COMBO - ଓଡ଼ିଶା
29,000- MCQ
ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
ପୂର୍ବ 5 ବର୍ଷର OSSSC, OSSC, OPSC, ପୋଲିସ, CT, B.ED, ଅନ୍ୟ ସବୁ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ

GK, ODIA, ENGLISH, , MATH, COMPUTER, Reasoning, Pedagogy

GK- ଓଡ଼ିଶାର
ସମସ୍ତ ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଓ ଇଂରାଜୀ ରେ
10,800- MCQ
E-BOOK- PDF
OSSSC , OSSC , OPSC, Police SI /Constable, PEO, RI, Battalion, Fireman, B.ED, JT, RHT, CT, OAVS, OSSTET, OTET & Other

ଓଡ଼ିଆ ବ୍ୟାକରଣ
ସମସ୍ତ ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
4,246- MCQ
75- TEST
E-BOOK- PDF
OSSSC, OSSC, OPSC, POLICE, B.ED, JT, RHT, CT, OAVS, OSSTET, OTET, OSSSC (PEO, RI, ARI & Other) & Other

ENGLISH- ଓଡ଼ିଶାର
ସମସ୍ତ ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
4,300- MCQ
E-BOOK- PDF
OSSSC , OSSC , OPSC, Police SI /Constable, PEO, RI, Battalion, Fireman, B.ED, JT, RHT, CT, OAVS, OSSTET, OTET & Other

କୋମ୍ପୁଟର- ଓଡ଼ିଶାର
ସମସ୍ତ ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଓ ଇଂରାଜୀ ରେ
E-BOOK- PDF
1,900- MCQ
OSSSC, OSSC , OPSC, Police SI & Constable, Battalion, PEO, RI, AMIN, JT, RHT & Other Exams

MATH- ଓଡ଼ିଶାର
ସମସ୍ତ ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଓ ଇଂରାଜୀ ରେ
3,000- MCQ
E-BOOK- PDF
OSSSC , OSSC , OPSC, Police SI /Constable, PEO, RI, Battalion, Fireman, B.ED, JT, RHT, CT, OAVS, OSSTET, OTET & Other

PEDAGOGY ଓଡ଼ିଶାର
TEACHING APTITUDE
ପୂର୍ବ ବର୍ଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ
ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଓ ଇଂରାଜୀ ରେ
1,900- MCQ
B.ED, RHT, CT, JT, OAVS, OSSTET, OTET & Other

Click Here

Click Here   **Click Here**   **Click Here**

Join Us-

T.E & SCERT Exam 2023
(CANDIDATE RESPONSE SHEET)

Roll No
App No
Name
Paper/Subject   D.El.Ed(Odia)
Exam Date   01 Jun 2023
Exam Slot   3

The questions are based on a short passage. Read the passage below to answer the questions. Choose the correct answer from the 4 listed choices.

Evidence suggests that a diet high in fruits and vegetables may decrease the risk of chronic diseases, such as cardiovascular disease and cancer, and phytochemicals including phenolics, flavonoids and carotenoids from fruits and vegetables may play a key role in reducing chronic disease risk. Apples are a widely consumed, rich source of phytochemicals, and epidemiological studies have linked the consumption of apples with reduced risk of some cancers, cardiovascular disease, asthma, and diabetes.

In the United States, as well as in most industrialized countries, cardiovascular disease and cancer are ranked as the top two leading causes of death. High cholesterol, a risk factor for cardiovascular disease, is commonly treated with statin drugs, and it has been estimated that the United States will spend 30 billion dollars per year on cholesterol treatment by statin drugs. In 1998, obesity, a risk factor for cardiovascular disease, cancer, and diabetes, has been estimated to cost the United States over 92 billion dollars per year.

Apples are a very significant source of flavonoids in people's diet in the US and in Europe. In Finland, apples and onions are main sources of dietary flavonoids, while in the Netherlands apples rank third behind tea and onions as top sources of flavonoids. In a Finnish study of approximately 10,000 people, flavonoid intake was associated with a lower total mortality. Apples were one of the main sources of dietary flavonoids that showed the strongest

Passage: associations with decreased mortality.

Question ID:9011
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: According to the passage, which among the following is one of the main sources of dietary flavonoids in Finland?

A   Onion   Correct Answer

B   Tea

C   Mango

D   Potato

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:9012
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: How much will the United States spend on cholesterol treatment by a drug and what is the name of this drug?

A 70 billion dollars per year, statin drugs

B 90 billion dollars per year, statin drugs

C 30 billion dollars per year, statin drugs   Correct Answer

D 100 billion dollars per year, statin drugs

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:9013
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Which of the following diseases are known to be the most common causes of death in the United States?

A Cardiovascular and Cancer   Correct Answer

B Diabetes and Obesity

C Diabetes and Cancer

D Cardiovascular and Obesity

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:9014
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Select the correct synonym of "CANDID".

A Smooth

B Truthful   Correct Answer

C Sweet

D Chatty

Answer Given By Candidate:Not Attempted

Question ID:9015
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: What is the synonym for "AUDIT"?

A Check   Correct Answer

B Time

C Year

D Balance

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:9016
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: What is the antonym of the word 'Religious'?

A Secular   Correct Answer

B Divine

C Spiritual

D Ecclesiastical

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Join Us-

Question ID:9017
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Choose the correct meaning of the idiom, "To clear the air".

A To remove the tension   Correct Answer

B To remove the air

C To make it unclear

D To wash properly

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:9018
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: What does the idiom "cut a dash" means?

A To make a striking appearance   Correct Answer

B Moving through water easily

C Very sturdily built

D Having many colors

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:9019
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Insert the correct article in the blank given:

_____ streets are very busy today.

A An

B The   Correct Answer

C A

D No article required

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:90110
Topic Name:SECTION-I English Language
Question: Insert the correct preposition in the blank given:

We always wash our hands _____ meals.

A off

B before   Correct Answer

C away

D in

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:90111
Topic Name:SECTION-I Education and General Awareness

Question: Which water source does <u>not</u> promote breeding of mosquitoes?

କେଉଁ ଜଳ ଉତ୍ସ ମଶାଙ୍କ ପ୍ରଜନନକୁ ପ୍ରୋତ୍ସାହିତ କରେ <u>ନାହିଁ</u>?

A Sea water

   ସମୁଦ୍ର ଜଳ

B Stagnant water

   ଜମି ରହିଥିବା ପାଣି

C Drainage water

   ନର୍ଦ୍ଦମା ପାଣି

D Ground water   **Correct Answer**

   ଭୂତଳ ଜଳ

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 90112
Topic Name: SECTION-I Education and General Awareness
Question: The University Grants Commission was inaugurated by the then Education Minister. Name the Minister.

ବିଶ୍ୱବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଅନୁଦାନ ଆୟୋଗକୁ ତତ୍କାଳୀନ ଶିକ୍ଷାମନ୍ତ୍ରୀ ଉଦ୍ଘାଟନ କରିଥିଲେ। ମନ୍ତ୍ରୀଙ୍କ ନାମ କୁହନ୍ତୁ।

A Shri Maulana Abul Kalam Azad   **Correct Answer**

   ଶ୍ରୀ ମୌଲାନା ଅବୁଲ କଲାମ ଆଜାଦ

B Shri. S Radhakrishnan

   ଶ୍ରୀ. ଏସ୍ ରାଧାକ୍ରିଷ୍ଣନ୍

C Shri. B R Ambedkar

   ଶ୍ରୀ ବି.ଆର୍. ଆମ୍ବେଦକର

D Shri. Sarojini Naidu

   ଶ୍ରୀମତି ସରୋଜିନୀ ନାଇଡୁ

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 90113
Topic Name: SECTION-I Education and General Awareness
Question: Where is the main campus of TIFR (Tata Institute of Fundamental Research) located?

