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T.E & SCERT Exam 2023
(CANDIDATE RESPONSE SHEET)
Roll No   23DE757910
App No   23DE757910
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Paper/Subject   D.El.Ed(Odia)
Exam Date   02 Jun 2023
Exam Slot   3

The questions are based on a short passage. Read the passage below to answer the questions. Choose the correct answer from the four listed choices.

Rakesh was the first son in the family to receive an education, so much had been sacrificed in order to send him to school and then medical college, and at last the fruits of their sacrifice had arrived, golden and glorious.

And that was only the beginning, the first step in a great, sweeping ascent to the radiant heights of fame and fortune. The thesis he wrote for his M.D. brought Rakesh still greater glory, if only in select medical circles. He won a scholarship. He went to the U.S.A. (that was what his father learnt to call it and taught the whole family to say – not America, which was what the ignorant neighbours called it, but with a grand familiarity, 'the U.S.A.') where he pursued his career in the most prestigious of all hospitals and won encomiums from his American colleagues which were relayed to his admiring and glowing family.

What was more, he came back, he actually returned to that small yellow house in the once-new but increasingly shabby colony, right at the end of the road where the rubbish vans tipped out their stinking contents for pigs to nose in and rag-pickers to build their shacks on, all steaming and smoking just outside the neat wire fences and well-tended gardens. To this Rakesh returned and the first thing he did on entering the house was to slip out of the embraces of his sisters and brothers and bow down and touch his father's feet.

Passage:

Question ID: 12011
Topic Name: SECTION-I English Language
Question: From the passage, we can deduce that the phrase "that was only the beginning" refers to Rakesh _____

A   writing a thesis and getting a job in a company

B   bowing down and touching his father's feet

C   returning to his humble home

D   completing school and medical college education successfully   **Correct Answer**

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:12012
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: From the context of the passage the word "encomiums" means

A   Praises   **Correct Answer**

B   Criticisms

C   Sarcasm

D   Ridicule

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:12013
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: According to the passage, Rakesh was:

A   very successful and very haughty

B   very successful yet very humble   **Correct Answer**

C   unsuccessful and very proud

D   unsuccessful yet very humble

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:12014
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Select the correct synonym of "HILARIOUS".

A   Sad

B   Tragic

C   Entertaining   **Correct Answer**

D   Boring

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:12015
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Select the correct synonym of "Distant".

A   Close

B   Spoil

C   Near

D   Far   **Correct Answer**

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:12016
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Select the correct antonym of "INDUSTRIOUS".

A   Lazy   Correct Answer

B   Smart

C   Late

D   Stale

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:12017
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Choose the correct meaning of the idiom, "As fit as Fiddle".

A   Fit but Fat

B   Fit and well   Correct Answer

C   Very Weak

D   Takes shortcuts

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:12018
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Choose the correct meaning of the idiom, "A red letter day".

A   A very bad day

B   A very dangerous day

C   Valentine's day

D   A very important day   Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:12019
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Complete the sentence using the correct article.

_____ many crops are grown in red soil.

A   A

B   An

C   The

D No article Required   Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID: 120110
Topic Name: SECTION-I English Language
Question: Complete the sentence using the correct preposition.

Tagore is popular _____ Indian readers.

A with   Correct Answer

B off

C On

D Under

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID: 120111
Topic Name: SECTION-I Education and General Awareness
Question: Where is energy of sunlight stored in green plants?

ସବୁଜ ଗଛରେ ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟକିରଣର ଶକ୍ତି କେଉଁଠାରେ ସଞ୍ଚୟ ହୋଇଥାଏ?

A Membranes

ଝିଲ୍ଲି

B Chloroplasts   Correct Answer

କ୍ଲୋରୋପ୍ଲାଷ୍ଟସ୍

C Stem

କାଣ୍ଡ

D Roots

ଚେର

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID: 120112
Topic Name: SECTION-I Education and General Awareness
Question: National Bal Bhavan is an autonomous institution. It comes under which Ministry of the Govt. Of India?

ଜାତୀୟ ଶିଶୁ ଭବନ ଏକ ସ୍ୱୟଂଶାସିତ ଅନୁଷ୍ଠାନ । ଏହା ଭାରତ ସରକାରଙ୍କ କେଉଁ ମନ୍ତ୍ରଣାଳୟ ଅଧୀନରେ ଆସୁଛି?

A Ministry of Human Resource Development   Correct Answer

ମାନବ ସମ୍ବଳ ବିକାଶ ମନ୍ତ୍ରଣାଳୟ

B Ministry of Culture

ସଂସ୍କୃତି ମନ୍ତ୍ରଣାଳୟ

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C   Ministry of Child Welfare

ଶିଶୁ କଲ୍ୟାଣ ମନ୍ତ୍ରଣାଳୟ

D   Ministry of Education

ଶିକ୍ଷା ମନ୍ତ୍ରଣାଳୟ

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:120113
Topic Name:SECTION-I Education and General Awareness
Question: National Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research (NIPER) is located in which city?

ଜାତୀୟ ଔଷଧ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଓ ଗବେଷଣା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠାନ (NIPER) କେଉଁ ସହରରେ ଅବସ୍ଥିତ ?

A   Chandigarh

ଚଣ୍ଡିଗଡ଼

B   Chennai

ଚେନ୍ନାଇ

C   Hyderabad   Correct Answer

ହାଇଦ୍ରାବାଦ୍

D   Thiruvananthapuram

ତିରୁବନନ୍ତପୁରମ୍

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:120114
Topic Name:SECTION-I Education and General Awareness
Question: The Election Commission of India was established in the year_____ in India.

ଭାରତରେ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ଆୟୋଗ _____ ବର୍ଷରେ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା କରାଯାଇଥିଲା ।

A   1947
    1947

B   1955
    1955

C   1950   Correct Answer
    1950

D   1942
    1942

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:120115
Topic Name:SECTION-I Education and General Awareness
Question: What is the purpose of the initiative- Manodarpan?

ଏହି ମନୋଦର୍ପଣ ପଦକ୍ଷେପର ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟ କ'ଣ?

A Support overall health of the child

ଶିଶୁର ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ସ୍ୱାସ୍ଥ୍ୟକୁ ସମର୍ଥନ କରନ୍ତୁ

B Provide Medicines to needy students

ଅଭାବୀ ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀଙ୍କୁ ଔଷଧ ଯୋଗାଇ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ

C Psychosocial Support for Mental Health and well being of Students   *Correct Answer*

ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀଙ୍କ ମାନସିକ ସ୍ୱାସ୍ଥ୍ୟ ଏବଂ କଲ୍ୟାଣ ପାଇଁ ମନୋସାମାଜିକ ସହାୟତା

D Provide health and well-being for the family

ପରିବାର ପାଇଁ ସ୍ୱାସ୍ଥ୍ୟ ଓ କଲ୍ୟାଣ ଯୋଗାଇ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:120116
Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning
Question: Read the statements and select the best conclusion/conclusions that follows/follow the assumptions made in the statements.

Statements:

1. In a T20 cricket match, the total runs made by a team were 120.
2. Out of these, 60 runs were made by spinners.

Conclusions:

1. 20% of the team consists of spinners.

