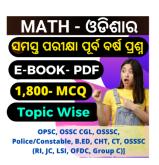




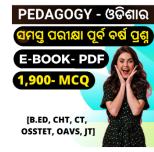
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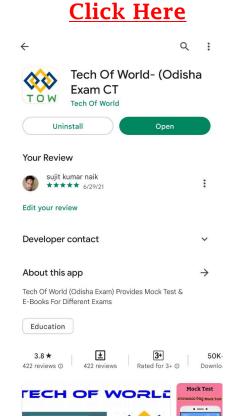




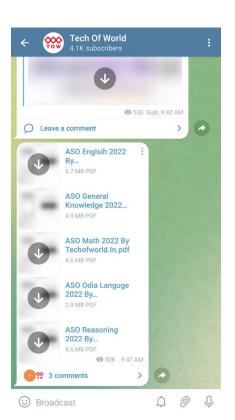




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Assessment Name: OPRB CBRE Warder- 24th Dec 2022-SL-3(B)

QUESTION

	Subject: General English Chapter: Set-3		
Q (1)	Не_	early everyday.	
	√A.	gets up	
Ontions	В.	got up	
Options	C.	is getting up	
	D.	has got up	
Q (2)	I	badminton with her. She always won.	
	A.	often play	
Ontions	В.	will often play	
Options	C.	am often playing	
	√ D.	often played	
Q (3)	My ł	nands are dirty, because	
	A.	I am gardening.	
0-4:	√ B.	I have been gardening.	
Options	C.	I have gardened.	
	D.	I was gardening.	
Q (4)	She s	said to me, "Who has gone to Madras ?" (Change into Indirect Speech)	
	A.	She asked me who went to Madras.	
Outions	В.	She told me who went to Madras.	
Options	√C.	She asked me who had gone to Madras.	
	D.	She told me who has gone to Madras.	
Q (5)	I'm l	ooking forward on a picnic.	
	A.	going	
Ontions	В.	to go	
Options	✓C.	to going	
	D.	that I go.	
Q (6)	She s	said that if she the time, she would have come.	
	A.	was	
Options	√ B.	had	
Options	C.	have	
	D.	has	
Q (7)	The rich man <u>looked down</u> on his poor neighbours. The underlined phrase means		
Options	√A.	regarded with contempt	

	B. had a strong worm feeling for	
	C. was very helpful to	
	D. took care of	
Q (8)	Choose the correct antonym of	
Q (0)	populous :	
	A. praise	
Options	B. ignoble	
Options	✓C. isolated	
	D. inessential	
Q (9)	He doesn't know reading or writing. He is	
	A. misliterate	
Outions	✓B. illiterate	
Options	C. inliterate	
	D. disliterate	
Q (10)	The of wheat has increased this year.	
	✓A. production	
0	B. productivity	
Options	C. producing	
	D. produced	
Q (11)	My next pet was a pigeon. He was still very young. He was the most revolting bird to look at. with his feathers pushing through the wrinkled scarlet skin, mixed, with the horrible yellow down that covers baby pigeons and makes them look as though they have been peroxiding their hair. Because of his repulsive and obese appearance, Larry suggested we call him Quasimodo and, liking the name without realizing the implications, I agreed Owing to his unorthodox upbringing, and the fact that he had no parents to teach him the facts of life. Quasimodo became convinced that he was not a bird at all, and refused to fly Instead, he walked everywhere. If he wanted to get onto a table, or a chair he stood below it, ducking his head and coding in a rich contral to until someone lifted him up. He was always eager to join us in anything we did, and would even try to come for walks with us. This, however, we had to stop for either you carried him on your shoulder, which was risking an accident to your clothes, or else, you let him walk behind. If you let him walk, then you had to slow down your own pace to suit his for should you get too far ahead you would hear the most frantic and imploring coos and turn around to find Quasimodo running desperately after you, his chest pouted out with indignation at your cruelty Gerald Durrell The narrator describes the pigeon as a 'revolting bird' because:	
	A. it could not fly	
Options	B. it had to be carried everywhere	
	✓C. it had wrinkled skin covered with yellow feathers	
	D. it was fat	
Q (12)	My next pet was a pigeon. He was still very young. He was the most revolting bird to look at. with his feathers pushing through the wrinkled scarlet skin, mixed, with the horrible yellow down that covers baby pigeons and makes them look as though they have been peroxiding	

their hair. Because of his repulsive and obese appearance, Larry suggested we call him Quasimodo and, liking the name without realizing the implications, I agreed Owing to his unorthodox upbringing, and the fact that he had no parents to teach him the facts of life. Quasimodo became convinced that he was not a bird at all, and refused to fly Instead, he walked everywhere. If he wanted to get onto a table, or a chair he stood below it, ducking his head and coding in a rich contral to until someone lifted him up. He was always eager to join us in anything we did, and would even try to come for walks with us. This, however, we had to stop for either you carried him on your shoulder, which was risking an accident to your clothes, or else, you let him walk behind. If you let him walk, then you had to slow down your own pace to suit his for should you get too far ahead you would hear the most frantic and imploring coos and turn around to find Quasimodo running desperately after you, his chest pouted out with indignation at your cruelty Gerald Durrell

Quasimodo considered the human beings cruel when:

Options

- **A.** they tried to leave him at home
- **B.** they lifted him on their shoulders
- **C.** they took him for a walk
- **✓ D.** they walked too fast

Q (13)

My next pet was a pigeon. He was still very young. He was the most revolting bird to look at. with his feathers pushing through the wrinkled scarlet skin, mixed, with the horrible yellow down that covers baby pigeons and makes them look as though they have been peroxiding their hair. Because of his repulsive and obese appearance, Larry suggested we call him Quasimodo and, liking the name without realizing the implications, I agreed Owing to his unorthodox upbringing, and the fact that he had no parents to teach him the facts of life. Quasimodo became convinced that he was not a bird at all, and refused to fly Instead, he walked everywhere. If he wanted to get onto a table, or a chair he stood below it, ducking his head and coding in a rich contral to until someone lifted him up. He was always eager to join us in anything we did, and would even try to come for walks with us. This, however, we had to stop for either you carried him on your shoulder, which was risking an accident to your clothes, or else, you let him walk behind. If you let him walk, then you had to slow down your own pace to suit his for should you get too far ahead you would hear the most frantic and imploring coos and turn around to find Quasimodo running desperately after you, his chest pouted out with indignation at your cruelty Gerald Durrell

We know that Quasimodo was always eager to go on walks because:

Options

- **A.** he walked everywhere
- **B.** he did not know how to fly
- **C.** he protested loudly if he was not taken along
- **D.** he always copied whatever humans did

Q (14)