TIFR (ଟାଟା ଇନଷ୍ଟିଚ୍ୟୁଟ୍ ଅଫ୍ ଫଣ୍ଡାମେଣ୍ଟାଲ୍ ରିସର୍ଚ)ର ମୁଖ୍ୟ କ୍ୟାମ୍ପସ୍ କେଉଁଠାରେ ଅବସ୍ଥିତ?

A Bangalore

   ବେଙ୍ଗାଲୁରୁ

B Pune

   ପୁନେ

C Kolkata

କୋଲକାତା

D Mumbai

ମୁମ୍ବାଇ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:90114
Topic Name:SECTION-I Education and General Awareness
Question: The Rowlatt Act legislation was passed by the British Government in which year?

ରୋଲେଟ୍ ଅଧିନିୟମ ଆଇନ ଆଇନ କେଉଁ ବର୍ଷ ବ୍ରିଟିଶ ସରକାରଙ୍କ ଦ୍ୱାରା ପାରିତ ହୋଇଥିଲା?

A 1919

1919

Correct Answer

B 1925

1925

C 1889

1889

D 1990

1990

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:90115
Topic Name:SECTION-I Education and General Awareness
Question: What is Nav Bharat Saaksharta Karyakram?

ନବ ଭାରତ ସାକ୍ଷରତା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ କ'ଣ?

A New India Schools building Programme

ନବ ଭାରତ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ନିର୍ମାଣ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ

B New India Teacher Education Programme

ନବ ଭାରତ ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଶିକ୍ଷା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ

C New India Textbooks Programme

ନବ ଭାରତ ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ

D New India Literacy Programme

Correct Answer

ନବ ଭାରତ ସାକ୍ଷରତା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:90116
Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning

Question: Read the assumptions and select the best conclusions from the options provided.

Assumptions:
- I. All sculptors are singing.
- II. Some writers are sculptors.

Conclusions:
1. All singing writers are sculptors
2. Some writers are singing

ଅଭିଧାରଣାଗୁଡ଼ିକ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ଏବଂ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରାଯାଇଥିବା ବିକଳ୍ପଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ ସର୍ବୋତ୍ତମ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ ଚୟନ କରନ୍ତୁ।

ଅଭିଧାରଣା:
- I. ସମସ୍ତ ମୂର୍ତ୍ତିଶିଳ୍ପୀ ଗୀତ ଗାଉଛନ୍ତି।
- II. କେତେକ ଲେଖକ ମୂର୍ତ୍ତିକାର।

ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ:
1. ସମସ୍ତ ଗାୟକ ଲେଖକ ମୂର୍ତ୍ତିଶିଳ୍ପୀ ଅଟନ୍ତି
2. କିଛି ଲେଖକ ଗୀତ ଗାଉଛନ୍ତି

A Only conclusion 1 is correct
କେବଳ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ 1 ସଠିକ୍ ଅଟେ

B Both the conclusions are correct
ଉଭୟ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ ସଠିକ୍ ଅଟେ

C Both the conclusions are wrong
ଉଭୟ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ ଭୁଲ ଅଟେ

D Only Conclusion 2 is correct   Correct Answer
କେବଳ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ 2 ସଠିକ୍ ଅଟେ

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:90117
Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning

Question: In a certain code, ANIRUDH is written as ZMRIFWS. How is PARIKSHAT written in that code?

ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତରେ, ଅନିରୁଦ୍ଧ କୁ ZMRIFWS ବୋଲି ଲେଖାଯାଇଛି। ସେହି କୋଡ୍ ପରିକ୍ଷୀତକୁ କିପରି ଲେଖାଯାଇଛି?

A KZIRPHSZG   Correct Answer
KZIRPHSZG

B KYIRPHTZG
KYIRPHTZG

C JYIRPHTZG
JYIRPHTZG

D JYIRPHXZG
JYIRPHXZG

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:90118
Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning

Question: If TABLE is coded as FMCBU, then PEN is coded as _____.

ଯଦି ବେଟୁଲ୍କୁ ଭାବରେ FMCBU ଭାବରେ ସଙ୍କେତ କରାଯାଇଛି, ତେବେ ପେନ୍ କୁ _____.

A QFO
QFO

B OFQ   Correct Answer
OFQ

C NPE
NPE

D SUW
SUW

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:**90119**
Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning
Question: **Find the next number in the series below**

14, 16, 21, 24, 28, 32, 35, _____.
ନିମ୍ନରେ ଶ୍ରେଣୀର ପରବର୍ତ୍ତୀ ନମ୍ବର ସନ୍ଧାନ କରନ୍ତୁ
14, 16, 21, 24, 28, 32, 35, _____.

A 15
15

B 30
30

C 40   Correct Answer
40

D 20
20

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:**90120**
Topic Name:SECTION-I Reasoning
Question: **Fill the blanks in the series below:**
B, C, E, G, _____, _____, Q , S, W
ନିମ୍ନରେ ଥିବା ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ଖାଲି ସ୍ଥାନଗୁଡ଼ିକ ପୂରଣ କରନ୍ତୁ:
B, C, E, G, _____, _____, Q , S, W

A I, J
I, J

B I, K
I, K

C K, M   Correct Answer
K, M

D J, L
J, L

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:**90121**
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: _____ is a group problem-solving method that involves the spontaneous contribution of creative ideas and solutions

___ ହେଉଛି ଏକ ଗୋଷ୍ଠୀ ସମସ୍ୟା ସମାଧାନ ପଦ୍ଧତି ଯେଉଁଥିରେ ସୃଜନଶୀଳ ଚିନ୍ତାଧାରା ଏବଂ ସମାଧାନର ସ୍ଵତଃସ୍ଫୁର୍ତ ଅବଦାନ ଅନ୍ତର୍ଭୁକ୍ତ

A   Critical thinking

ସମାଲୋଚନାମୂଳକ ଚିନ୍ତାଧାରା

B   Question probing

ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ର ତଦନ୍ତ

C   Brainstorming   Correct Answer

ମାନସିକ ଆଲୋଡନ

D   Problem Solving

ସମସ୍ୟା ସମାଧାନ

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID:90122
Topic Name: SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Self-assessment is a meaningful exercise that helps learners to critique their own work and form judgments about their strengths and weaknesses. Identify the technique used to analyze the strength and weaknesses.

ଆମ୍ଭ-ମୂଲ୍ୟାଙ୍କନ ହେଉଛି ଏକ ଅର୍ଥପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ବ୍ୟାୟାମ ଯାହା ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀମାନଙ୍କୁ ସେମାନଙ୍କର ନିଜ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ ସମାଲୋଚନା କରିବାକୁ ଏବଂ ସେମାନଙ୍କର ଶକ୍ତି ଏବଂ ଦୁର୍ବଳତା ବିଷୟରେ ବିଚାର କରିବାରେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରେ । ଶକ୍ତି ଏବଂ ଦୁର୍ବଳତାକୁ ବିଶ୍ଳେଷଣ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ବ୍ୟବହୃତ କୌଶଳ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରନ୍ତୁ।

A   SWOT-Strengths, Weakness, Opportunities and threats

SWOT-ଶକ୍ତି, ଦୁର୍ବଳତା, ସୁଯୋଗ ଏବଂ ବିପଦ ।   Correct Answer

B   SWOT-Stabilities, Worthiness, Opportunities and threats.

