ୍ତୁଷ୍ଣ ଲୋକଙ୍କ ପେଟରେ ବାସ କରନ୍ତି ।

- A Streptococcus
ଷ୍ଟ୍ରେପ୍ଟୋକୋକସ୍
- B Cyanobacteria
ସିଆନୋବ୍ୟାକ୍ଟେରିଆ
- C Staphylococcus
ଷ୍ଟାଫିଲୋକୋକସ୍
- D Lactobacillus
ଲାକ୍ଟୋବ୍ୟାସିଲସ୍

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: C

ଓଡ଼ିଶାର ସମସ୍ତ ପୁରୁଷ ବର୍ଷର ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ଉତ୍ତର ପାଇଁ

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