2. The middle order batsmen were spinners.

ବିବୃତିଗୁଡ଼ିକ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ଏବଂ ବିବୃତିରେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ଧାରଣାଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ଅନୁସରଣ କରୁଥିବା /ଅନୁସରଣ କରୁଥିବା ସର୍ବୋଉମ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ/ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଚୟନ କରନ୍ତୁ।
Statements:

1. ଗୋଟିଏ ଟି-20 କ୍ରିକେଟ୍ ମ୍ୟାଚ୍ ରେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଦଳ ମୋଟ ରନ୍ 120 ରନ୍ କରିଥିଲା।
2. ସେଥିମଧ୍ୟରୁ 60 ରନ୍ ସ୍ପିନରମାନେ କରିଥିଲେ।

ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ:

1. ଦଳରେ 20% ସ୍ପିନର ରହିଛନ୍ତି।
2. ମଧ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ବ୍ୟାଟ୍ସମ୍ୟାନ୍ ସ୍ପିନର ଥିଲେ।

A Only conclusion 1 follows
   କେବଳ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ 1 ଅନୁସରଣ କରନ୍ତି

B Both the conclusions follow
   ଉଭୟ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ ଅନୁସରଣ କରନ୍ତି

C Only Conclusion 2 follows
   କେବଳ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ 2ଅନୁସରଣ କରେ

D Neither 1 nor 2 follows
   1 କିମ୍ବା 2 ଅନୁସରଣ କରେନାହିଁ   Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:120117
Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning
Question: In a certain code, VIJAY is written as XHLZA. How is APPLE written in
that code?

ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତରେ, ବିଜୟକୁ XHLZA ବୋଲି ଲେଖାଯାଇଛି I ସେହି ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତରେ ଆପଲ୍ କିପରି
ଲେଖାଯାଇଛି?

A CORKG   Correct Answer
   CORKG

B BOSKG
   BOSKG

C BPSKG
   BPSKG

D COSKG
   COSKG

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:120118
Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning
Question: In a certain code LENGTH is written as NIPKVL. How is VOLUME
written in that code?

ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତରେ ଲେଙ୍ଥ କୁ NIPKVL ଭାବରେ ଲେଖାଯାଇଥାଏ I ସେହି ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତରେ ଭଲ୍ୟୁମ୍
କିପରି ଲେଖାଯାଇଛି?

A YXMYIO
   YXMYIO

B XTMYPI
   XTMYPI

C XSNYOI   Correct Answer
   XSNYOI

D YXMYOI
   YXMYOI

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Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:120119
Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning
Question: Find the next term in the series below.

663, 640, 617, 594, 571, 548, ____, 502

ନିମ୍ନରେ ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ପରବର୍ତ୍ତୀ ଶବ୍ଦ ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ କରନ୍ତୁ।

663, 640, 617, 594, 571, 548, ____, 502

A 530
   530

B 539
   539

C 525   Correct Answer
   525

D 512
   512

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:120120
Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning
Question: Fill the blank with correct option.

BIP, BJP, BKQ, CLQ, CMR, CNR, DOS, ____

ସଠିକ୍ ବିକଳ୍ପ ସହିତ ଖାଲି ସ୍ଥାନ ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ କରନ୍ତୁ।

BIP, BJP, BKQ, CLQ, CMR, CNR, DOS, ____

A DPS   Correct Answer
   DPS

B DSR
   DSR

C CRS
   CRS

D DQS
   DQS

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:120121
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: How can a teacher promote a positive classroom culture?

ଜଣେ ଶିକ୍ଷକ କିପରି ଏକ ସକାରାତ୍ମକ ଶ୍ରେଣୀଗୃହ ସଂସ୍କୃତିକୁ ପ୍ରୋତ୍ସାହିତ କରିପାରିବେ?

A By criticizing students' mistakes
   ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀଙ୍କ ଭୁଲ୍‌କୁ ସମାଲୋଚନା କରି

B By punishing others

ଅନ୍ୟମାନଙ୍କୁ ଦଣ୍ଡ ଦେଇ

C By fostering respect, kindness, and inclusivity   Correct Answer

ସମ୍ମାନ, ଦୟା ଏବଂ ଅନ୍ତର୍ଭୁକ୍ତିକରଣକୁ ପ୍ରୋତ୍ସାହିତ କରି

D By enforcing strict rules without flexibility

ନମନୀୟତା ବିନା କଠୋର ନିୟମ ଲାଗୁ କରି

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:120122
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: An interactive and welcoming environment can positively impact engagement, help address anonymity concerns as well as group diversity. These are a part of Life skills. Which one of the given below is suitable to convert problems into useful work.

ଏକ ଆପୋଷ ବୁଝାବଣା ଏବଂ ସ୍ୱାଗତଯୋଗ୍ୟ ପରିବେଶ ସଂପୃକ୍ତିକୁ ସକାରାତ୍ମକ ଭାବରେ ପ୍ରଭାବିତ କରିପାରେ, ଗୋପନୀୟତା ଚିନ୍ତା ଏବଂ ଗୋଷ୍ଠୀ ବିବିଧତାକୁ ସମାଧାନ କରିବାରେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରିପାରେ । ଏଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଜୀବନ ଦକ୍ଷତାର ଏକ ଅଂଶ ଅଟେ । ସମସ୍ୟାଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ଉପଯୋଗୀ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟରେ ପରିଣତ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ନିମ୍ନରେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଅଟେ ।

A Rigidity and responsibility

କଠୋରତା ଏବଂ ଦାୟିତ୍ୱ

B Flexibility and productivity   Correct Answer

ନମନୀୟତା ଏବଂ ଉତ୍ପାଦକତା

C Authoritative and Commanding

ପ୍ରାମାଣିକ ଏବଂ କମାଣ୍ଡିଂ

D Commitment and Rigidity

ପ୍ରତିବଦ୍ଧତା ଏବଂ କଠୋରତା

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:120123
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Identify the most appropriate option regarding teachers action.

ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ ସବୁଠାରୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ବିକଳ୍ପ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରନ୍ତୁ।

A If a plan does not work, get irritated and frustrated.

ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଯୋଜନା କାମ କରେ ନାହିଁ, ତେବେ ବିରକ୍ତ ଓ ନିରାଶ ହୁଅନ୍ତୁ।

B If a plan does not work, get dejected.

ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଯୋଜନା କାମ କରୁନାହିଁ, ତେବେ ନିରାଶ ହୁଅନ୍ତୁ।

C If a plan does not work, encourage to try differently.

ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଯୋଜନା କାମ କରେ ନାହିଁ, ତେବେ ଭିନ୍ନ ଭାବରେ ଚେଷ୍ଟା କରିବାକୁ ଉତ୍ସାହିତ କରନ୍ତୁ।

Correct Answer

D If a plan does not work, encourage to forget the issue.

ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଯୋଜନା କାମ କରେ ନାହିଁ, ତେବେ ଏହି ପ୍ରସଙ୍ଗକୁ ଭୁଲିଯିବାକୁ ଉତ୍ସାହିତ କରନ୍ତୁ।

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:120124
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Students should learn to ask a few questions like

What did I learn by doing this?

Could I have done the problem in another way?

ଛାତ୍ରମାନେ କିଛି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ପଚାରିବା ଶିଖିବା ଉଚିତ୍ ଯେପରିକି

ଏପରି କରି ମୁଁ କ'ଣ ଶିଖିଲି?

ମୁଁ ସମସ୍ୟାକୁ ଅନ୍ୟ ଉପାୟରେ କରିପାରିବ କି?