My next pet was a pigeon. He was still very young. He was the most revolting bird to look at. with his feathers pushing through the wrinkled scarlet skin, mixed, with the horrible yellow down that covers baby pigeons and makes them look as though they have been peroxiding their hair. Because of his repulsive and obese appearance, Larry suggested we call him Quasimodo and, liking the name without realizing the implications, I agreed Owing to his unorthodox upbringing, and the fact that he had no parents to teach him the facts of life. Quasimodo became convinced that he was not a bird at all, and refused to fly Instead, he walked everywhere. If he wanted to get onto a table, or a chair he stood below it, ducking his head and coding in a rich contral to until someone lifted him up. He was always eager to join us in anything we did, and would even try to come for walks with us. This, however, we had to stop for either you carried him on your shoulder, which was risking an accident to your clothes, or else, you let him walk behind. If you let him walk, then you had to slow down your own pace to suit his for should you get too far ahead you would hear the most frantic and

	imploring coos and turn around to find Quasimodo running desperately after you, his chest pouted out with indignation at your cruelty Gerald Durrell		
	IF Quasimodo had parents, he would have:		
	A. known he was a bird		
0	✓B. behaved like a bird		
Options	C. learnt to fly		
	D. not walked so much		
Q (15)	My next pet was a pigeon. He was still very young. He was the most revolting bird to look at. with his feathers pushing through the wrinkled scarlet skin, mixed, with the horrible yellow down that covers baby pigeons and makes them look as though they have been peroxiding their hair. Because of his repulsive and obese appearance, Larry suggested we call him Quasimodo and, liking the name without realizing the implications, I agreed Owing to his unorthodox upbringing, and the fact that he had no parents to teach him the facts of life. Quasimodo became convinced that he was not a bird at all, and refused to fly Instead, he walked everywhere. If he wanted to get onto a table, or a chair he stood below it, ducking his head and coding in a rich contral to until someone lifted him up. He was always eager to join us in anything we did, and would even try to come for walks with us. This, however, we had to stop for either you carried him on your shoulder, which was risking an accident to your clothes, or else, you let him walk behind. If you let him walk, then you had to slow down your own pace to suit his for should you get too far ahead you would hear the most frantic and imploring coos and turn around to find Quasimodo running desperately after you, his chest		
	The word unorthodox means		
Options	 A. following generally accepted beliefs B. strict and disciplined ✓C. different from what is usual or accepted D. active and outgoing 		
Q (16)	Translate in to English:- ସୈନିକମାନେ ପ୍ରଧାନ ସେନାପତିଙ୍କ ଆଦେଶ ମାନିବାକୁ ବାଧ୍ୟ ।		
	A. The soldiers were bound to obey their Commander-in-chief's order.		
Outi	B. The soldier is bound to obey their Commander-in-chief's order.		
Options	C. The soldiers are bound to obey their Commander-in-chief's order.		
	D. The soldier was bound to obey their Commander-in-chief's order.		
Q (17)	Translate in to English:- ତୁମ ପାଖରେ ଆମ୍ବଟିଏ ଅଛି କି ?		
Options	 A. Has you a mango with you? B. Had you mango with you? ✓C. Have you a mango with you? D. Will you a mango with you? 		
Q (18)	Translate in to English:- ଏ କଲମଟି ଟିକିଏ କମ୍ ଦାମ୍ ।		

	A. This pen were little less expensive.		
	B. This pen was little less expensive.		
Options	✓C. This pen is a little less expensive.		
	D. This pen maybe a little expensive.		
	Translate in to English:-		
Q (19)	ମୁଁ ଯାହା ଭାବିଥୁଲି କାମଟା ତା' ଅପେକ୍ଷା ଖୁବ୍ ବେଶୀ ସହଜ ।		
	A. The job was much easier than I thought.		
Options	B. The job is much easier than I think.		
Options	✓C. The job is much easier than I thought.		
	D. The job was much easiest than I thought.		
0 (20)	Translate in to English:-		
Q (20)	ଅଳସୁଆମି ହେତୁରୁ ସେ ପରୀକ୍ଷାରେ ପାଶ୍ କରିପାରିଲା ନାହିଁ ।		
	A. He can not pass the examination because his idleness.		
Options	B. He have not pass the examination because for his idleness.		
Options	✓C. He could not pass the examination on account of his idleness.		
	D. He will not pass the examination on account for his idleness.		
	Subject: Odia Language Chapter: Set-3		
Q (1)	ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଶବ୍ଦ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ବିପରୀତାର୍ଥବୋଧକ ଦୁଇ ଶବ୍ଦର ସଂଯୋଗରେ ଗଠିତ ଯୁଗ୍ମ ଶବ୍ଦ ?		
	A. ହଣାମରା		
	B. ହଣାହଣି		
Options	√C. କିଣାବିକା		
	D. କାମଦାମ		
0 (2)	ଏକାପଦରେ ପ୍ରକାଶ କର ।		
Q (2)	' ଧର୍ମାନ୍ତର '-		
	√A. ଧର୍ମ ଓ ଅନ୍ତର		
	B. ଧର୍ମରୁ ଅନ୍ତର		
Options	C. ଅନ୍ୟ ଧର୍ମ		
	D. ଧର୍ମର ଅନ୍ତର		
	ନିମ୍ମ ଶବ୍ଦଟିର ବିପରୀତ ଅର୍ଥବୋଧକ ଶବ୍ଦ କ'ଣ ହେବ ?		
Q (3)	ସନ୍ଦେହ		
Options	A. ଅସନ୍ଦେହ		

	√B.	ନିଃସନ୍ଦେହ
	C.	ଅବସନ୍ଦେହ
	D.	ନିସନ୍ଦେହ
0 (4)	ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଶ	ଶବ୍ଦବାଛି ଶୂନ୍ୟସ୍ଥାନ ପୂରଣ କର ।
Q (4)	ବଡ଼ ବରଟ	ମଛ ତଳେ ଛୋଟ ବରକୋଳି ଗଛ ପାରିବ ନାହିଁ ।
	√A.	ଉଧେଇ
Ontions	В.	କରୀ
Options	C.	ହୟୀ
	D.	ବୃଷ
Q (5)	ବାକ୍ୟରେ	ସାଧାରଣତଃ କର୍ତ୍ତାର ସ୍ଥାନ କେଉଁଠାରେ ?
	√A.	ଆରନ୍ୟରେ
Options	В.	ଶେଷରେ
Options	C.	ଶେଷପଦ ପୂର୍ବରୁ
	D.	ମଝିରେ
Q (6)	ବୈଶାଳୀ	ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ଭଲ <mark>ପଢ଼ୁଛି ଏବଂ ଗୀ</mark> ତ ମଧ୍ୟ ଭଲ ଗାଉଛି । - ଏହା କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାରର ବାକ୍ୟ ?
	Α.	ମିଶ୍ର
Ontions	В.	ସରଳ
Options	C.	ଜଟିଳ
\mathcal{L}	√ D.	ଯୌଗିକ
Q (7)	"ମାଆଙ୍କଟ	ର ରନ୍ଧା ଚାଲିଛି" - ଏହି ବାକ୍ୟଟି କେଉଁ ବାଚ୍ୟରେ ଲିଖିତ ?
	A.	କର୍ମବାଚ୍ୟ
Ontions	В.	କର୍ଜୂବାଚ୍ୟ
Options	√ C.	ଭାବବାଚ୍ୟ
	D.	କ୍ରିୟାବାଚ୍ୟ
O (9)	ସନ୍ଧିବିଚ୍ଛେଦ କଲେ କ'ଣ ହେବ ?	
Q (8)	ନିଷ୍ଟୟ	
Options	√A.	ନିଃ + ଚୟ
	В.	ନିଶ୍ + ଚୟ