SWOT-ସ୍ଥିରତା, ଯୋଗ୍ୟତା, ସୁଯୋଗ ଏବଂ ବିପଦ ।

C   SWOT-Strengths, Weakness, Organisations and traditions.

SWOT -ଶକ୍ତି, ଦୁର୍ବଳତା, ସଂଗଠନ ଏବଂ ପରମ୍ପରା ।

D   SWOT-Strengths, Weakness, Options and trustworthiness.

SWOT-ଶକ୍ତି, ଦୁର୍ବଳତା, ବିକଳ୍ପ ଏବଂ ବିଶ୍ୱସନୀୟତା ।

Answer Given By Candidate: **A**

Question ID:90123
Topic Name: SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: An educational video may provide a learner with new insights and an appealing worksheet may provide the learner with new opportunities to practice a new skill gained in class. Hence different learning materials:

ଏକ ଶିକ୍ଷାଗତ ଭିଡିଓ ଜଣେ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କୁ ନୂତନ ବୁଝ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରିପାରେ ଏବଂ ଏକ ଆକର୍ଷଣୀୟ ୱାର୍କସିଟ୍ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କୁ ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ପ୍ରାପ୍ତ ଏକ ନୂତନ ଦକ୍ଷତା ଅଭ୍ୟାସ କରିବାକୁ ନୂତନ ସୁଯୋଗ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରିପାରେ । ତେଣୁ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ:

A   Can significantly increase learners' achievement by supporting learning.

ଶିକ୍ଷଣକୁ ସମର୍ଥନ କରି ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କ ସଫଳତାକୁ ଯଥେଷ୍ଟ ବୃଦ୍ଧି କରିପାରିବେ ।

B Aids in the learning process by allowing the learner to explore the knowledge independently as well as providing repetition..

ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କୁ ସ୍ୱାଧୀନ ଭାବରେ ଜ୍ଞାନ ଅନୁସନ୍ଧାନ କରିବା ଏବଂ ପୁନରାବୃଭି ପ୍ରଦାନ କରିବାକୁ ଅନୁମତି ଦେଇ ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟାରେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରେ ..

C Act as a guide for both the teacher and the learner.

ଉଭୟ ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଏବଂ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ଭାବରେ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କରନ୍ତି ।

D All of the above

ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ତ

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:90124
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Identify the goal of Education.

ଶିକ୍ଷାର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରନ୍ତୁ ।

A Acquisition of knowledge, skills and attitudes

ଜ୍ଞାନ, ଦକ୍ଷତା ଏବଂ ମନୋଭାବ ଅର୍ଜନ

Correct Answer

B To prepare for examinations

ପରୀକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତି ପାଇଁ

C Express emotions

ଭାବନା ପ୍ରକାଶ କରନ୍ତୁ

D To have more citizens, educators or teachers.

ଅଧିକ ନାଗରିକ, ଶିକ୍ଷୟିତ୍ରୀ କିମ୍ବା ଶିକ୍ଷକ ରହିବା ।

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:90125
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: RPWD is an acronym referring to:

ଆରପିଡବ୍ଲ୍ୟୁଡି ହେଉଛି ଏକ ସଂକ୍ଷିପ୍ତ ନାମ ଯାହା କୁହାଯାଏ:

A Rights of Persons with Disfunctional act.

ଅଚଳ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କରୁଥିବା ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଙ୍କ ଅଧିକାର।

B Rights of Persons with Disabilities act.

ଭିନ୍ନକ୍ଷମ ଙ୍କ ଅଧିକାର ଆଇନ ।

Correct Answer

C Rights of Problems related with Disfunctional act.

ଅଚଳ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସହିତ ଜଡ଼ିତ ସମସ୍ୟାର ଅଧିକାର।

D Rights of Problems with Difficulty act.

ଅସୁବିଧା ସହିତ ସମସ୍ୟାର ଅଧିକାର ଆଇନ।

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:90126
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude

Question: The RPWD act has identified disabilities based on evolving dynamic concept. How many types of disabilities have been identified?

ଆରପିଡବ୍ଲ୍ୟୁଡି ଆଇନ ବିକଶିତ ଗତିଶୀଳ ଧାରଣା ଆଧାରରେ ଭିନ୍ନକ୍ଷମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରିଛି । କେତେ ପ୍ରକାର ର ଭିନ୍ନକ୍ଷମଙ୍କୁ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରାଯାଇଛି?

A 31
31

B 22
22

C 21   Correct Answer
21

D 32
32

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:90127
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question:
Identify the agency which provides training programme for the Indians as well as the foreigners connected with educational planning and administration. It also organizes diploma courses in educational planning and administration for in-service district education officers.

ଭାରତୀୟ ତଥା ଶିକ୍ଷା ଯୋଜନା ଓ ପ୍ରଶାସନ ସହ ଜଡ଼ିତ ବିଦେଶୀମାନଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ପ୍ରଶିକ୍ଷଣ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରୁଥିବା ଏଜେନ୍ସିକୁ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରନ୍ତୁ । ଏହା ବ୍ୟତୀତ ସେବାପ୍ରାପ୍ତ ଜିଲ୍ଲା ଶିକ୍ଷା ଅଧିକାରୀଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଯୋଜନା ଓ ପ୍ରଶାସନରେ ଡିପ୍ଲୋମା ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ର ଆୟୋଜନ କରାଯାଇଥାଏ ।

A NIEPA   Correct Answer
NIEPA

B NCTE
NCTE

C CIET
CIET

D SCERT
SCERT

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:90128
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: The form of education which conducts classes in the form of videos and modules and exams conducted online, learners can participate from anywhere in the world is:

ଅନ୍ଲାଇନ୍ ହେଉଥିବା ଭିଡିଓ ଓ ମଡ୍ୟୁଲ୍ ଆକାରରେ କ୍ଲାସ ପରିଚାଳନା କରୁଥିବା ଶିକ୍ଷାର ରୂପ ଓ ପରୀକ୍ଷା, ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀମାନେ ବିଶ୍ୱର ଯେକୌଣସି ସ୍ଥାନରୁ ଅଂଶଗ୍ରହଣ କରିପାରିବେ:

A ODL- Organised development Learning
ODL - ସଂଗଠିତ ବିକାଶ ଶିକ୍ଷା

B ODL-Open Distance Learning

ODL- ଖୋଲା ଦୂରତା ଶିକ୍ଷା

Correct Answer

C ODL-Open Developed Learning

ODL -ଓପନ୍ ବିକଶିତ ଶିକ୍ଷା

D ODL-Origin for Development and Learning

ODL - ଅରିଜିନ୍ ଫର୍ ଡେଭେଲପମେଣ୍ଟ ଆଣ୍ଡ ଲର୍ନିଙ୍ଗ

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:90129
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Students who have good language comprehension but poor word recognition/decoding skills have:

ଯେଉଁ ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀଙ୍କର ଭଲ ଭାଷା ବୁଝାମଣା ଅଛି କିନ୍ତୁ ଶବ୍ଦ ଚିହ୍ନିବା/ଡିକୋଡିଂ ଦକ୍ଷତା ଖରାପ ଅଛି:

A Specific word recognition difficulties (SWRD)

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ଶବ୍ଦ ଚିହ୍ନଟ ଅସୁବିଧା (SWRD)

Correct Answer

B Language processing disorder

ଭାଷା ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟାକରଣ ବ୍ୟାଧି

C Visual perceptual/visual motor deficit

ଭିଜୁଆଲ୍ ଅନୁଭବ / ଭିଜୁଆଲ୍ ମୋଟର ଅଭାବ

D Nonverbal learning disabilities

ଅବାର୍ଚିକ ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ଅକ୍ଷମତା

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:90130
Topic Name:SECTION-I Teaching Aptitude
Question: Students who have weaknesses in both language comprehension and word recognition/decoding skills.