A This engages children in learning questions

ଏହା ପିଲାମାନଙ୍କୁ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ଶିଖିବାରେ ନିୟୋଜିତ କରେ

B This engages children in reflection process

ଏହା ପିଲାମାନଙ୍କୁ ପ୍ରତିଫଳନ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟାରେ ନିୟୋଜିତ କରେ

Correct Answer

C This engages children in content construction

ଏହା ପିଲାମାନଙ୍କୁ ବିଷୟବସ୍ତୁ ନିର୍ମାଣରେ ନିୟୋଜିତ କରେ

D This engages children in rivalry.

ଏହା ଦ୍ୱାରା ପିଲାମାନେ ପ୍ରତିଦ୍ୱନ୍ଦ୍ୱିତାରେ ଲିପ୍ତ ହୁଅନ୍ତି।

Answer Given By Candidate:Not Attempted

Question ID:120125
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Which of the following factors is an example of an external barrier to learning?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ବିଷୟଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଶିଖିବା ପାଇଁ ବାହ୍ୟ ପ୍ରତିବନ୍ଧକର ଏକ ଉଦାହରଣ?

A Lack of interest
ଆଗ୍ରହର ଅଭାବ

B Procrastination
ବିଳମ୍ବ

C Distractions in the learning environment
ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ପରିବେଶରେ ବିଭ୍ରାଟ

Correct Answer

D Lack of prior knowledge
ପୂର୍ବ ଜ୍ଞାନର ଅଭାବ

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:120126
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Eye contact, physical gestures and slight head shake by the teacher in a classroom are few:

ଶ୍ରେଣୀଗୃହରେ ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କ ଦ୍ୱାରା ଆଖି ସଂସ୍ପର୍ଶ, ଶାରୀରିକ ଇଙ୍ଗିତ ଏବଂ ସାମାନ୍ୟ ମୁଣ୍ଡ ହଲାଇବା ଅଳ୍ପ:

A Distractors in classroom
ଶ୍ରେଣୀଗୃହରେ ବିଭ୍ରାଟ

B Verbal cues
ମୌଖିକ ସଙ୍କେତ

C Nonverbal cues
ଅଣାଧିକ ସଙ୍କେତ

Correct Answer

D All of the Above
ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ତ

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:120127
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Identify the main objectives of Ministry of Education:

ଶିକ୍ଷା ମନ୍ତ୍ରଣାଳୟର ମୁଖ୍ୟ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରନ୍ତୁ:

A To develop education policies and programs
ଶିକ୍ଷା ନୀତି ଓ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମର ବିକାଶ କରିବା

B To implement education policies and programs
ଶିକ୍ଷା ନୀତି ଓ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମର ବିକାଶ କରିବା

C Provide financial help in the form of scholarships, loan subsidy, etc
ବୃତ୍ତି, ଋଣ ସବସିଡି ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ଆକାରରେ ଆର୍ଥିକ ସହାୟତା ପ୍ରଦାନ କରନ୍ତୁ

D All of the Above
ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ତ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID: 120128
Topic Name: SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Name an apex body responsible for quality education in state.

ରାଜ୍ୟରେ ଗୁଣାମୂଳକ ଶିକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ ଦାୟୀ ଏକ ସର୍ବୋଚ୍ଚ ସଂସ୍ଥାର ନାମ କୁହନ୍ତୁ।

A SCERT-State council of Education Research and teaching
ଏସସିଇଆରଟି-ରାଜ୍ୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଗବେଷଣା ଓ ଶିକ୍ଷା ପରିଷଦ

B SCERT- State council of Educational Research and training
ଏସସିଇଆରଟି- ରାଜ୍ୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଗବେଷଣା ଓ ପ୍ରଶିକ୍ଷଣ ପରିଷଦ

Correct Ansv

C SCERT-State council of Educational Research and tracking
ଏସସିଇଆରଟି-ରାଜ୍ୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଗବେଷଣା ଓ ଟ୍ରାକିଂ ପରିଷଦ

D SCERT-State council of Educational Research and testing
ଏସସିଇଆରଟି-ରାଜ୍ୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଗବେଷଣା ଓ ପରୀକ୍ଷଣ ପରିଷଦ

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID: 120129
Topic Name: SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Examinations are the only type of assessment that matter, that gives information to the teachers about their learning.

ପରୀକ୍ଷା ହେଉଛି ଏକମାତ୍ର ପ୍ରକାରର ମୂଲ୍ୟାୟନ, ଯାହା ଶିକ୍ଷକମାନଙ୍କୁ ସେମାନଙ୍କ ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ବିଷୟରେ ସୂଚନା ଦେଇଥାଏ ।

A The statement is true.

Examinations test the cognitive ability of children and gives apt information.
ଏହି ଉକ୍ତି ଠିକ୍।

ପରୀକ୍ଷା ପିଲାମାନଙ୍କର ଜ୍ଞାନ କ୍ଷମତା ପରୀକ୍ଷା କରି ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ସୂଚନା ଦେଇଥାଏ।

B The statement is not correct.

Examinations are only way that provides teachers more information about students learning.
ଉକ୍ତି ଠିକ୍ ନୁହେଁ।

ପରୀକ୍ଷା ହେଉଛି ଏକମାତ୍ର ଉପାୟ ଯାହା ଶିକ୍ଷକମାନଙ୍କୁ ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀଙ୍କ ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ବିଷୟରେ ଅଧିକ ସୂଚନା ପ୍ରଦାନ କରେ ।

C The statement is true.

Examinations are the only timely measure to check the learning and skill abilities of children.

ଏହି ଉକ୍ତି ଠିକ୍ ।

ପିଲାଙ୍କ ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ଏବଂ ଦକ୍ଷତା ଯାଞ୍ଚ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ପରୀକ୍ଷା ହେଉଛି ଏକମାତ୍ର ସମୟୋପଯୋଗୀ ଉପାୟ ।

D The statement is not correct.

Examinations are not the only type of assessment that matter, that gives information to the teachers   *Correct Answer*

ପରୀକ୍ଷା କେବଳ ଏକ ପ୍ରକାର ମୂଲ୍ୟାୟନ ନୁହେଁ, ଯାହା ଶିକ୍ଷକମାନଙ୍କୁ ସୂଚନା ଦେଇଥାଏ

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:120130
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question:A pedagogy which is an art of bringing together audio, images, and text to share information on a specific topic.

ଏକ ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନ ଯାହା ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧିଷ୍ଟ ବିଷୟ ଉପରେ ସୂଚନା ଅଂଶୀଦାର କରିବା ପାଇଁ ଅଡିଓ, ଚିତ୍ର ଏବଂ ଟେକ୍ସଟ୍ କୁ ଏକାଠି କରିବାର ଏକ କଳା ଅଟେ ।

A Traditional Lecture based Learning
ପାରମ୍ପରିକ ବକ୍ତୃତା ଭିତ୍ତିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା

B Digital Storytelling   *Correct Answer*
ଡିଜିଟାଲ କାହାଣୀ

C Flipped Learning
ଫ୍ଲିପ୍ ହୋଇଥିବା ଶିକ୍ଷା

D Puppet show
କଣ୍ଢେଇ ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶନ

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:120131
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: ଗୋଷ୍ଠର ତଭବ ଶବ୍ଦଟି କଣ ?

A ଗୋଇଠି

B ଗୋଠ   *Correct Answer*

C ଗୋଡ

D ଗୋଷ୍ଠି

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:120132
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: ବୈଦେଶିକ ଶବ୍ଦ ପାଇଁ କେଉଁ ଉକ୍ତିଟି ଠିକ୍ ?