	C.	ନି + ଚୟ
	D.	ନି + ଶ୍ଟୟ
Q (9)	ନିମ୍ନୋକ୍ତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ୱରେ ଶୁଦ୍ଧ ଶବ୍ଦ ଚିହ୍ନାଅ	
Q()	(A) ତପ	ଶ୍ୱିନୀ (B) ତପସ୍ୱିନୀ (C) ତପସ୍ୱିନି (D) ତପସ୍ୱୀନି
	Α.	ତପଶ୍ୱିନୀ
Options	√B.	ତପସ୍ୱିନୀ
Options	C.	ତପସ୍ୱିନି
	D.	ତପସ୍ୱୀନି
Q (10)	ନିମ୍ନସ୍ଥ କେ	ନଉଁ ରୂଢ଼ିଟି 'ଜୀବନ ଠାରୁ ଇଜତ ବଡ଼' ଏହି ଅର୍ଥରେ ବ୍ୟବହୃତ ହୋଇଥାଏ ?
	Α.	ଆଲୋ ସଖ୍, ଆପଣା ମହତ ଆପେ ରଖ୍
Options	В.	କେଉଁ ଗାଈର ଗୋବର
Options	√ C.	କାନ୍ ଯାଉ ମାନ୍ ଥାଉ
	D.	ଖଣ୍ଡାଧାରରେ ଚାଲିବା
Q (11)	ଇଂରାଜୀ	ଅନୁଛେଦର ସଠି <mark>କ</mark> ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅ <mark>ନୁବାଦ ଚୟନ କର</mark>
	" Liste	n, there goes the bell!"
	Α.	ଶୁଣ, ଘଷ୍ଟା ବାଜିବ।
Options	В.	ଶୁଣ, ଘଣ୍ଟା ବାଜିପାରେ।
	✓C.	ଶୁଣ, ଘଣ୍ଟା ବାଲୁଛି !
\mathcal{A}	D.	ଶୁଣ, ସେ ଘଣ୍ଟା ବଜେଇବ।
Q (12)		ଅନୁଛେଦର ସଠିକ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ ଚୟନ କର e hard upon anyone.
4	√A.	କାହା ଉପରେ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦୟ ଭାବ ଦେଖାଅ ନାହିଁ ।
	В.	କାହା ଉପରେ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିୟ ଭାବ ଦେଖାଅ।
Options	C.	କାହା ଉପରେ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିୟ ଭାବ ଦେଖାଇଲ।
	D.	କାହା ଉପରେ ନରମ ଭାବ ଦେଖାଅ ନାହିଁ ।
Q (13)		ଟି ପାଠକରି ତା' ତଳେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ମଗୁଡିକର ଭଭର, ଅନୁଛେଦ ଆଧାରରେ ଦିଅ ।
		ୟ ବିଦ୍ୟା ଆରାଧନାର ପ୍ରକୃଷ ସ୍ଥଳ । ଏଠାରେ ବିଦ୍ୟା ଆହରଣ କରାଯାଏ, ଚର୍ଚ୍ଚା କରାଯାଏ । ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ତକ ଭିନ୍ନ
		ୟରେ ନାନାଦି ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଶାରୀରିକ, ପ୍ରାଣିକ, ମାନସିକ, ବୌଦ୍ଧିକ ତଥା ଆତ୍ମିକ ବିକାଶ ଉପରେ ଧ୍ୟାନ
	ଦଆଯାଏ	। ଏତଦଭିନ୍ନ, ନୈତିକ ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ପ୍ରାଧାନ୍ୟ ଦିଆଯାଏ । ସମାଜର ସବୁବର୍ଗର ପିଲାମାନେ

ସେଠାରେ ପାଠ ପଡ଼ିଞ, ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ଗଢ଼ିଞ । ପାରକ୍ଷରିକ ସହଯୋଗ କରିଆରେ ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଗଣ ଅନେକ ଅସୟବ ମନେ ହେଉଥିବା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ ସନ୍ଧବ କରିପାରନ୍ତି । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ବିକଳ୍ପ ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ, ଏକସଙ୍ଗରେ ଏତେଗୁଡିଏ ସବ୍କୁଣର ବିକାଶ ଆଉ କେଉଁଠାରେ ସାର୍ଥକ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଆଜିର ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀମାନେ ଆସନ୍ତାକଲି ଦେଶନିର୍ମାଣ କରିବେ । ସେଥିପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉଉମଶିକ୍ଷ୍ୟା ପ୍ରଦାନ କରାଯିବା ନିହାତି ଜରୁରୀ । ଶିକ୍ଷା କେବଳ ପ୍ରମାଣପତ୍ର ହାସଲ କରିବା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ସୀମିତ ରହିବା ଉଚିତ ନୁହେଁ । ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ବିକାଶ ଏହାର ମୌଳିକ ଲକ୍ଷ ହେବା ଦରକାର । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟହିଁ ସମଗ୍ର ଦେଶର ଏକ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରତିରୂପ । ଏହାକୁ ସାମାଜିକ ପ୍ରୟୋଗଶାଳା କହିଲେ ଅତ୍ୟୁକ୍ତି ହେବ ନାହିଁ । ସେଠାରେ ଅନେକ ପ୍ରକାର ପରୀକ୍ଷାନିରୀକ୍ଷା ନିରବ୍ଚିନ୍ତ ଭାବରେ ଚାଲିଥାଏ । ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀକୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଭାବରେ ଗଢିତୋଳିବା ଭିତରେ ଦେଶର ଓ ଦଶର ମଙ୍ଗଳ କରିବା ନିମନ୍ତେ ତା'କୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ କରିଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏହି କାରଣରୁ ଭାରତର ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ସମଗ୍ର ବିଶ୍ୱରେ ଆଦୃତ ହୋଇଛି ।

ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାର ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆଯାଏ ?

A. ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ଚକ ବ୍ୟତୀତ କେବଳ ଶାରୀରିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆଯାଏ ।

Options

ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ଚକ ବ୍ୟତୀତ ଶାରୀରିକ, ପ୍ରାଣିକ, ମାନସିକ, ବୌଦ୍ଧିକ ତଥା ଆତ୍ମିକ ବିକାଶର ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆଯାଏ ।

- C. ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ଚକ ବ୍ୟତୀତ କେବଳ ଆତ୍ମିକ ବିକାଶର ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆଯାଏ ।
- D. ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ଚକ ବ୍ୟତୀତ <mark>ଆଉକିଛି ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆ</mark>ଯାଏ ନାହିଁ ।

ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ତା' ତଳେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ୱଗୁଡିକର ଉତ୍ତର, ଅନୁଛେଦ ଆଧାରରେ ଦିଅ ।

ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ବିଦ୍ୟା ଆରାଧନାର ପ୍ରକୃଷ ଷଳ । ଏଠାରେ ବିଦ୍ୟା ଆହରଣ କରାଯାଏ, ଚର୍ଚ୍ଚା କରାଯାଏ । ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ଚକ ଭିନ୍ନ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ନାନାଦି ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଶାରୀରିକ, ପ୍ରାଣିକ, ମାନସିକ, ବୌଦ୍ଧିକ ତଥା ଆତ୍ମିକ ବିକାଶ ଉପରେ ଧାନ ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏତଦଭିନ୍ନ, ନୈତିକ ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ପ୍ରାଧାନ୍ୟ ଦିଆଯାଏ । ସମାଜର ସବୁବର୍ଗର ପିଲାମାନେ ସେଠାରେ ପାଠ ପଡ଼ିଞ, ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ଗଢ଼ିଞ । ପାରୟ୍ଷରିକ ସହଯୋଗ ଜରିଆରେ ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଗଣ ଅନେକ ଅସନ୍ତବ ମନେ ହେଉଥିବା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ ସନ୍ତବ କରିପାରନ୍ତି । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ବିକଳ୍ପ ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ, ଏକସଙ୍ଗରେ ଏତେଗୁଡିଏ ସଦ୍କୁଣର ବିକାଶ ଆଉ କେଉଁଠାରେ ସାର୍ଥକ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତ। ନାହିଁ । ଆଜିର ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀମାନେ ଆସନ୍ତାକଲି ଦେଶନିର୍ମାଣ କରିବେ । ସେଥିପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉଉମଶିକ୍ଷ୍ୟା ପ୍ରଦାନ କରାଯିବା ନିହାତି କରୁରୀ । ଶିକ୍ଷା କେବଳ ପ୍ରମାଣପତ୍ର ହାସଲ କରିବା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ସୀମିତ ରହିବା ଉଚିତ ନୁହେଁ । ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ବିକାଶ ଏହାର ମୌଳିକ ଲକ୍ଷ ହେବା ଦରକାର । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟହିଁ ସମଗ୍ର ଦେଶର ଏକ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରତିରୂପ । ଏହାକୁ ସାମାଜିକ ପ୍ରୟୋଗଶାଳା କହିଲେ ଅତ୍ୟୁକ୍ତି ହେବ ନାହିଁ । ସେଠାରେ ଅନେକ ପ୍ରକାର ପରୀକ୍ଷାନିରୀକ୍ଷା ନିରବଛିନ୍ନ ଭାବରେ ଚାଲିଥାଏ । ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀକୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଭାବରେ ଗଢିତୋଳିବା ଭିତରେ ଦେଶର ଓ ଦଶର ମଙ୍ଗଳ କରିବା ନିମନ୍ଧେ ତା'କୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ କରିଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏହି କାରଣରୁ ଭାରତର ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ସମଗ୍ର ବିଶ୍ୱରେ ଆଦୃତ ହୋଇଛି ।

Q (14)

କେଉଁ ମାନେ ଦେଶ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିବେ ?

√A. ଆଜିର ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀମାନେ ଆସନ୍ତା କାଲି ଦେଶ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିବେ ।

Options

B. ଆଜିର ଶିକ୍ଷକମାନେ ଆସନ୍ତା କାଲି ଦେଶ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିବେ ।

- C. ଆଜିର ଛାତ୍ରନେତାମାନେ ଦେଶ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିବେ ।
- D. ଆଜିର ବୁଦ୍ଧିଜୀବୀମାନେ ଦେଶ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିବେ ।

Q (15)

ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ତା' ତଳେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ୱଗୁଡିକର ଉତ୍ତର, ଅନୁଛେଦ ଆଧାରରେ ଦିଅ ।

ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ବିଦ୍ୟା ଆରାଧନାର ପ୍ରକୃଷ ସ୍ଥଳ । ଏଠାରେ ବିଦ୍ୟା ଆହରଣ କରାଯାଏ, ଚର୍ଚ୍ଚା କରାଯାଏ । ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ତକ ଭିନ୍ନ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ନାନାଦି ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଶାରୀରିକ, ପ୍ରାଣିକ, ମାନସିକ, ବୌଦ୍ଧିକ ତଥା ଆତ୍ମିକ ବିକାଶ ଉପରେ ଧ୍ୟାନ

ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏତଦଭିନ୍ନ, ନୈତିକ ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ପ୍ରାଧାନ୍ୟ ଦିଆଯାଏ । ସମାଜର ସବୁବର୍ଗର ପିଲାମାନେ ସେଠାରେ ପାଠ ପଢ଼ିଛି, ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ଗଢ଼ିଛ । ପାରୟରିକ ସହଯୋଗ ଜରିଆରେ ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଗଣ ଅନେକ ଅସୟବ ମନେ ହେଉଥିବା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ ସୟବ କରିପାରନ୍ତି । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ବିକଳ୍ପ ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ, ଏକସଙ୍ଗରେ ଏତେଗୁଡିଏ ସଦ୍ଗଶର ବିକାଶ ଆଉ କେଉଁଠାରେ ସାର୍ଥକ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଆଜିର ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀମାନେ ଆସନ୍ତାକଲି ଦେଶନିର୍ମାଣ କରିବେ । ସେଥିପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉତ୍ତମଶିକ୍ଷ୍ୟା ପ୍ରଦାନ କରାଯିବା ନିହାଡି ଜରୁରୀ । ଶିକ୍ଷା କେବଳ ପ୍ରମାଣପତ୍ର ହାସଲ କରିବା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ସୀମିତ ରହିବା ଉଚିତ ନୁହେଁ । ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ବିକାଶ ଏହାର ମୌଳିକ ଲକ୍ଷ ହେବା ଦରକାର । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟହିଁ ସମଗ୍ର ଦେଶର ଏକ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରତିରୂପ । ଏହାକୁ ସାମାଜିକ ପ୍ରୟୋଗଶାଳା କହିଲେ ଅତ୍ୟୁକ୍ତି ହେବ ନାହିଁ । ସେଠାରେ ଅନେକ ପ୍ରକାର ପରୀକ୍ଷାନିରୀକ୍ଷା ନିରବଛିନ୍ନ ଭାବରେ ଚାଲିଥାଏ । ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀକୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଭାବରେ ଗଢିତୋଳିବା ଭିତରେ ଦେ<mark>ଶର</mark> ଓ ଦଶର ମଙ୍ଗଳ କରିବା । ନିମନ୍ତେ ତା'କୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ କରିଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏହି କାରଣରୁ ଭାରତର ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ସମଗ୍ର <mark>ବିଶ୍ୱରେ ଆ</mark>ଦୃତ ହୋଇଛି ।

ଭାରତର ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟଶିକ୍ଷା ବିଶ୍ୱର ଆଦୃତ କାହିଁକି ?

- ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ଚକ ଭିନ୍ନ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ନାନାଦି ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏହି <mark>କାର</mark>ଣରୁ ଭା<mark>ର</mark>ତର ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟଶିକ୍ଷା ବିଶ୍ୱର ଆଦୃତ ।
- ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀକୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଭାବରେ ଗଢିତୋଳିବା ଭିତ<mark>ରେ ଦେଶ ଓ ଦଶ</mark>ର ମଙ୍ଗଳ କରିବା ନିମନ୍ତେ ତାକୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ **√**B. କରିଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏହି କାରଣରୁ ଭାରତର ବ<mark>ିଦ୍ୟାଳୟଶ</mark>ିକ୍ଷା ବିଶ୍ୱର ଆଦୃତ ।
 - ଶାରୀରିକ, ପ୍ରାଣିକ, ମାନସିକ, ବୌଦ୍ଧିକ ତଥା <mark>ଆ</mark>ତ୍ମିକ ବିକାଶ ଉପରେ ଧାନ ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏହି କାରଣରୁ ଭାରତର C. ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟଶିକ୍ଷା ବିଶ୍ୱର ଆଦୃତ 🃙
 - ସମାଜର ସବୁବର୍ଗର ପି<mark>ଲାମାନେ ସେଠା</mark>ରେ ପାଠ ପଢ଼ିଛି, ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ଗଢ଼ିଛି । ଏହି କାରଣରୁ ଭାରତର D. ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟଶିକ୍ଷା ବିଶ୍ୱର ଆଦୃତ ।

ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ତା' ତ<mark>ଳେ ଦିଆଯା</mark>ଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ମଗୁଡିକର ଉତ୍ତର, ଅନୁଛେଦ <mark>ଆଧା</mark>ରରେ ଦିଅ ।

ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ <mark>ନାନା</mark>ଦି ଶ<mark>ିକ୍ଷା</mark> ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଶାରୀରିକ, ପ୍ରାଣିକ, ମାନସିକ, ବୌଦ୍ଧିକ ତଥା ଆତ୍ମିକ ବିକାଶ ଉପରେ ଧାନ ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏତଦ<mark>ଭିନ୍ନ,</mark> ନୈତିକ ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ପ୍ରାଧାନ୍ୟ ଦିଆଯାଏ । ସମାଜର ସବୁବର୍ଗର ପିଲାମାନେ । ସେଠାରେ ପାଠ ପଢ଼ିଛି, ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ଗଢ଼ିଛ । ପାରୟରିକ ସହଯୋଗ ଜରିଆରେ ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଗଣ ଅନେକ ଅସୟବ ମନେ ହେଉଥିବା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ ସୟବ କରିପାରନ୍ତି । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ବିକଳ୍ପ ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ, ଏକସଙ୍ଗରେ ଏତେଗୁଡିଏ ସଦ୍ଗଶର ବିକାଶ ଆଉ କେଉଁଠାରେ ସାର୍ଥକ ହୋଇପାରତ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଆଜିର ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀମାନେ ଆସନ୍ତାକଲି ଦେଶନିର୍ମାଣ କରିବେ । ସେଥିପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉତ୍ତମଶିକ୍ଷ୍ୟା ପ୍ରଦାନ କରାଯିବା ନିହାତି ଜରୁରୀ । ଶିକ୍ଷା କେବଳ ପ୍ରମାଣପତ୍ର ହାସଲ କରିବା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ସୀମିତ ରହିବା ଉଚିତ ନୁହେଁ । ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ବିକାଶ ଏହାର ମୌଳିକ ଲକ୍ଷ ହେବା ଦରକାର । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟହିଁ ସମଗ୍ର ଦେଶର ଏକ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରତିରୂପ । ଏହାକୁ ସାମାଜିକ ପ୍ରୟୋଗଶାଳା କହିଲେ ଅତ୍ୟୁକ୍ତି ହେବ ନାହିଁ । ସେଠାରେ ଅନେକ ପ୍ରକାର ପରୀକ୍ଷାନିରୀକ୍ଷା ନିରବଛିନ୍ନ ଭାବରେ ଚାଲିଥାଏ । ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀକୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଭାବରେ ଗଢିତୋଳିବା ଭିତରେ ଦେଶର ଓ ଦଶର ମଙ୍ଗଳ କରିବା ନିମନ୍ତେ ତା'କୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ କରିଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏହି କାରଣରୁ ଭାରତର ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ସମଗ୍ର ବିଶ୍ୱରେ ଆଦୃତ ହୋଇଛି ।

ଅସୟବ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଗଣ କିପରି ସୟବ କରିପାରନ୍ତି ?

- ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀ ନାନାଦି ଶିକ୍ଷା ଜରିଆରେ ଅସୟବ କୁ ସୟବ କରିପାରନ୍ତି । A.
- ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଗଣ ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ଚକ ଜରିଆରେ ଅସୟବ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ ସୟବ କରିପାରନ୍ତି । В.
- ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଗଣ ଖେଳକୁଦରେ ଅସୟବ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ ସୟବ କରିପାରନ୍ତି । C.
- ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଗଣ ପାରୟ୍ବରିକ ସହଯୋଗ ଜରିଆରେ ଅସୟବ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ ସୟବ କରିପାରନ୍ତି । **√**D.