ଯେଉଁ ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀଙ୍କର ଉଭୟ ଭାଷା ବୁଝିବା ଏବଂ ଶବ୍ଦ ଚିହ୍ନଟ/ଡିକୋଡିଂ ଦକ୍ଷତାରେ ଦୁର୍ବଳତା ରହିଛି ।

A They have only comprehending difficulties

ସେମାନେ କେବଳ ଅସୁବିଧାକୁ ବୁଝିପାରୁଛନ୍ତି

B They have mixed reading difficulties

ସେମାନଙ୍କର ମିଶ୍ରିତ ପଠନ ଅସୁବିଧା ରହିଛି

Correct Answer

C They have only speaking difficulties

ସେମାନଙ୍କର କେବଳ କହିବାରେ ଅସୁବିଧା ରହିଛି

D All of the above

ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ତ

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:90131
Topic Name: SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ମାଆ'ର ମୂଳ ଶବ୍ଦଟି କିଏ?

A ମାମି

B ଜନନୀ

C ମା

D ମାତା   Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID:90132
Topic Name: SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ଅଖ୍ ତିଆର' ଶବ୍ଦଟି କେଉଁ ଭାଷାର ଶବ୍ଦ ?

A ଓଡ଼ିଆ

B ଆରବୀ   Correct Answer

C ପାର୍ଶୀ

D ସଂସ୍କୃତ

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:90133
Topic Name: SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ଘୃତ'ରୁ ଜାତ ଏକ ଅପଭ୍ରଂଶ ଶବ୍ଦଟି କ'ଣ?

A ଘୃତ

B ଘାଟ

C ଘୃତ୍ୟ

D ଘିଅ   Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID:90134
Topic Name: SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ହସ' ର ବିପରୀତ ଅର୍ଥ ବୁଝାଉଥିବା ଶବ୍ଦ ନିମ୍ନୋକ୍ତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି?

A ଲୁହ

B ରାଗ

C କାନ୍ଦ   Correct Answer

D ପୀଡା

Answer Given By Candidate: **C**

Question ID:90135
Topic Name: SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: ଯେମିତି 'ଅପକାର' ପାଇଁ 'ଉପକାର' ସେମିତି 'ଅନୁକୂଳ' ପାଇଁ ନିମ୍ନୋକ୍ତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଶବ୍ଦଟି ହେବ ?

A ଆରମ୍ଭ

B ଶେଷ

C ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ   Correct Answer

D ଅନନ୍ତ

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:90136
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ଇହ' ର ବିପରୀତ ଅର୍ଥ ବୁଝାଉଥିବା ଶବ୍ଦଟି କ'ଣ?

A ଶାନ୍ତ

B ପର   Correct Answer

C ମୃତ୍ୟୁ

D ସୃଷ୍ଟି

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:90137
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question:

ନାତିଟି ଅଜା ଆଇଙ୍କର ଜପାମାଲି ହୋଇଛି । 'ଜପାମାଲି' ଅର୍ଥାତ ତୁମେ କ'ଣ ବୁଝ ?

A ଆଶାର ବାଡ଼ି

B ଅତି ଦୁଷ୍ଟ

C ଅତି ପ୍ରିୟ   Correct Answer

D ବହୁତ ଦୂର

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:90138
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ଜୀବନ ମୂଲ୍ଛା' ରୂଢ଼ିଟିର ଅର୍ଥ କଣ?

A ନିର୍ବୋଧ

B ଆପ୍ରାଣ ଉଦ୍ୟମ   Correct Answer

C ସତର୍କ ଭାବ

D ମୂଲ୍ଛା ହୋଇଯିବା

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:90139
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: 'ସାମାନ୍ୟ କାମ ପାଇଁ ବହୁ ଶ୍ରମ ଓ ଚେଷ୍ଟା କରିବାକୁ 'ଲୋକେ କ'ଣ କୁହନ୍ତି?

A ଖୋଲ ପର୍ବତ ମାର ମୂଷା   Correct Answer

B ଖଣ୍ଡା ଧାରରେ ଚାଲିବା

C ଚାଷ ତରତର

D ତୁଣ୍ଡ ବାଇଦ

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:90140
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: କେଉଁଟି ଅର୍ଦ୍ଧସଂବୃତ ସ୍ୱର ?

A ଓ   Correct Answer

B ଇ

C ଉ

D ଅ

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:90141
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: କେଉଁଟି ବିବୃତ ସ୍ୱର ?

A ଓ

B ଉ

C ଇ

D ଆ   Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:Not Attempted

Question ID:90142
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: କେଉଁଟି ବୃତ୍ତାକାର / ଗୋଲାକୃତି ସ୍ୱର ?

A ଅ

B ଆ

C ଏ

D ଉ   Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate:D

Question ID:90143
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: କର୍ମ ନଥିବା ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ କ୍ରିୟାକୁ କଣ କୁହାଯାଏ ?

A ସକର୍ମକ

B ଅକର୍ମକ   Correct Answer

C ମିଶ୍ର

D ଅମିଶ୍ର

Answer Given By Candidate:B

Question ID:90144
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: ରୁବିନା ଶୀତରେ ଥରୁଛି । ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ପଦଟି କେଉଁ କ୍ରିୟା ?

A ଅକର୍ମକ   *Correct Answer*

B ସକର୍ମକ

C ମିଶ୍ର

D ଅସମାପିକା

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:90145
Topic Name:SECTION-II Odia Language
Question: ମୌଳିକ ଧାତୁ ସହିତ ପ୍ରେରଣାର୍ଥକ ଧାତୁର ସମାହାରକୁ କଣ କୁହାଯାଏ ?

A ଅମିଶ୍ର

B ମିଶ୍ର ଧାତୁ   *Correct Answer*

C ସକର୍ମକ

D ଅକର୍ମକ

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:90191
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: A man buys a laptop for Rs. 35000 and sells it for Rs. 20000. Find his loss percent.

ଜଣେ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତି ଗୋଟିଏ ଲ୍ୟାପଟପକୁ 35000 ଟଙ୍କାରେ କିଣି 20000 ଟଙ୍କାରେ ବିକ୍ରି କରନ୍ତି । ତାଙ୍କ କ୍ଷତିର ପ୍ରତିଶତ ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ କରନ୍ତୁ ।

A 30%
30%

B 15%
15%

C 75%
75%

D 42.86%   *Correct Answer*
42.86%

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:90192
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: In 4 years, the simple interest on a certain sum of money is $\frac{6}{25}$ of the principal. Calculate the annual rate of interest.