A ପର୍ତ୍ତୁଗୀଜ ଓ ଯାବନିକ ମାନଙ୍କ ଭାଷାରୁ ଆସିଥିବା କିଛି ଶବ୍ଦ ।

B ବାହାର ଦେଶର ଲୋକେ କହୁଥିବା ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଶବ୍ଦ ।

C କେବଳ ଇଂରାଜୀରୁ ଆସିଥିବା କିଛି ଶବ୍ଦ ଆମ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷାରେ ମିଶିଛି ।

D ପର୍ତ୍ତୁଗୀଜ,ଯାବନିକ,ପାରସିକ,ତୁର୍କୀ ଓ ଇଂରାଜୀରୁ ଆସିଥିବା କିଛି   *Correct Answer*
ଶବ୍ଦ ଆମ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷାରେ ମିଶିଛି ।

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:120133
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ଭୂଇଁ 'ର ମୂଳ ଶବ୍ଦଟି କ'ଣ?

A ଭୂମି   *Correct Answer*

B ଭୂ

C ମୃତ୍ତିକା

D କ୍ଷିତି

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:120134
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ଅଗ୍ନି' ର ସମାନ ଅର୍ଥ ବୁଝାଉଥିବା ଶବ୍ଦଟି କ'ଣ?

A ଅଭ୍ର

B ବହ୍ନି   *Correct Answer*

C ବ୍ୟୋମ

D ନଭ

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:120135
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language

Question: ନିମ୍ନୋକ୍ତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ 'ଘର' ର ପ୍ରତିଶବ୍ଦଟି କ'ଣ ହେବ?

A   ଆଳୟ   Correct Answer

B   ଘୋଟକ

C   ଉଦକ

D   ଭୂମି

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:120136
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ପଙ୍କଜ, ନଳିନୀ, ଉତ୍ପଳ' ଏସବୁ କେଉଁ ଶବ୍ଦର ସମାନାର୍ଥ ବୋଧକ ଶବ୍ଦ?

A   ଜଳ

B   ପୁଷ୍ପ

C   କମଳ   Correct Answer

D   କୁସୁମ

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:120137
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question:

'ଥରେ କହିଲେ ଶୁଣିପାରିଲୁନି, ଯେ ଏତେ ଥର ଫତେଇ ହେଉଛୁ' – ଉକ୍ତ ବାକ୍ୟଟିରେ ପ୍ରୟୋଗ ହୋଇଥିବା ରୂଢ଼ି (ଏତେ ଥର ଫତେଇ ହେଉଛୁ) ର ଅର୍ଥ କଣ?

A   ଅନ୍ୟକୁ ବିରକ୍ତ କରିବା

B   ବାରମ୍ବାର ଗୋଟିଏ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କରିବା

C   ଗୋଟିଏ କଥାକୁ ବାରମ୍ବାର ପଚାରିବା   Correct Answer

D   ଶୁଣା ନଯିବା

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:120138
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ରାଗ ଜର୍ଜରିତ ହେବା'ର ଲୋକବାଣୀଟି କ'ଣ ହେବ?

A   ରକ୍ତ ଚାଉଳ ଚୋବେଇବା   Correct Answer

B   ଗର୍ଜନ କରିବା

C ରାଗିଯାଇ ଅନ୍ୟ ଉପରେ ପ୍ରହାର କରିବା

D ରକ୍ତ ଗରମ ହୋଇଯିବା

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:120139
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ଦାଉ ସାଧିବା' ଅର୍ଥାତ୍ କ'ଣ?

A କନ୍ଧେଇବା

B କଷ୍ଟ ଦେବା

C ଅତି ପରିଶ୍ରମ କରିବା

D ପ୍ରତିଶୋଧ ନେବା   Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:120140
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: କେଉଁଟି ସଘୋଷ ଧ୍ୱନି ?

A ଖ

B ଚ.

C ହ   Correct Answer

D ସ

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:120141
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: କେଉଁଟି ନାସିକ୍ୟ ଧ୍ୱନି ?

A ସ

B ହ

C ଞ   Correct Answer

D ଖ

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:120142
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: କେଉଁଟି ସ୍ୱର୍ଣ ସଂଘର୍ଷୀ ଧ୍ୱନି ?

A କ

B ଜ   Correct Answer

C ଗ

D ଡ଼

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:120143
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: "ଉନ୍ମାଦକ" ବିଶେଷଣର ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ ରୂପ ନିରୂପଣ କର ।

A ଉନ୍ମାଦ   Correct Answer

B ଉନ୍ମାଦନ

C ଉନ୍ମାଦିକ

D ଉନ୍ମାଦକ

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:120144
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: ଦୟା ଓ କ୍ଷମା ଦ୍ୱାରା ଶତ୍ରୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ବଶ ହୁଏ । ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ପଦ ଦ୍ୱୟ କେଉଁ ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ ?

A ଜାତିବାଚକ

B କ୍ରିୟାବାଚକ

C ଗୁଣବାଚକ   Correct Answer

D ସଂଖ୍ୟାବାଚକ

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:120145
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: ଚିତ୍ରୋତ୍ପଳା ଏକ ପବିତ୍ର ନଦୀ । ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ପଦର ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ ସ୍ଥିର କର ?

A ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିବାଚକ   Correct Answer

B ଜାତିବାଚକ

C ବସ୍ତୁବାଚକ

D ଗୁଣବାଚକ

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:120191
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: A person incurs a loss of 20% by selling a watch for Rs. 2400. What was its cost price?

2400 ଟଙ୍କାରେ ଘଡ଼ି ବିକ୍ରି କରି ଜଣେ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତି 20% କ୍ଷତି ସହିଥାନ୍ତି । ଏହାର ମୂଲ୍ୟ କେତେ ଥିଲା?

A   Rs 2000
    Rs 2000

B   Rs 2400
    Rs 2400

C   Rs 3000   Correct Answer
    Rs 3000

D   Rs 3200
    Rs 3200

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:120192
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: Reena invested one part of her Rs. 25,000 at 10% per year and the other part at 12% per year both in simple interest. Both the investments are for one year. Her income from the two investments was Rs.2800. How much did she invest in each part of her investment?

ରୀନା ତାଙ୍କ 25,000 ଟଙ୍କାରୁ ଗୋଟିଏ ଭାଗ ବାର୍ଷିକ 10% ଏବଂ ଅନ୍ୟ ଭାଗକୁ ବାର୍ଷିକ 12% ରେ ଉଭୟ ସରଳ ସୁଧରେ ବିନିଯୋଗ କରିଥିଲେ। ଉଭୟ ନିବେଶ ଗୋଟିଏ ବର୍ଷ ପାଇଁ କରିଥିଲେ। ଦୁଇଟି ନିବେଶରୁ ତାଙ୍କର ଆୟ ଥିଲା 2800 ଟଙ୍କା। ସେ ତାଙ୍କ ନିବେଶର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଭାଗରେ କେତେ ବିନିଯୋଗ କରିଥିଲେ?

A   Rs.13000, Rs.12000
    Rs.13000, Rs.12000

B   Rs.8000, Rs.17000
    Rs.8000, Rs.17000

C   Rs.10,000, Rs.15,000
    Rs.10,000, Rs.15,000   Correct Answer

D   Rs.18,000, Rs.7000
    Rs.18,000, Rs.7000

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:120193
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: A person invests Rs 20000 for two years at a certain rate of interest, compounded annually. At the end of one year this sum amounts to Rs. 22400. Calculate the amount at the end of second year.