Q (16)

Options

Options

Q (17)	ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ତା' ତଳେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ୱଗୁଡିକର ଉତ୍ତର, ଅନୁଛେଦ ଆଧାରରେ ଦିଅ । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ବିଦ୍ୟା ଆରାଧନାର ପ୍ରକୃଷ ଞ୍ଚଳ । ଏଠାରେ ବିଦ୍ୟା ଆହରଣ କରାଯାଏ, ଚର୍ଚ୍ଚା କରାଯାଏ । ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ଚକ ଭିନ୍ନ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ନାନାଦି ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଶାରୀରିକ, ପ୍ରାଣିକ, ମାନସିକ, ବୌଦ୍ଧିକ ତଥା ଆତ୍ମିକ ବିକାଶ ଉପରେ ଧାନ ଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏତଦଭିନ୍ନ, ନୈତିକ ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ପ୍ରାଧାନ୍ୟ ଦିଆଯାଏ । ସମାଜର ସବୁବର୍ଗର ପିଲାମାନେ ସେଠାରେ ପାଠ ପଢ଼ିଛି, ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ଗଢ଼ିଛି । ପାରୟରିକ ସହଯୋଗ ଜରିଆରେ ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଗଣ ଅନେକ ଅସୟବ ମନେ ହେଉଥିବା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ ସୟବ କରିପାରନ୍ତି । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ବିକଳ୍ପ ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ, ଏକସଙ୍ଗରେ ଏତେଗୁଡିଏ ସହୁଣର ବିକାଶ ଆଉ କେଉଁଠାରେ ସାର୍ଥକ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଆଜିର ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀମାନେ ଆସନ୍ତାକଲି ଦେଶନିର୍ମାଣ କରିବେ । ସେଥିପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉଉମଶିକ୍ଷ୍ୟା ପ୍ରଦାନ କରାଯିବା ନିହାତି ଜରୁରୀ । ଶିକ୍ଷା କେବଳ ପ୍ରମାଣପତ୍ର ହାସଲ କରିବା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ସୀମିତ ରହିବା ଉଚିତ ନୁହେଁ । ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ବିକାଶ ଏହାର ମୌଳିକ ଲକ୍ଷ ହେବା ଦରକାର । ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟହିଁ ସମଗ୍ର ଦେଶର ଏକ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରତିରୂପ । ଏହାକୁ ସାମାଜିକ ପ୍ରୟୋଗଶାଳା କହିଲେ ଅତ୍ୟୁକ୍ତି ହେବ ନାହିଁ । ସେଠାରେ ଅନେକ ପ୍ରକାର ପରୀକ୍ଷାନିରୀକ୍ଷା ନିରବଛିନ୍ନ ଭାବରେ ଚାଲିଥାଏ । ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀକୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଭାବରେ ଗଢିତୋଳିବା ଭିତରେ ଦେଶର ଓ ଦଶର ମଙ୍ଗଳ କରିବା ନିମନ୍ତେ ତା'କୁ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ କରିଦିଆଯାଏ । ଏହି କାରଣରୁ ଭାରତର ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ସମଗ୍ର ବିଶ୍ୱରେ ଆଦୃତ ହୋଇଛି । ଶିକ୍ଷାର ମୌଳିକ ଲକ୍ଷ କଣ ?	
Options	√A. ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀର ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ବିକାଶ ହିଁ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ମୌଳିକ ଲକ୍ଷ । B. ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀର ବୌଦ୍ଧିକ ବିକାଶ ହିଁ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ମୌଳିକ ଲକ୍ଷ । C. ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀର ମାନସିକ ବିକାଶ ହିଁ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ମୌଳିକ ଲକ୍ଷ । D. ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀର ଶାରୀରିକ ବିକାଶ ହିଁ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ମୌଳିକ ଲକ୍ଷ ।	
Q (18)	ଇଂରାଜୀ ଅନୁଛେଦର ସଠିକ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ ଚୟନ କର The plane is flying over / above the town.	
Options	 A. ଉଡ଼ାଜାହକଟି ସହର ଉପର ଦେଇ ଯାଏ 1 B. ସହର ଉପର ଦେଇ ଉଡ଼ାଜାହାକ ଟି ଯିବ 1 ✓ C. ଉଡ଼ାଜାହକଟି ସହର ଉପର ଦେଇ ଯାଉଛି 1 D. ଉଡ଼ାଜାହକଟି ସହର ଉପର ଦେଇ ଯାଇ ପାରିବ 1 	
Q (19)	ଇଂରାଜୀ ଅନୁଛେଦର ସଠିକ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ ଚୟନ କର His leg was broken for he had been running along a mossy path .	
Options	୍√A. ତାର ଗୋଡ ଭାଙ୍ଗି ଯାଇଥିଲା କାରଣ ସେ ଏକ ଶିଉଳି ପଡିଥିବା ରାୟାରେ ଦୌଡୁଥିଲା। B. ଶିଉଳି ପଡିଥିବା ରାୟାରେ ଚାଲୁ ଥିବାରୁ ତାର ଗୋଡ ଭାଙ୍ଗି ଯାଇଛି। C. ହୁଏତ ଶିଉଳି ପଡିଥିବା ରାୟାଯୋଗୁଁ ତାର ଗୋଡ ଭାଙ୍ଗିଗଲା। D. ସେ ଦୌଡୁ ଥିବାରୁ ତାର ଗୋଡ ଭାଙ୍ଗିଯାଇଛି ବୋଧେ ।	
Q (20) Options	ଇଂରାଜୀ ଅନୁଛେଦର ସଠିକ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ ଚୟନ କର 1 The old man used to take opium every evening. $\checkmark \mathbf{A}$. ବୁଡ଼ାଟି ବରାବର ସନ୍ଧ୍ୟାବେଳେ ଅଫିମ ଖାଉଥିଲା 1	

	B. ବୁଢ଼ାଟି ବେଳେବେଳେ ସନ୍ଧ୍ୟାବେଳେ ଅଫିମ ଖାଉଥିଲା 1	
	С. ବୁଢ଼ାଟି ବେଳେବେଳେ ସନ୍ଧ୍ୟାବେଳେ ଅଫିମ ଖାଉଛି ।	
	D. ବୁଢ଼ାଟି ବରାବର ସନ୍ଧ୍ୟାବେଳେ ଅଫିମ ଖାଏ l	
	Subject: General Studies and Computer Chapter: Set-3	
Q (1)	Who wrote the poem 'Chilika' ?	
	A. Gangadhar Meher	
Options	B. Jagannatha Das	
Options	C. Chaitanya Das	
	✓D. Radhanath Ray	
Q (2)	The smallest Union Territory is	
	A. Chandigarh	
Outions	B. Puducherry	
Options	✓C. Lakshadweep	
	D. Andaman and Nicobar Islands	
Q (3)	Which one of the following is a micronutrient?	
	A. Ca	
Options	B. Mg	
Options	C. N	
	√D. Mn	
Q (4)	In vulcanization, nature rubber is heated with	
	A. Carbon	
Options	✓B. Sulphur	
Options	C. Silicon	
1	D. Phosphorus	
Q (5)	Balloons are filled with	
	✓A. helium	
Options	B. oxygen	
Options	C. nitrogen	
	D. argon	
Q (6)	Which of the following is used in beauty parlour for hair setting?	
Options	A. Chlorine	
	✓B. Sulpher	
	C. Phosphorus	
	D. Silicon	