4 ବର୍ଷରେ, ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ପରିମାଣର ଟଙ୍କା ଉପରେ ସରଳ ସୁଧ ମୂଳଧନର $\frac{6}{25}$ ଅଟେ । ବାର୍ଷିକ ସୁଧ ହାର ଗଣନା କରି ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ କରନ୍ତୁ ।

A 6%   *Correct Answer*
6%

B 9%
9%

C   12%
12%

D   8%
8%

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:90193
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: The compound interest on Rs 10000, at 20% p.a. for 2 years is:

2 ବର୍ଷ ପାଇଁ 10000 ଟଙ୍କାରେ, ପ୍ରତି ବାର୍ଷିକ 20% ଉପରେ ଚକ୍ରବୃଦ୍ଧି ସୁଧ ହେଉଛି:

A   Rs 14000
Rs 14000

B   Rs 4000
Rs 4000

C   Rs 4400   **Correct Answer**
Rs 4400

D   Rs 14400
Rs 14400

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:90194
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: The product of two two-digit numbers is 765 and their HCF is 3. What is their LCM?

ଦୁଇଟି ଦୁଇ ଅଙ୍କ ବିଶିଷ୍ଟ ସଂଖ୍ୟାର ଗୁଣଫଳ 765 ଏବଂ ସେଗୁଡ଼ିକର HCF 3 ଅଟେ । ସେଗୁଡ଼ିକର LCM କ'ଣ?

A   265
265

B   255   **Correct Answer**
255

C   245
245

D   235
235

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:90195
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: The mean proportional between 54 and 6 is x, and the fourth proportional of 2,3,12,.... is y. What is x:y?

54 ରୁ 6 ମଧ୍ୟରେ ହାରାହାରି ସମାନୁପାତୀ ହେଉଛି x ଏବଂ ଚତୁର୍ଥ ସମାନୁପାତୀ ହେଉଛି 2,3,12,.... y ଅଟେ । ତେବେ x:y କ'ଣ?

A   2:1
2:1

B   1:1   **Correct Answer**
1:1

C   1:2
1:2

D   1:3
     1:3

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:90196
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: If the fourth proportional to x+3, 8 and 27 is x-3, then what is the positive value of x?

ଯଦି x+3, 8 ଏବଂ 27 ର ଚତୁର୍ଥ ସମାନୁପାତୀ x-3, ତେବେ x ର ଧନାମୂକ ମାନ କେତେ ହେବ?

A   15   Correct Answer
     15

B   13
     13

C   20
     20

D   21
     21

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:90197
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: Which of the following is NOT a property of a triangle?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଏକ ତ୍ରିଭୁଜର ଧର୍ମ ନୁହେଁ?

A   The sum of the angles in a triangle is 180 degrees
     ଏକ ତ୍ରିଭୁଜରେ କୋଣଗୁଡ଼ିକର ସମଷ୍ଟି 180 ଡିଗ୍ରୀ ଅଟେ

B   The length of any two sides of a triangle is always greater than the length of the third side
     ତ୍ରିଭୁଜର ଯେକୌଣସି ଦୁଇ ପାର୍ଶ୍ୱର ଦୈର୍ଘ୍ୟ ସର୍ବଦା ତୃତୀୟ ପାର୍ଶ୍ୱର ଲମ୍ବଠାରୁ ଅଧିକ ହୋଇଥାଏ

C   The longest side of a triangle is opposite to the smallest angle   Correct Answer
     ତ୍ରିଭୁଜର ଦୀର୍ଘତମ ପାର୍ଶ୍ୱ ସବୁଠାରୁ ଛୋଟ କୋଣର ବିପରୀତ ଅଟେ

D   The perimeter of a triangle is equal to the sum of its three sides
     ଏକ ତ୍ରିଭୁଜର ପରିଧି ଏହାର ତିନୋଟି ପାର୍ଶ୍ୱର ସମଷ୍ଟି ସହ ସମାନ ଅଟେ

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:90198
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: What is the perimeter of a rectangle with length 6 cm and width 4 cm?

6 cm ଲମ୍ବ ଏବଂ 4 cm ପ୍ରସ୍ଥ ବିଶିଷ୍ଟ ଏକ ଆୟତ କ୍ଷେତ୍ରର ପରିସୀମା କେତେ?

A   10 cm
     10 cm

B   16 cm
     16 cm

C   20 cm   Correct Answer
     20 cm

D   24 cm
     24 cm

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:90199
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: Which among the following options is always true about rhombus?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖ୍ୟ ବିକଳ୍ପ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ରମ୍ବସ୍ ବିଷୟରେ ସର୍ବଦା ସତ୍ୟ ଅଟେ?

A Diagonals bisect each other and are equal in length

କର୍ଣ୍ଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ପରସ୍ପରକୁ ସମଦ୍ୱିଖଣ୍ଡ କରନ୍ତି ଏବଂ ଦୈର୍ଘ୍ୟରେ ସମାନ ଅଟନ୍ତି

B Diagonals are perpendicular to each other and equal in length

କର୍ଣ୍ଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ପରସ୍ପର ସହିତ ଲମ୍ବ ଏବଂ ଦୈର୍ଘ୍ୟରେ ସମାନ ଅଟେ

C Diagonals bisect each other and are perpendicular to each other   **Correct Answer**

କର୍ଣ୍ଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ପରସ୍ପରକୁ ସମଦ୍ୱିଖଣ୍ଡ କରନ୍ତି ଏବଂ ପରସ୍ପର ସହିତ ଲମ୍ବ ଅଟନ୍ତି

D Diagonals are not equal to each other

କର୍ଣ୍ଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ପରସ୍ପର ସହ ସମାନ ନୁହେଁ

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:901100
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: Which of the following is a solution of the equation $2x - 3y = 1$?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖ୍ୟ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି $2x - 3y = 1$ ସମୀକରଣର ଏକ ସମାଧାନ ଅଟେ?

A $x = 2, y = 1$ **Correct Answer**
$x = 2, y = 1$

B $x = 1, y = 2$
$x = 1, y = 2$

C $x = 0, y = -1$
$x = 0, y = -1$

D $x = -1, y = 0$
$x = -1, y = 0$

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:901101
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: The price of 2 tables and 3 chairs is 340 rupees. If a table is 30 rupees costlier than a chair, find the price of a table.

2ଟି ଟେବୁଲ ଓ 3ଟି ଚେୟାରର ମୂଲ୍ୟ 340 ଟଙ୍କା ରହିଛି। ଯଦି ଗୋଟିଏ ଟେବୁଲ ଚେୟାର ଠାରୁ 30 ଟଙ୍କା ମହଙ୍ଗା ହୁଏ, ତେବେ ଏକ ଟେବୁଲର ମୂଲ୍ୟ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରଣ କରନ୍ତୁ।

A 85 rupees
85 ଟଙ୍କା

B 86 rupees   **Correct Answer**
86 ଟଙ୍କା

C 87 rupees
87 ଟଙ୍କା

D 88 rupees
88 ଟଙ୍କା

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:901102
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: Which of the following is the complement of the set {a, b, c} in the universal set {a, b, c, d, e}?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ବିଶ୍ୱ ସେଟ୍ {a, b, c, d, e} ରେ ସେଟ୍ {a, b, c} ର ପୂରକ ଅଟେ?

A {d, e}   *Correct Answer*
    {d, e}

B {a, b, c, d, e}
    {a, b, c, d, e}

C {d, e, f}
    {d, e, f}

D {a, d, e}
    {a, d, e}

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:901103
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: What is the cardinality of a set?