ଜଣେ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତି ବାର୍ଷିକ ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ସୁଧ ହାରରେ ଦୁଇ ବର୍ଷ ପାଇଁ 20000 ଟଙ୍କା ନିବେଶ କରନ୍ତି। ଗୋଟିଏ ବର୍ଷ ଶେଷରେ ଏହି ପରିମାଣ 22400 ଟଙ୍କା ରେ ପହଞ୍ଚିଛି। ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ବର୍ଷ ଶେଷରେ ଏହି ପରିମାଣ ଗଣନା କରନ୍ତୁ।

A   Rs 25088   Correct Answer
    Rs 25088

B   Rs 24800
    Rs 24800

C   Rs 25800
    Rs 25800

D   Rs 24088
     Rs 24088

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:120194
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: The LCM and HCF of two numbers are 126 and 9 respectively. If one of the numbers is 63, what is the other?

ଦୁଇଟି ସଂଖ୍ୟାର LCM ଏବଂ HCF ଯଥାକ୍ରମେ 126 ଏବଂ 9। ଯଦି ଗୋଟିଏ ସଂଖ୍ୟା 63, ଅନ୍ୟଟି କ'ଣ?

A   135
     135

B   64
     64

C   18   **Correct Answer**
     18

D   1134
     1134

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:120195
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: Find the mean proportional between 60% of 10 and 50% of 108.

10 ରୁ 60% ଏବଂ 108 ର 50% ମଧ୍ୟରେ ହାରାହାରି ସମାନୁପାତୀ ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ କରନ୍ତୁ।

A   16
     16

B   18
     18

C   21   **Correct Answer**
     21

D   20
     20

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:120196
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: The ratio between two numbers is 3:4. If the first number is increased by 40% and the second number is increased by 50%, find the new ratio between the two numbers.

ଦୁଇଟି ସଂଖ୍ୟା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଅନୁପାତ ହେଉଛି 3:4। ଯଦି ପ୍ରଥମ ସଂଖ୍ୟା 40% ଏବଂ ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ସଂଖ୍ୟା 50% ବୃଦ୍ଧି କରାଯାଏ, ତେବେ ଦୁଇଟି ସଂଖ୍ୟା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ନୂତନ ଅନୁପାତ ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ କରନ୍ତୁ।

A   10:9
     10:9

Join Us-

B 10:11

10:11

C 4:3

4:3

D 7:10   Correct Answer

7:10

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:120197
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question:

A straight line touching the circumference of a circle at a point but not entering it is:

ଏକ ବିନ୍ଦୁରେ ବୃତ୍ତର ପରିଧିକୁ ସ୍ପର୍ଶ କରୁଥିବା କିନ୍ତୁ ଏହା ଭିତରକୁ ପ୍ରବେଶ କରୁନଥିବା ଏକ ସରଳ ରେଖା ହେଉଛି:

A Chord
ନାଭୀୟ ଜ୍ୟା

B Median
ମଧ୍ୟମା

C Altitude
ଉଚ୍ଚତା

D Tangent   Correct Answer
ସ୍ପର୍ଶକ

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:120198
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: Two lines that never intersect and are always the same distance apart are called:

ଦୁଇଟି ରେଖା ଯାହା କେବେ ବି ଛେଦ ହୁଏ ନାହିଁ ଏବଂ ସର୍ବଦା ସମାନ ଦୂରତାରେ ଥାଏ ତାହାକୁ କୁହାଯାଏ:

A Intersecting lines
ପ୍ରତିଛେଦୀ ରେଖା

B Parallel lines   Correct Answer
ସମାନ୍ତରାଳ ରେଖା

C Perpendicular lines
ଲମ୍ବ ରେଖା

D Transversal lines
ଛେଦକ ରେଖା

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:120199
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: A line that divides a line segment into two equal parts is called a:

ଏକ ରେଖା ଯାହା ଏକ ସଦିଶ ରେଖାଖଣ୍ଡକୁ ଦୁଇଟି ସମାନ ଭାଗରେ ବିଭକ୍ତ କରେ ତାହାକୁ କୁହାଯାଏ:

A Bisector   Correct Answer
ସମଦ୍ୱିଖଣ୍ଡକ

B Perpendicular
ଲମ୍ବ

C Median
ମଧ୍ୟମା

D Altitude
ଉଚ୍ଚତା

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:1201100
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: Which of the following is true about a system of linear equations with no solution?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି କୌଣସି ସମାଧାନ ନଥିବା ରୈଖିକ ସମୀକରଣ ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥା ବିଷୟରେ ସତ୍ୟ?

A The equations are inconsistent   Correct Answer
ସମୀକରଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଅସଙ୍ଗତ ଅଟେ

B The equations are dependent
ସମୀକରଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ସାପେକ୍ଷ ଅଟେ

C The equations are consistent
ସମୀକରଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ସମାନ ଅଟେ

D None of the above
ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କୌଣସିଟି ନୁହେଁ

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:1201101
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: Which of the following is not a type of solution for a system of linear equations?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ରୈଖିକ ସମୀକରଣର ଏକ ପ୍ରଣାଳୀ ପାଇଁ ଏକ ପ୍ରକାର ସମାଧାନ ନୁହେଁ?

A Unique solution

ଅନନ୍ୟ ସମାଧାନ

B No solution

କୌଣସି ସମାଧାନ ନାହିଁ

C Infinitely many solutions

ଅନନ୍ତତଃ ଅନେକ ସମାଧାନ

D Quadratic solution

ଦ୍ୱିଘାତ ସମାଧାନ   Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:1201102
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: What is the intersection of {1, 2, 3} and {2, 3, 4, 5}?

{1, 2, 3} ଏବଂ {2, 3, 4, 5} ର ଡ଼ିଭ୍ଞ ଛେଦ କ'ଣ?

A {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
      {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

B {2, 3}
      {2, 3}   Correct Answer

C {1,2,4}
      {1,2,4}

D {1,3,4,5}
      {1,3,4,5}

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:1201103
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: Which of the following is a set of prime numbers?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ମୌଳିକ ସଂଖ୍ୟାର ଏକ ସେଟ୍ ଅଟେ?

A {3, 5, 7, 9, 11}
      {3, 5, 7, 9, 11}

B {3, 5, 7, 11}
      {3, 5, 7, 11}   Correct Answer

C {2, 3, 4, 5}
      {2, 3, 4, 5}

D {1, 2, 3}
      {1, 2, 3}

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:1201104
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: What is the square root of 196?

196 ର ବର୍ଗ ମୂଳ କେତେ ହେବ?

A   14
    14   Correct Answer

B   13
    13

C   15
    15

D   12
    12

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 1201105
Topic Name: SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: What is the square of $2x^2$?

$2x^2$ ର ବର୍ଗମୂଳ କେତେ ହେବ?

A   4x
    4x

B   8x
    8x

C $4x^4$
    $4x^4$ Correct Answer

D $8x^2$
    $8x^2$

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 1201106
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Buland Darwaza was built by whom?

ବୁଲନ୍ଦ ଦରୱାଜା କାହା ଦ୍ୱାରା ନିର୍ମିତ ହୋଇଥିଲା?

A   Humayun
    ହୁମାୟୁନ୍

B   Babar
    ବାବର୍

C   Akbar
    ଆକବର୍   Correct Answer

D Aurangzeb

ଔରଙ୍ଗଜେବ୍

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:1201107
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Which of the following vedic God is known as "Vritrahanta"?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ବୈଦିକ ଭଗବାନଙ୍କୁ "ବୃତ୍ରହନ୍ତ" କୁହାଯାଏ?