Q (7)	When you copy the address book contents of one of your mobile phones, where both your phones are in your two hands, you may be using technology.		
Options	A.	Parallel	
	√B.	Bluetooth	
	C.	Fidelity	
	D.	personal	
Q (8)	Fa-Hien	visited India during the reign of	
	A.	Samudragupta	
Ontions	B.	Srivijaya	
Options	√C.	Chandragupta II	
	D.	Harshavardhana	
Q (9)	The firs	t Europeans to come to India were	
	A.	British	
Options	В.	Dutch	
Options	√C.	French	
	D.	Portuguese	
Q (10)		months long day in the Northern polar region and six months long night in the n polar region because	
	A.	Earth is revolving around the Sun	
Options	√B.	Earth is inclined towards its orbital plane	
Options	C.	Earth is rotating	
	D.	None of the above	
Q (11)	Chinool	cis	
	Α.	cold dry wind	
Options	B.	cold wind	
Options	√C.	hot dry wind	
	D.	very cold wind	
Q (12)	Which o	of the following countries is the biggest producer of mango?	
	√A.	India	
Options	В.	China	
Options	C.	Indonesia	
	D.	Malaysia	
Q (13)	The longest river of peninsular India is		
Options	A.	Narmada	
	√B.	Godavari	
	C.	Mahanadi	

Q (14) Which of the following is not shared by the Centre and the States? A. Sales Tax B. Corporation Tax Defines B. Duties Q (15) India's oldest iron and steel plant is A. TISCO at Jamshedpur B. TISCO at Burnpur C. Durgapur Iron and Steel Plant Q (16) Which state has become the first Indian state to ratify GST Constitution Amendment Bill Q (16) May an Haryana B. Punjab C. Bihar y D. Assam Q (17) TESPERATE of the Lok Sabha is elected by A. all the members of Parliament B. the people directly y C. all the members of the majority party in the Lok Sabha Q (18) In the members of the majority party in the Lok Sabha Q (18) In the members of the majority party in the Lok Sabha Q (18) In the members of the majority party in the Lok Sabha Q (18) In the members of the majority party in the Lok Sabha <		D.	Cauvery	
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C. Durgapur Iron and Steel Plant D. Rourkela iron and Steel Plant Q (16) Which state has become the first Indian state to ratify GST Constitution Amendment Bill A. Haryana B. Punjab C. Bihar ✓D. Assam Q (17) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha is elected by A. all the members of Parliament B. the people directly ✓C. all the members of Lok Sabha D. the members of the majority party in the Lok Sabha Q (18) Instrument for measuring rainfall is called A. Lucimeter B. Galactometer ✓C. Hyetometer D. Hygrometer Q (19) Bull fighting is the national game of - A. Italy B. Poland ✓C. Spain D. Sudan Q (20) While browsing the internet, which of the following key is used for full screen view? Options A. F3 B. F5	Out!	В.	TISCO at Burnpur	
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C. Bihar \(\sqrt{D}. \) Assam Q (17) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha is elected by A. all the members of Parliament B. the people directly \(\sqrt{C}. \) all the members of Lok Sabha D. the members of the majority party in the Lok Sabha Q (18) Instrument for measuring rainfall is called A. Lucimeter B. Galactometer \(\sqrt{C}. \) Hyetometer D. Hygrometer Q (19) Bull fighting is the national game of - A. Italy B. Poland \(\sqrt{C}. \) Spain D. Sudan Q (20) While browsing the internet, which of the following key is used for full screen view? Options A. F3 B. F5	Ontions	В.	Punjab	
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Q (19) Bull fighting is the national game of - A. Italy B. Poland ✓C. Spain D. Sudan Q (20) While browsing the internet, which of the following key is used for full screen view? Options A. F3 B. F5	Options	√C.	Hyetometer	
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Options B. Poland C. Spain D. Sudan Q (20) While browsing the internet, which of the following key is used for full screen view? Options A. F3 B. F5	Q (19)	Bull f	ighting is the national game of -	
Options C. Spain D. Sudan Q (20) While browsing the internet, which of the following key is used for full screen view? Options A. F3 B. F5		Α.	Italy	
D. Sudan Q (20) While browsing the internet, which of the following key is used for full screen view? Options A. F3 B. F5	Ontions	В.	Poland	
Q (20) While browsing the internet, which of the following key is used for full screen view? Options A. F3 B. F5	Options	✓C.	Spain	
Options A. F3 B. F5		D.	Sudan	
B. F5	Q (20)	While browsing the internet, which of the following key is used for full screen view?		
	Options	Α.	F3	
√C. F11		В.	F5	
*		√C.	F11	

	D.	F9	
Q (21)	A network that is connected to the Internet, but uses encryption to scramble all the data sent through the Internet is called ?		
	Α.	My network	
Ontions	√B.	Virtual Private Network	
Options	C.	Social Network	
	D.	None of these	
Q (22)	The	is the administrative section of the computer system.	
	A.	Memory Unit	
Ontions	В.	Control Unit	
Options	C.	Input Unit	
	√ D.	Central Processing Unit	
Q (23)	What is	used to make computer chips?	
	A.	Copper	
0 "	В.	Steel	
Options	√ C.	Silicon	
	D.	Iron	
Q (24)	What w	ere supply during the First World War from Indian factories?	
	A.	Jute bags and cloth for army uniforms	
0.4	B.	Tents and leather boots	
Options	C.	Horse and mule saddles	
	√ D.	All of these	
Q (25)	Nationa	l Pension System (NPS) Diwas is being celebrated on which date?	
	√A.	October 01	
0 1	В.	November 01	
Options	C.	October 05	
	D.	October 06	
Q (26)	Which team won the Road Safety World Series T20 2022?		
	Α.	Sri Lanka Legends	
Options	√ B.	India Legends	
	C.	Bangladesh Legends	
	D.	Australia Legends	
Q (27)	For which language has ICCR signed an MoU with Google for easy search?		
Options	√A.	Sanskrit	
	В.	Hindi	

	C.	English	
	D.	Assamese	
Q (28)	The World Mental Health day is celebrated on which date?		
	A.	October 11	
	В.	October 09	
Options	√C.	October 10	
	D.	October 08	
Q (29)	Who is	the author of the book titled "A confused Mind story"?	
	A.	Lu Kuniya	
0 1:	В.	Vikram Jeet Singh	
Options	C.	Roshini Dutta	
	√ D.	Sahil Seth	
Q (30)	Where	is Nari Bandi Niketan exclusively jail for women is located in Odisha?	
	√A.	Sambalpur	
Ontions	В.	Berhampur	
Options	C.	Jagatsinghpur	
	D.	Gunupur	
		Subject: Numerical Ability and Reasoning Chapter: Set-3	
Q (1)	A ration	nal number equivalent to 5/7 is	
	Α.	15/17	
Options	B.	25/27	
Options	√ C.	10/14	
	D.	10/27	
Q (2)	The sq	uare root of which number is rational	
,	A.	7	
Options	√ B.	1.96	
Options	C.	0.04	
	D.	13	
Q (3)	On dividing $6\sqrt{27}$ by $2\sqrt{3}$ we get		
	Α.	$3\sqrt{9}$	
Ontions	В.	6	
Options	√ C.	99	
	D.	none of these	
Q (4)	Choose the odd numeral pair/group in each of the following question. (a) 7:50 (b) 8:65 (c) 11:123 (d) 12:145		