ଗୋଟିଏ ସେଟ୍‌ର କାର୍ଡିନାଲିଟି କ'ଣ?

A The number of elements in the set   *Correct Answer*
    ସେଟ୍‌ରେ ଥିବା ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା

B The number of subsets of the set
    ସେଟ୍‌ର ଉପସେଟ୍ ସଂଖ୍ୟା

C The number of proper subsets of the set
    ସେଟ୍‌ର ପ୍ରକୃତ ଉପସେଟ୍ ସଂଖ୍ୟା

D The number of elements in the power set of the set
    ସେଟ୍‌ର ପାୱାର୍ ସେଟ୍‌ରେ ଥିବା ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:901104
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics
Question: What is the square of 3y - 4?

3y - 4 ର ବର୍ଗମୂଳ କେତେ ହେବ?

A $9y^2 - 16$
    $9y^2 - 16$

B $9y^2 + 16$
    $9y^2 + 16$

C $9y^2 - 24y + 16$ *Correct Answer*
    $9y^2 - 24y + 16$

D $9y^2 + 24y + 16$
    $9y^2 + 24y + 16$

Answer Given By Candidate:**C**

Question ID:901105
Topic Name:SECTION-II Mathematics

Question: What is the square of 3a?

3a ର ବର୍ଗମୂଳ କେତେ ହେବ?

A 9a
   9a

B $9a^2$
   $9a^2$ Correct Answer

C 6a
   6a

D $3a^2$
   $3a^2$

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID: 901106
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: In which of the following 'Yajnas', horses were sacrificed in later vedic period?

ପରବର୍ତ୍ତୀ ବୈଦିକ କାଳରେ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ କେଉଁ 'ଯଜ୍ଞ'ରେ ଘୋଡ଼ାବଳି ଦିଆଯାଇଥିଲା?

A Ashvamedha
   ଅଶ୍ୱମେଧ   Correct Answer

B Bhuta-yajna
   ଭୂତ-ଯଜ୍ଞ

C Deva-yajna
   ଦେବ-ଯଜ୍ଞ

D Naramedha
   ନରମେଧ

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID: 901107
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Who among the following wrote a three volume history on Akbar's reign?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କିଏ ଆକବରଙ୍କ ଶାସନକାଳ ଉପରେ ତିନି ଖଣ୍ଡ ଇତିହାସ ଲେଖିଥିଲେ?

A Abul Fazl
   ଅବୁଲ୍ ଫଜଲ୍   Correct Answer

B Megasthenes
   ମେଗାଷ୍ଟେନସ୍

C Hiuen Tsang
   ହୁଏନ୍ ସାଂ

D Fa-hien
   ଫା-ହିନ୍

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:901108
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: In which year Indian National Congress passed the "Purna Swaraj" (complete independence) resolution?

କେଉଁ ବର୍ଷ ଭାରତୀୟ ଜାତୀୟ କଂଗ୍ରେସ "ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ସ୍ୱରାଜ" (ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ସ୍ୱାଧୀନତା) ସଂକଳ୍ପ ପାରିତ କରିଥିଲା?

A 1929   Correct Answer
   1929

B 1928
   1928

C 1931
   1931

D 1942
   1942

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID:901109
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: During Civil Disobedience Movement in 1930, Gandhiji marched on foot 240 miles from Sabarmati to a coastal town in Gujarat. Name this coastal town.

୧୯୩୦ ମସିହାରେ ନାଗରିକ ଅବମାନନା ଆନ୍ଦୋଳନ ସମୟରେ ଗାନ୍ଧିଜୀ ସାବରମତୀରୁ ୨୪୦ ମାଇଲ ପାଦରେ ଚାଲି ଚାଲି ଗୁଜୁରାଟର ଏକ ଉପକୂଳବର୍ତ୍ତୀ ସହରକୁ ଯାତ୍ରା କରିଥିଲେ । ଏହି ଉପକୂଳବର୍ତ୍ତୀ ସହରର ନାମ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ ।

A Pune
   ପୁନେ

B Kachha
   କଚ୍ଛ

C Dandi   Correct Answer
   ଦାଣ୍ଡି

D Dwaraka
   ଦ୍ୱାରକା

Answer Given By Candidate: **C**

Question ID:901110
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Which of the following is NOT a feature of Gandhian principles in Directive Principles of State Policy?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ରାଜ୍ୟ ନୀତି ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶକ ନୀତିରେ ଗାନ୍ଧୀବାଦୀ ନୀତିର ଏକ ବୈଶିଷ୍ଟ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ ?

A Organise village panchayats
   ଗ୍ରାମ ପଞ୍ଚାୟତ ଆୟୋଜନ କରନ୍ତୁ

B Promotion of Cottage Industry
   କୁଟୀର ଶିଳ୍ପର ପ୍ରୋତ୍ସାହନ

C   Equal Pay for Equal Work

ସମାନ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ପାଇଁ ସମାନ ଦରମା

Correct Answer

D   Prohibition of killing of Cows, Buffaloes and other animals

ଗାଈ, ମଇଁଷି ଓ ଅନ୍ୟାନ୍ୟ ପଶୁ ହତ୍ୟା ଉପରେ କଟକଣା

Answer Given By Candidate: **B**

Question ID: 901111
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Which of the following is NOT a "writ" as per the Supreme Court of India to protect Fundamental Rights?

ମୌଳିକ ଅଧିକାରର ସୁରକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ ଭାରତର ସର୍ବୋଚ୍ଚ ନ୍ୟାୟାଳୟ ଅନୁଯାୟୀ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି "ରିଟ୍" ନୁହେଁ?

A   Habeas Corpus

ହବସ୍ କର୍ପସ୍

B   Mandamus

ମାଣ୍ଡାମସ୍

C   Prohibition

ନିଷେଧାଦେଶ

D   Epriori

ଇପ୍ରିଓରି

Correct Answer

Answer Given By Candidate: **D**

Question ID: 901112
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: In which year was the 11th fundamental duty added to the Indian constitution?

କେଉଁ ବର୍ଷ ଭାରତୀୟ ସମ୍ବିଧାନରେ ଏକାଦଶ ମୌଳିକ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ଯୋଡ଼ା ଯାଇଥିଲା?

A   2001
      2001

B   2002
      2002   Correct Answer

C   2003
      2003

D   2004
      2004

Answer Given By Candidate: **Not Attempted**

Question ID: 901113
Topic Name: SECTION-II Social Science
Question: What is the retirement age of Chief Justice of Supreme Court of India?

ସୁପ୍ରିମ୍ କୋର୍ଟର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବିଚାରପତିଙ୍କ ଅବସର ବୟସ କ'ଣ?