A Varun

ବରୁଣ

B Indra   Correct Answer

ଇନ୍ଦ୍ର

C Rudra

ରୁଦ୍ର

D Soma

ସୋମ

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:1201108
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: In which place, the Provisional Government of independent India (Azad Hind) was formed by Subhas Chandra Bose?

ସ୍ୱାଧୀନ ଭାରତର ଅସ୍ଥାୟୀ ସରକାର (ଆଜାଦ ହିନ୍ଦ) କେଉଁ ସ୍ଥାନରେ ସୁଭାଷ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ବୋଷଙ୍କ ଦ୍ୱାରା ଗଠିତ ହୋଇଥିଲା?

A Rome

ରୋମ୍

B Tokyo

ଟୋକିଓ

C Singapore   Correct Answer

ସିଙ୍ଗାପୁର

D Berlin

ବର୍ଲିନ୍

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:1201109
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

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Question: The Muslim League Council proclaimed 16th August 1946 as
_____ in order to accentuate their demand for a separate
Muslim homeland after the British left the Indian
subcontinent.

ବ୍ରିଟିଶମାନେ ଭାରତୀୟ ଉପମହାଦେଶ ଛାଡ଼ିବା ପରେ ଏକ ଅଲଗା
ମୁସଲମାନ ଦେଶ ପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କ ଦାବିକୁ ଜୋରଦାର କରିବା ପାଇଁ
ମୁସଲିମ ଲିଗ୍ କାଉନସିଲ ୧୬ ଅଗଷ୍ଟ 1946 କୁ _____ ଭାବରେ
ଘୋଷଣା କରିଥିଲା ।

A Independence Day
ସ୍ୱାଧୀନତା ଦିବସ

B Direct Action Day   **Correct Answer**
ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ୍ଷ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଦିବସ

C Separation Demand Day
ବିଚ୍ଛେଦ ଦାବି ଦିବସ

D March Day
ମାର୍ଚ୍ଚ ଦିବସ

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:1201110
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Which article of the Indian Constitution states that "The
State shall endeavor to secure for the citizens a uniform civil
code throughout the territory of India"?

ଭାରତୀୟ ସମ୍ବିଧାନର କେଉଁ ଅନୁଚ୍ଛେଦରେ କୁହାଯାଇଛି ଯେ "ରାଜ୍ୟ
ଭାରତର ସମଗ୍ର ଅଞ୍ଚଳରେ ନାଗରିକମାନଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ଏକ ସମାନ ନାଗରିକ
ସଂହିତା ସୁରକ୍ଷିତ କରିବାକୁ ପ୍ରୟାସ କରିବ"?

A Article 40
ଧାରା 40

B Article 44   **Correct Answer**
ଧାରା 44

C Article 30
ଧାରା 30

D Article 14
ଧାରା 14

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:1201111
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Who was the Prime Minister when Fundamental Duties
were added to the Indian constitution?

ଯେତେବେଳେ ଭାରତୀୟ ସମ୍ବିଧାନରେ ମୌଳିକ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ଯୋଡ଼ାଗଲା
ସେତେବେଳେ ପ୍ରଧାନମନ୍ତ୍ରୀ କିଏ ଥିଲେ?

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A Jawaharlal Nehru
ଜୱାହାରଲାଲ୍ ନେହେରୁ

B Lalbahadur Sastri
ଲାଲବାହାଦୁର ଶାସ୍ତ୍ରୀ

C Indira Gandhi   Correct Answer
ଇନ୍ଦିରା ଗାନ୍ଧୀ

D Atal Bihari Vajpayee
ଅଟଳ ବିହାରୀ ବାଜପେୟୀ

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:1201112
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Which article of the Indian constitution prescribes that there must be one high court for each state?

ଭାରତୀୟ ସମ୍ବିଧାନର କେଉଁ ଧାରାରେ ପ୍ରତି ରାଜ୍ୟ ପାଇଁ ଗୋଟିଏ ଲେଖାଏଁ ଉଚ୍ଚ ନ୍ୟାୟାଳୟ ରହିବା ଆବଶ୍ୟକ?

A Article 212
ଧାରା 212

B Article 214   Correct Answer
ଧାରା 214

C Article 216
ଧାରା 216

D Article 218
ଧାରା 218

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:1201113
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: The quorum for joint sitting of the Indian Parliament is:

ଭାରତୀୟ ସଂସଦର ମିଳିତ ଅଧିବେଶନର ସର୍ବନିମ୍ନ ଉପସ୍ଥାପନ ହେଉଛି:

A 1/10th of the total number of the house.   Correct Answer
ସଦନର ସମୁଦାୟ ସଂଖ୍ୟାର 1/10ଭାଗ ।

B 1/5th of the total number of the house.
ସଦନର ସମୁଦାୟ ସଂଖ୍ୟାର 1/5 ଭାଗ ।

C 1/20th of the total number of the house.
ସଦନର ସମୁଦାୟ ସଂଖ୍ୟାର 1/20 ଭାଗ ।

D 1/2 of the total number of the house.
ସଦନର ସମୁଦାୟ ସଂଖ୍ୟାର 1/2 ଭାଗ ।

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

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Question ID:1201114
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Who is the speaker of Lok Sabha as of 12.5.2023?

12.5.2023 ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଲୋକସଭାର ବାଚସ୍ପତି କିଏ ଅଟନ୍ତି?

A   Shri Om Birla   **Correct Answer**
    ଶ୍ରୀ ଓମ୍ ବିର୍ଲା

B   Piyush Goyal
    ପିୟୁଷ ଗୋୟଲ

C   Utpal Kumar Singh
    ଉତ୍ପଲ କୁମାର ସିଂହ

D   Sumitra Mahajan
    ସୁମିତ୍ରା ମହାଜନ

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:1201115
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: Consider the following statements:

1. Tropical cyclones have circular isobars.

2. Tropical cyclones originate entirely within the tropical air mass.

3. The intensity and magnitude of hurricanes generally exceed those of typhoons.

4. Tropical cyclones are more destructive than the western disturbances.

Select the correct answer by using the following codes

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ବିବୃତିଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବିଚାର କରନ୍ତୁ:

1. ଉଷ୍ଣକଟି ବନ୍ଧ ମହାବାତ୍ୟାର ଗୋଲାକାର ସମଚାପ ରେଖାରେ ଥାଏ ।

2. ଉଷ୍ଣକଟି ବନ୍ଧ ମହାବାତ୍ୟା ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ରୂପେ ଉଷ୍ଣକଟି ବନ୍ଧ ବାୟୁମଣ୍ଡଳୀୟ ପଦାର୍ଥ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଉତ୍ପନ୍ନ ହୋଇଥାଏ ।

3. ବାତ୍ୟାର ତୀବ୍ରତା ଓ ତୀବ୍ରତା ସାଧାରଣତଃ ଟାଇଫୁନ୍ ଠାରୁ ଅଧିକ ହୋଇଥାଏ।

4. ପଶ୍ଚିମ ବିକ୍ଷୋଭ ତୁଳନାରେ ଉଷ୍ଣକଟି ବନ୍ଧ ମହାବାତ୍ୟା ଅଧିକ ବିନାଶକାରୀ।

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ କୋଡ୍ ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରି ସଠିକ୍ ଉତ୍ତର ଚୟନ କରନ୍ତୁ

A 1, 2 and 4   Correct Answer
   1, 2 ଏବଂ 4

B 1 only
   1 କେବଳ

C 2 and 3
   2 ଏବଂ 3

D 3 and 4
   3 ଏବଂ 4

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:1201116
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Which instrument measures atmospheric humidity?