Options	A.	7:50		
	В.	8:65		
	√ C.	11:123		
	D.	12:145		
Q (5)	In the following question, some groups of letters are given, all of which, except one, share a common feature while one is different. Choose the odd one out. (a) SUWYA (b) LJNPR (c) KMOQS (d) BDFHJ			
	A.	SUWYA		
	В.	LJNPR		
Options	√C.	KMOQS		
	D.	BDFHJ		
Q (6)	In the following question various term of a letter-numbered series are given with one term missing as shown by (?). Choose the missing term out of the given alternative. P5QR, P4QS, P3QT,PIQV			
	A.	P2QV		
0	В.	PQV2		
Options	✓C.	P2QU		
	D.	PQ3U		
Q (7)	The sum of three consecutive odd numbers is 20 more than the first number among three, What is the middle number?			
Options	A. B. C. ✓D.	7 8 12 9		
Q (8)	The largest number of five-digit when it is a perfect square, is			
	Α.	99967		
	В.	99764		
Options	√C.	99856		
	D.	99999		
Q (9)	Shrikant is shorter than Nilima. Pratima is taller than Shrikant. Subhash is taller than Pratima. Who will be in middle if they stand in a row according to descending order of height?			
	A.	Pratima		
0	В.	Subhas		
Options	C.	Shrikant		
	√ D.	Nilima		
Q (10)	The lea	st number which is a perfect square and is divisible by each of the numbers 16,20 and		

Options	A.	1600	
	√B.	3600	
	C.	6400	
	D.	14400	
Q (11)	Find the greatest possible length of the planks, if three pieces of timber 42 m, 49 m and 63 m long have to be divided into planks of the same length.		
	A.	8m	
0-4:	В.	49 m	
Options	√C.	7 m	
	D.	63 m	
Q (12)	A report consists of 20 sheets each of 55 lines and each such line consists of 65 characters. This report is reduced into sheet each of 65 lines such that each line consists of 70 characters. The percentage reduction in number of sheets is closest to		
	√A.	20%	
Options	В.	5%	
Options	C.	30%	
	D.	35%	
Q (13)	The ratio of the present age of Manoj to that of Wasim is 3:11. Wasim is 12 yr younger than Rehana. Rehana's age after 7 yr will be 85 yr. What is the present age after 7 yr will be 85 yr. what is the present age of manoj's father ,who is 25 yr older than manoj?		
Options	√A. B. C. D.	43 yr 67 yr 45 yr 69 yr	
Q (14)	A shopkeeper bought a table marked at Rs 200 at successive discounts of 10% and 15%,respectively.He spent Rs 7 on transport and sold the table for Rs 208.Find the profit per cent		
	A.	32%	
0	√ B.	30%	
Options	C.	40%	
	D.	35%	
Q (15)	The ratio of spirit and water in a mixture is 1:3 .If the volume of the solution is increased by 25% by adding spirit only. What is the resultant ratio of spirit and water?		
	√A.	2:3	
Options	В.	1:4	
	C.	1:2	
	D.	None of these	
Q (16)		s a business with Rs 4000 and B joins the business 4 months later with an investment of 0.After 1 yr,they earn a profit of Rs 22000.Find the share of A and B.	

	A. Rs 12000,Rs 11000			
Options	B. Rs 11000,Rs 13000			
	✓C. Rs 12000,Rs 10000			
	D. Rs 14000,Rs 20000			
Q (17)	Introducing a man, a women said, "His wife is the only daughter of my father." How is that man related to the woman?			
	*			
	✓A. Husband			
Options	B. Brother			
	C. Father-in-law			
	D. Maternal uncle			
Q (18)	A 100 m long train takes 9 s to cross a man walking at 5 km/h in the opposite direction to that of the train. Find the speed of the train.			
	A. 40 km/h			
Options	B. 30 km/h			
Options	C. 45 km/h			
	√D. 35 km/h			
Q (19)	A 150 m long train crosses a man walking at the speed of 6 km/h in the opposite direction in 6 s. The speed of the train (in km/h) is			
	A. 66			
0 1	√B. 84			
Options	C. 96			
	D. 106			
Q (20)	A man can row at 10 km/h in still water. If he takes total 5 h to go to a place 24 km away and return, then the speed of the water current is			
	√A. 2 km/h			
	B. 3 km/h			
Options	C. 1/2 km/h			
	D. 1 km/h			
Q (21)	The mean and median of data are 14 and 15 respectively, the value of mode is			
	A. 18			
	B. 13			
Options	√C. 17			
	D. 16			
Q (22)	The average weight of 20 students in a class is 44 kg and that of the remaining 10 student is 38. Find the average weights of all the students the class.			
Options	A. 39 kg			
	B. 41 kg			





	√C.	42 kg		
	D.	43 kg		
0 (22)				
Q (23)	If a dice is rolled once, what is the probability that the result is even or a multiple of 3?			
Options	A.	1/3		
	В.	3/4		
	C.	1/2		
	√ D.	2/3		
Q (24)		If we draw the graphs of two equations with $X + Y = 0$ and $X - Y = 0$, at which point will they intersect?		
	A.	(0, 1)		
Options	B.	(1, 0)		
Options	C.	(1,1)		
	√ D.	(0,0)		
Q (25)	What would you do to solve the equation with $3x + 4y = 10$ and $2x - 2y = 3$ in substitution method?			
	A.	Multiply the first equation by 2 and the second by 3.		
Options	√ B.	Determine the value of x from the first equation and write it in the second equation		
Options	C.	Subtract the second equation from the first		
	D.	Add both equations		
Q (26)	If the n	umber of n values with M mean is multiplied by P, the new mean will be		
	√A.	MP		
Ontions	В.	M\P		
Options	C.	M + P		
	D.	M		
Q (27)	The me	dian of a data set is 52, the mean is 53 and the mode		
	√A.	50		
O-4;	В.	52		
Options	C.	53		
	D.	51		
Q (28)	Which	of the following is a root of the equation $6x^2 - 7x - 10 = 0$?		
	A.	1		
Options	В.	-2		
Options	C.	-1		
	√ D.	2		
Q (29)	A TV is purchased at Rs.5000 and sold at Rs.4000 . Find the lost percent.			
Options	A.	10%		

	√B.	20%
	C.	25%
	D.	28%
Q (30)	Ajay is in the East of Sumit who is in the North of Jatin. If Arnav is in South of Jatin. Then Arnav is in which direction with respect to Ajay?	
Options	A.	North-West
	√B.	South-West
	C.	South
	D.	South-East