A 65 years

65 ବର୍ଷ

Correct Answer

B 60 years

60 ବର୍ଷ

C 62 years

62 ବର୍ଷ

D 66 years

66 ବର୍ଷ

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:901114
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: The phrase Judicial activism was coined by:

ନ୍ୟାୟିକ ସକ୍ରିୟତା ଶବ୍ଦଟି ଯାହା ସହିତ ପ୍ରଚଳିତ ହେଲା:

A O. Chinnappa Reddy

ଓ. ଚିନ୍ନାପ୍ପା ରେଡ଼ୀ

B P.N Bhagwati

ପି.ଏନ୍. ଭଗବତୀ

C Arthur Schlesinger Jr.   **Correct Answer**

ଆର୍ଥର ସ୍ଲେସିଙ୍ଗର ଜୁନିଅର୍

D V.R Krishna Iyer

ଭି. ଆର୍ କ୍ରିଷ୍ଣା ଆୟର

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:901115
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Nights are cooler in the deserts than in the plains because:

ସମତଳ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ତୁଳନାରେ ମରୁଭୂମିରେ ରାତି ଠଣ୍ଡା ହୋଇଥାଏ କାରଣ:

A Sand radiates heat more quickly than the soil
ମାଟି ଅପେକ୍ଷା ବାଲି ଅଧିକ ଦ୍ରୁତ ଗତିରେ ଉଷ୍ମ ବିସ୍ତାର କରିଥାଏ   **Correct Answer**

B Sand reflects heat more quickly than the soil
ବାଲି ମାଟି ଅପେକ୍ଷା ଅଧିକ ଶୀଘ୍ର ଉଷ୍ମ ପ୍ରତିଫଳିତ କରେ

C Sand absorbs heat more quickly than the soil
ବାଲି ମାଟି ଅପେକ୍ଷା ଅଧିକ ଶୀଘ୍ର ଉଷ୍ମ ଶୋଷଣ କରିଥାଏ

D None of the above reasons
ଉପରୋକ୍ତ କୌଣସି କାରଣ ନାହିଁ

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:901116
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: What is the meaning of "Cloud Burst"?

"ବାଦଲ ଫାଟିବା"ର ଅର୍ଥ କ'ଣ?

A Movement of clouds in sky
ଆକାଶରେ ମେଘର ଗତିବିଧ୍

B Very heavy rain with heavy storm
ପ୍ରବଳ ଝଡ଼ ସହ ପ୍ରବଳ ବର୍ଷା   Correct Answer

C Formation of artificial rain by cloud seeding
ମେଘମାଳା ଦ୍ୱାରା କୃତ୍ରିମ ବର୍ଷା ସୃଷ୍ଟି

D Sowing of crop seeds in cloudy weather
ମେଘୁଆ ପାଗରେ ଫସଲ ବିହନ ବୁଣିବା

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:901117
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Which among the following lakes is famous for salt production?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ହ୍ରଦ ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଲୁଣ ଉତ୍ପାଦନ ପାଇଁ ପ୍ରସିଦ୍ଧ?

A Dal lake
ଡାଲ ହ୍ରଦ

B Loktak lake
ଲୋକତକ୍ ହ୍ରଦ

C Sambhar lake
ସାମ୍ଭର ହ୍ରଦ   Correct Answer

D Wular lake
ଉଲାର୍ ହ୍ରଦ

Answer Given By Candidate:**D**

Question ID:901118
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Bangladesh emerged as the main competitor of India in the world market in _____ production.

_____ ଉତ୍ପାଦନରେ ବାଂଲାଦେଶ ବିଶ୍ୱ ବଜାରରେ

ଭାରତର ମୁଖ୍ୟ ପ୍ରତିଦ୍ୱନ୍ଦ୍ୱୀ ଭାବରେ ଉଭା ହୋଇଛି ।

A Jute   Correct Answer
ଝୋଟ

B Cotton garments
ସୂତା କପଡ଼ା

C Cement
ସିମେଣ୍ଟ

D Pharmaceuticals
ଔଷଧ

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:901119
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science

Question: On the earth, latitude of a place is measured by the distance in:

ପୃଥିବୀରେ, ଏକ ସ୍ଥାନର ଅକ୍ଷାଂଶ ଦୂରତା ଅନୁଯାୟୀ ମାପ କରାଯାଏ:

A angles from the poles
ମେରୁଗୁଡ଼ିକରୁ କୋଣ

B kilometers from the equator
ବିଷୁବ ରେଖାରୁ କିଲୋମିଟର୍

C angles from the equator
ବିଷୁବ ରେଖାରୁ କୋଣ   **Correct Answer**

D kilometers from the poles
ମେରୁଗୁଡ଼ିକରୁ କିଲୋମିଟର୍

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:901120
Topic Name:SECTION-II Social Science
Question: Each 15° longitude represents _____, if the Earth turns through 360° in 24 hours.

ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ 15° ଦ୍ରାଘିମା_____ ପ୍ରତିନିଧୁତ୍ବ କରେ, ଯଦି ପୃଥିବୀ 24 ଘଣ୍ଟାରେ 360° ଅତିକ୍ରମ କରେ ।

A two hours
ଦୁଇ ଘଣ୍ଟ

B three hours
ତିନି ଘଣ୍ଟା

C one hour
ଏକ ଘଣ୍ଟା   **Correct Answer**

D one hour and forty minutes
ଏକ ଘଣ୍ଟା ଚାଳିଶ ମିନିଟ୍

Answer Given By Candidate:C

Question ID:901121
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Which among the following is not sublimable?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଉତ୍କୃଷ୍ଟ ନୁହେଁ?

A Ammonium chloride
ଆମୋନିୟମ୍ କ୍ଲୋରାଇଡ଼

B Mercury
ପାରଦ   **Correct Answer**

C Naphthalene
ନେପ୍ଥାଲିନ୍

D Camphor
ଚାନ୍ଦୁର୍

Answer Given By Candidate:Not Attempted

Question ID:901122
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science

Question: Which metal is prominently used in mobile phone batteries?

ମୋବାଇଲ୍ ଫୋନ୍ ବ୍ୟାଟେରୀରେ କେଉଁ ଧାତୁ ମୁଖ୍ୟତଃ ବ୍ୟବହୃତ ହୁଏ?

A Lithium

   ଲିଥିଅମ୍   *Correct Answer*

B Chlorine

   କ୍ଲୋରାଇନ୍

C Hydrogen

   ହାଇଡ୍ରୋଜେନ୍

D Bromine

   ବ୍ରୋମାଇନ୍

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 901123
Topic Name: SECTION-II Science
Question: Which of the following is NOT water (H_2O)?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଜଳ (H2O) ନୁହେଁ?

A Distilled Water

   ବିଶୋଧିତ ଜଳ

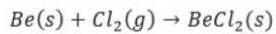B Aqua regia   *Correct Answer*

   ଆକ୍ୱା ରେଗିଆ

C Water vapour

   ଜଳ ବାଷ୍ପ

D Hard Water

   କଠିନ ଜଳ

Answer Given By Candidate: B

Question ID: 901124
Topic Name: SECTION-II Science
Question: If a limestone piece is dipped in water, bubbles evolve. The bubbling is due to:

ଯଦି ଏକ ଚୂନପଥର ଖଣ୍ଡକୁ ପାଣିରେ ବୁଡ଼ାଇ ଦିଆଯାଏ, ତେବେ ବୁଦବୁଦ୍ ବିକଶିତ ହୁଏ । ଏହି ବୁଦବୁଦ୍ ଯେଉଁ କାରଣରୁ ହୋଇଛି:

A Hydrogen

   ଉଦ୍ଯାନ

B Oxygen

   ଅମ୍ଳଜାନ

C Water vapour
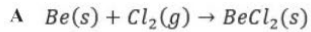
   ଜଳୀୟ ବାଷ୍ପ

D Carbon dioxide   *Correct Answer*

   ଅଙ୍ଗାରକାମ୍ଳ

Answer Given By Candidate: A
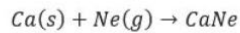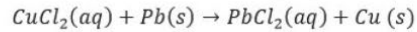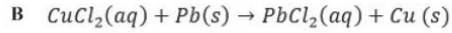
Question ID: 901125
Topic Name: SECTION-II Science

Question: Which one of the following reactions is a combination reaction?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟା ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଏକ ମିଶ୍ରିତ ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ?