କେଉଁ ଯନ୍ତ୍ର ବାୟୁମଣ୍ଡଳର ଆର୍ଦ୍ରତା ମାପ କରେ?

A   Hygrometer
    ହାଇଗ୍ରୋମିଟର୍   Correct Answer

B   Anemometer
    ଏନିମୋମିଟର୍

C   Ammeter
    ଏମିଟର୍

D   Hydrometer
    ହାଇଡ୍ରୋମିଟର

Answer Given By Candidate: D

Question ID: 1201117
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: An example of non-polluting renewable type of energy is:

ଅଣ-ପ୍ରଦୂଷଣକାରୀ ଅକ୍ଷୟ ଶକ୍ତିର ଏକ ଉଦାହରଣ ହେଉଛି:

A   Fuel energy
    ଇନ୍ଧନ ଶକ୍ତି

B   Electricity energy
    ବିଦ୍ୟୁତ ଶକ୍ତି

C   Solar energy
    ସୌର ଶକ୍ତି   Correct Answer

D   Gas energy
    ଗ୍ୟାସ ଶକ୍ତି

Answer Given By Candidate: C

Question ID: 1201118
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Energy generated by a hydroelectric power plant is what type of energy?

ଏକ ଜଳବିଦ୍ୟୁତ୍ ଶକ୍ତି କେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଦ୍ୱାରା ଉତ୍ପାଦିତ ଶକ୍ତି କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାରର ଶକ୍ତି ଅଟେ?

A   Non-polluting and non-renewable
    ଅଣ-ପ୍ରଦୂଷଣକାରୀ ଏବଂ ଅଣ-ନବୀକରଣଯୋଗ୍ୟ

B   Polluting and non-renewable
    ପ୍ରଦୂଷଣକାରୀ ଏବଂ ଅଣ-ନବୀକରଣଯୋଗ୍ୟ

C   Non-polluting and renewable
    ଅଣ-ପ୍ରଦୂଷଣକାରୀ ଏବଂ ନବୀକରଣଯୋଗ୍ୟ   Correct Answer

D Polluting and renewable
ପ୍ରଦୂଷଣକାରୀ ଏବଂ ନବୀକରଣଯୋଗ୍ୟ

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:1201119
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Which layer of earth has the highest density and believed to contain heavy minerals?

ପୃଥିବୀର କେଉଁ ସ୍ତରରେ ସର୍ବାଧିକ ଘନତା ଅଛି ଏବଂ ଏଥିରେ ଭାରୀ ଖଣିଜ ପଦାର୍ଥ ଅଛି ବୋଲି ବିଶ୍ୱାସ କରାଯାଏ?

A Mantle
ଭଷ୍ଣସହ

B Crust
ଭୂତ୍ୱକ୍

C Inner Core
ଆଭ୍ୟନ୍ତରୀଣ ଅଭ୍ୟନ୍ତର   Correct Answer

D Outer Core
ବାହ୍ୟ ଅଭ୍ୟନ୍ତର

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:1201120
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Which of the following pairs is correctly matched?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଯୋଡି ସଠିକ୍ ଭାବରେ ମେଳ ଖାଉଛି?

A 66° 30' N latitude – Antarctic Circle
66° 30' N ଅକ୍ଷାଂଶ – ଦକ୍ଷିଣ ମେରୁ ବୃତ୍ତ

B 180°E or 180°W longitude- International Date Line
180°E or 180°W ରେଖାଂଶ- ଅନ୍ତର୍ଜାତୀୟ ତଥ୍ୟାବଳୀ ରେଖା   Correct Answer

C 23° 30' N latitude – Tropic of Capricorn
23° 30' N ଅକ୍ଷାଂଶ – ମକର ରେଖା

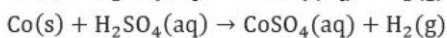D 0° E or 0°W longitude – Equator
0° E or 0°W ରେଖାଂଶ – ବିଷୁବ ରେଖା

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:1201121
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science

Question: Which state of matter exists at extremely high temperature and consists of ionized gas particles?

ପଦାର୍ଥର କେଉଁ ଅବସ୍ଥା ଅତ୍ୟନ୍ତ ଉଚ୍ଚ ତାପମାତ୍ରାରେ ଅଛି ଏବଂ ଏଥିରେ ଆୟୋନିକୃତ ଗ୍ୟାସ କଣିକା ରହିଛି?

A   Plasma   **Correct Answer**
    କୋଷ

B   Solid
    ଜଡ଼

C   Liquid
    ତରଳ

D   Bose-Einstein condensate
    ବୋଷ-ଆଇନଷ୍ଟାଇନ୍ କଣ୍ଡେନସେଟ୍

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:1201122
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: The property of metal by virtue of which it can be drawn into wires is known as:

ଧାତୁର ଗୁଣ ଯାହା ଦ୍ୱାରା ଏହାକୁ ତାରରେ ଆକର୍ଷିତ କରାଯାଇପାରିବ ତାହା କୁହାଯାଏ:

A   Malleability
    ନମନୀୟତା

B   Ductility   **Correct Answer**
    ତନ୍ୟତା

C   Solubility
    ଦ୍ରବଣୀୟତା

D   Viscosity
    ଶ୍ୟାନତା

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:1201123
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Which law states that at constant temperature, the product of pressure and volume of a given amount of a gas is constant?

କେଉଁ ନିୟମରେ କୁହାଯାଇଛି ଯେ ନିରନ୍ତର ତାପମାତ୍ରାରେ, ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ପରିମାଣର ଗ୍ୟାସର ଚାପ ଏବଂ ପରିମାଣର ଉତ୍ପାଦ ସ୍ଥିର ଥାଏ?

A   Gay-Lussac's law
    ଗେ-ଲୁସାକଙ୍କ ନିୟମ

B   Charles' law
    ଚାର୍ଲସ ନିୟମ

C   Boyle's law

    ବୋୟେଲଙ୍କ ନିୟମ   Correct Answer
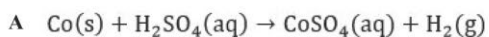
D   Avogadro's law

    ଆଭୋଗାଡ୍ରୋ ନିୟମ

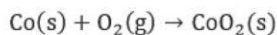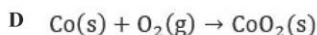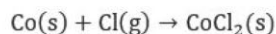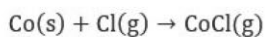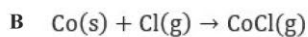Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:1201124
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Which one of the following reactions is a balanced reaction?

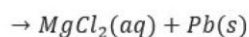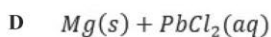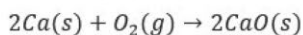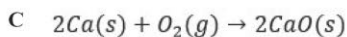ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟା ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଏକ ସନ୍ତୁଳିତ ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ?