A $Be(s) + Cl_2(g) \rightarrow BeCl_2(s)$
$Be(s) + Cl_2(g) \rightarrow BeCl_2(s)$ **Correct Answer**

B $CuCl_2(aq) + Pb(s) \rightarrow PbCl_2(aq) + Cu(s)$
$CuCl_2(aq) + Pb(s) \rightarrow PbCl_2(aq) + Cu(s)$

C $Ca(s) + Ne(g) \rightarrow CaNe$
$Ca(s) + Ne(g) \rightarrow CaNe$

D None of these
ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କୌଣସିଟି ନୁହେଁ

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 901126
Topic Name: SECTION-II Science
Question: Tides formed by the rising and falling of water level in the sea occurs due to which force exerted by the moon and sun on the water surface?

ସମୁଦ୍ରରେ ଜଳସ୍ତର ବୃଦ୍ଧି ଓ ହ୍ରାସ ଯୋଗୁଁ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହେଉଥିବା ଜୁଆର ଜଳ ପୃଷ୍ଠରେ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ଓ ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟଙ୍କ ଦ୍ୱାରା ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରାଯାଉଥିବା ବଳ ଯୋଗୁଁ ହୋଇଥାଏ?

A Gravitational force   **Correct Answer**
ମାଧାକର୍ଷଣ ବଳ

B Acceleration force
ତ୍ୱରାନ୍ଵିତ ଶକ୍ତି

C Nuclear force
ପରମାଣୁ ଶକ୍ତି

D Electrostatic force
ସୁସମ ସ୍ଥିର ବିଦ୍ୟୁତ ଶକ୍ତି

Answer Given By Candidate: A

Question ID: 901127
Topic Name: SECTION-II Science
Question: A large amount of energy is released by the Sun & other stars, the energy is derived via:

ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଏବଂ ଅନ୍ୟ ନକ୍ଷତ୍ରମାନଙ୍କ ଦ୍ୱାରା ବିପୁଳ ପରିମାଣର ଶକ୍ତି ନିର୍ଗତ ହୁଏ, ଶକ୍ତି ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ପ୍ରାପ୍ତ ହୁଏ:

A Nuclear fission
ପରମାଣୁ ବିଭାଜନ

B Nuclear fusion   **Correct Answer**
ପରମାଣୁ ସଂଲୟନ

C K-effect
K-ପ୍ରଭାବ

D Both nuclear fusion & fission
ଉଭୟ ନ୍ୟୁକ୍ଲିୟର ସଂଲୟନ ଏବଂ ବିଭାଜନ

Answer Given By Candidate: Not Attempted

Question ID:901128
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: What will be the unit of velocity if displacement of object is measured in metre and time in seconds?

ଯଦି ବସ୍ତୁର ବିସ୍ଥାପନ ମିଟର ଏବଂ ସେକେଣ୍ଡରେ ସମୟ ମାପ କରାଯାଏ ତେବେ ବେଗର ଏକକ କ'ଣ ହେବ?

A   metre/second^2

ମିଟର/ସେକେଣ୍ଡ^2

B   metre/second   **Correct Answer**

ମିଟର/ସେକେଣ୍ଡ

C   second^2/metre

ସେକେଣ୍ଡ^2/ମିଟର

D   metre^2/second

ମିଟର^2/ସେକେଣ୍ଡ

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:901129
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Which of the following structures/features is absent in animal cells?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଗଠନ/ବୈଶିଷ୍ଟ୍ୟ ପ୍ରାଣୀ କୋଷରେ ଅନୁପସ୍ଥିତ?

A   Cell Wall   **Correct Answer**

କୋଷ ପ୍ରାଚୀର

B   Cilia

ସିଲିଆ

C   Centrioles

କେନ୍ଦ୍ରିକା

D   Mitochondria

ମାଇଟୋକଣ୍ଡ୍ରିଆ

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:901130
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: _____ makes proteins to be exported from the cell.

_____ କୋଷରୁ ପ୍ରୋଟିନ୍ ରପ୍ତାନି କରିବାକୁ ତିଆରି କରେ ।

A   Nucleolus

ଉପନ୍ୟଷ୍ଟି

B   Rough ER   **Correct Answer**

କର୍କଶ ER

C   Centrioles

କେନ୍ଦ୍ରିକା

D   Vacuole

ରସଧାନୀ

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Question ID:901131
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: In apples, the edible part is _____.

ସେଓରେ ଖାଇବା ଅଂଶ ହେଉଛି _____ ।

A Epicarp
ଏପିକ୍ରାପ୍

B Endocarp
ଏଣ୍ଡୋକ୍ରାପ୍

C Mesocarp
ମେସୋକ୍ରାପ୍

D Thalamus
ଥାଲାମସ୍   **Correct Answer**

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:901132
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Pitcher plants belong to which category ?

କଳସୀ ଗଛ କେଉଁ ଶ୍ରେଣୀର ଅଟେ?

A Insectivorous   **Correct Answer**
କୀଟଭକ୍ଷୀ

B Herbivorous
ଉଭିଦଭକ୍ଷୀ

C Omnivorous
ସର୍ବଭକ୍ଷୀ

D Saprophytic
ସାପ୍ରୋଫାଇଟିକ୍

Answer Given By Candidate:A

Question ID:901133
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Which part of the Saffron Crocus flower is used as a spice ?

କେଶର କ୍ରୋକସ୍ ଫୁଲର କେଉଁ ଅଂଶ ଏକ ମସଲା ଭାବରେ ବ୍ୟବହୃତ ହୁଏ?

A Stigma   **Correct Answer**
ପରାଗରେଣୁ

B Corolla
ଦଳମଣ୍ଡଳ

C Calyx
ବୃତି ମଣ୍ଡଳ

D Stamen
କେଶର

Answer Given By Candidate:**Not Attempted**

Question ID:901134
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science

Question: Which microorganism causes malaria?

କେଉଁ ଅଣୁଜୀବ ମ୍ୟାଲେରିଆର କାରଣ ହୋଇଥାଏ?

A Plasmodium vivax

ପ୍ଲାଜମୋଡିୟମ୍ ଭିଭ୍ୟାକ୍ସ   **Correct Answer**

B Ascaris lumbricoidis

ଆସ୍କାରିସ୍ ଲମ୍ବ୍ରିକୋଇଡ୍

C Periplanata Americana

ପେରିପ୍ଲ୍ୟାନାଟା ଆମେରିକାନା

D Fasciola hepatica

ଫାସିଓଲା ହେପାଟିକା

Answer Given By Candidate:**A**

Question ID:901135
Topic Name:SECTION-II Science
Question: Disease causing organisms are called _____.

ରୋଗ ସୃଷ୍ଟିକାରୀ ଜୀବଙ୍କୁ _____ କୁହାଯାଏ ।

A Parasites

ପରଜୀବୀ

B Pathogens

ପାଥୋଜେନ୍   **Correct Answer**

C Saprophytes

ସାପ୍ରୋଫାଇଟ୍

D Spores

ରେଣୁ

Answer Given By Candidate:**B**

Join Us-