A $Co(s) + H_2SO_4(aq) \rightarrow CoSO_4(aq) + H_2(g)$ Correct Answer
    $Co(s) + H_2SO_4(aq) \rightarrow CoSO_4(aq) + H_2(g)$

B $Co(s) + Cl(g) \rightarrow CoCl(g)$

    $Co(s) + Cl(g) \rightarrow CoCl(g)$

C $Co(s) + Cl(g) \rightarrow CoCl_2(s)$

    $Co(s) + Cl(g) \rightarrow CoCl_2(s)$

D $Co(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow CoO_2(s)$
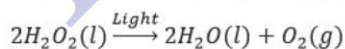
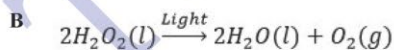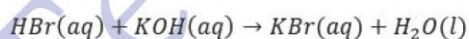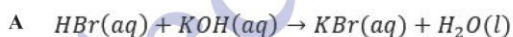 $Co(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow CoO_2(s)$

Answer Given By Candidate:Not Attempted
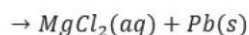
Question ID:1201125
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Which one of the following is a displacement reaction?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଏକ ବିସ୍ଥାପିତ ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ?

A $HBr(aq) + KOH(aq) \rightarrow KBr(aq) + H_2O(l)$

    $HBr(aq) + KOH(aq) \rightarrow KBr(aq) + H_2O(l)$

B $2H_2O_2(l) \xrightarrow{Light} 2H_2O(l) + O_2(g)$

    $2H_2O_2(l) \xrightarrow{Light} 2H_2O(l) + O_2(g)$

C $2Ca(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CaO(s)$

    $2Ca(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CaO(s)$

D $Mg(s) + PbCl_2(aq)$

    $\rightarrow MgCl_2(aq) + Pb(s)$ Correct Answer

    $Mg(s) + PbCl_2(aq)$

    $\rightarrow MgCl_2(aq) + Pb(s)$

Answer Given By Candidate:Not Attempted

Question ID:1201126
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science

Question: Renu is carrying a school bag of mass 2 kg on her back and walks 100m on a leveled road. If the value of g be 10m/s², the work done by Renu against the gravitational force will be:

ରେଣୁ ପିଠିରେ 2 kg ଓଜନର ଏକ ସ୍କୁଲ ବ୍ୟାଗ୍ ଧରି ଏକ ସମତଳ ରାସ୍ତାରେ 100m ଚାଲିଚାଲି ଯାଉଛନ୍ତି । ଯଦି g ର ମୂଲ୍ୟ 10m/s²ହୁଏ, ତେବେ ମାଧାକର୍ଷଣ ବଳ ବିରୁଦ୍ଧରେ ରେଣୁ ଙ୍କ ଦ୍ୱାରା କରାଯାଇଥିବା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ହେବ:

A 0J
   0J   **Correct Answer**

B 2000J
   2000J

C 0.6J
   0.6J

D 6J
   6J

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:1201127
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: The SI unit of energy is

ଶକ୍ତିର SI ୟୁନିଟ୍ ହେଉଛି

A Watt
   ୱାଟ୍

B Joule
   ଜୋଲ୍   **Correct Answer**

C Erg
   ଏର୍ଗ

D Pascal
   ପାସକାଲ୍

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:1201128
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Dimensions of acceleration are _____.

ତ୍ୱରଣର ପରିମାପ ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ହେଉଛି _____ ।

A M^0LT^{-2}
   M^0LT^{-2} **Correct Answer**

B M^0LT^{-1}
   M^0LT^{-1}

C M^0L/T^{-2}
   M^0L/T^{-2}

D M^0L/T^{-1}

   M^0L/T^{-1}

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:1201129
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: _____ digest cellular macromolecules.

_____ ସେଲୁଲାର ମହାଅଣୁ ହଜମ କରେ ।

A   Chromosomes
ଗୁଣସୂତ୍ର

B   Endoplasmic Reticulum
ଅନ୍ତଜୀବକୀୟ ଜାଲିକା

C   Golgi Apparatus
ଗୋଲଗୀ ଉପକରଣ

D   Lysosomes   **Correct Answer**
ବିଲୟୀତନ୍ତୁ

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:1201130
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Which of the following statements is true about animal cells and plant cells?

ପ୍ରାଣୀ କୋଷ ଏବଂ ଉଭିଦ କୋଷ ବିଷୟରେ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ବିବୃତି ସତ୍ୟ ଅଟେ?

A   Animal cells are generally bigger than plant cells
ପ୍ରାଣୀ କୋଷ ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ସାଧାରଣତଃ ଉଭିଦ କୋଷଠାରୁ ବଡ଼ ହୋଇଥାଏ

B   Animal cells have chloroplasts
ପ୍ରାଣୀ କୋଷରେ କ୍ଲୋରୋପ୍ଲାଷ୍ଟ ଥାଏ

C   Centrioles are absent from the cells of higher plants   **Correct Answer**
ଉଚ୍ଚ ଗଛର କୋଷରୁ ସେଣ୍ଟ୍ରିଓଲ ଅନୁପସ୍ଥିତ ଥାଏ

D   Plant cells do not have ribosomes
ଉଭିଦ କୋଷରେ ରାଇବୋଜୋମ୍ ନଥାଏ

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:1201131
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: What do you mean by morphological characteristics of plants?

ଗଛର ରୂପଗତ ବୈଶିଷ୍ଟ୍ୟକୁ ଆପଣ କ'ଣ ବୁଝାଉଛନ୍ତି?

A   External structure of plants   **Correct Answer**
ଗଛର ବାହ୍ୟ ଗଠନ

B Internal structure of plants

ଗଛର ଆଭ୍ୟନ୍ତରୀଣ ଗଠନ

C Both internal and external structure of plants

ଗଛର ଉଭୟ ଆଭ୍ୟନ୍ତରୀଣ ଓ ବାହ୍ୟ ଗଠନ

D Conditions required for the growth of plants

ଗଛର ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଇଁ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ ପରିସ୍ଥିତି

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:1201132
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Transpiration does not take place in _____.

_____ ରେ ପ୍ରସ୍ୱେଦନ ହୁଏ ନାହିଁ ।

A Xerophytes

ମରୁପାଦପ

B Mesophytes

ଆର୍ଦ୍ରଭୂମିଜ

C Submerged hydrophytes   Correct Answer

ନିମଜ୍ଜିତ ଜଳୋଭିଦ

D Floating hydrophytes

ଭାସମାନ ଜଳୋଭିଦ

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:1201133
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: The water from the soil is chiefly absorbed by _____

ମାଟିରୁ ଜଳ ମୁଖ୍ୟତଃ _____ ଦ୍ୱାରା ଶୋଷିତ ହୁଏ

A root hairs   Correct Answer

ଚେର କେଶ

B root cap

ଚେର କ୍ୟାପ୍

C root apex

ଚେର ଆପେକ୍ସ

D root tip

ଚେର ଟିପ୍

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:1201134
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Leishmania donovani causes _____

ଲିଶମାନିଆ ଡୋନୋଭାନୀ କାରଣ _____

A Sleeping sickness

ଶୋଇବା ରୋଗ

B Kala azar

କାଲା ଆଜାର୍

Correct Answer

C Malaria

ମ୍ୟାଲେରିଆ

D Dengue

ଡେଙ୍ଗୁ

Answer Given By Candidate: **A**

Question ID:1201135
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Anaerobic respiration in yeast takes place in _____.

ଇଷ୍ଟରେ ଆନାରୋବିକ୍ ଶ୍ୱାସକ୍ରିୟା _____ ରେ ହୋଇଥାଏ ।

A vacuole

ରସଧାନୀ

B mitochondria

ମାଇଟୋକଣ୍ଡ୍ରିଆ

C cytoplasm

କୋଷରସ

Correct Answer

D chloroplast

ହରିତ୍ ଲବକ

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

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