



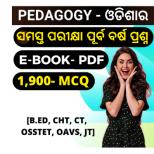
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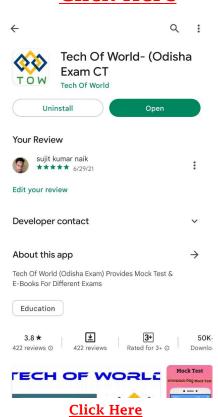


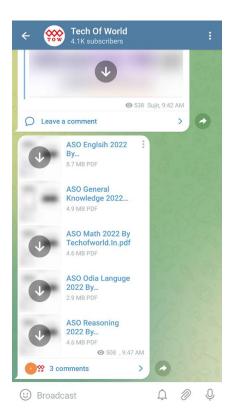












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#### Assessment Name: OPRB CBRE Warder- 22nd Dec 2022-SL-1(A)

# QUESTION

		Subject: General English   Chapter: Set-6
Q (1)	I saw him	the road.
	Α.	to cross
Options	<b>√</b> B.	cross
Options	C.	crossed
	D.	has crossed
Q (2)	They exp	ected by air.
	Α.	travel
Options	<b>√</b> B.	to travel
Options	C.	travelling
	D.	travelled
Q (3)	I would li	ke you my uncle.
	A.	meet
Ontions	<b>√</b> B.	to meet
Options	С.	met
	D.	meeting
Q (4)	What was	s the notice?
	A.	at that you were looking
	√B.	you were looking at
Options	C.	you were looking at it
	D.	which you were looking
Q (5)	The teach	ner said to the boy, "Leave the room at once" (Change into Indirect Speech)
	A.	The teacher forced the boy to leave the room at once.
0	В.	The teacher requested the boy to leave the room at once.
Options	√C.	The teacher ordered the boy to leave the room at once.
	D.	The teacher advised the boy to leave the room at once.
Q (6)	If the bus	to the airport hadn't been so late, we the plane.
	√A.	would have caught
Options	В.	caught
	C.	would catch
	D.	had caught
0 (7)	She is alv	ways giving herself airs.
Q (7)	The unde	rlined idiom means

	<b>A.</b> trying to impress people with her superiority.
Options	<b>B.</b> acting in a proud way.
	C. showing an affected manner intended to make her appear educated, elegant, etc.
	<b>✓ D.</b> all the above.
Q (8)	He fall from the tree, but fortunately he was
	A. mishurt
Outions	B. inhurt
Options	✓C. unhurt
	D. dishurt
Q (9)	The old man has no to lift the box.
	A. strong
0 4:	B. strongly
Options	C. strengthen
	✓ <b>D.</b> strength
0 (10)	Select the antonym of
Q (10)	malignant
	A. mortal
Options	B. internecine
Options	✓C. benign
	D. lethal
Q (11)	In many industrial or manufacturing workplaces, managing hazards is essential for a successful health and safety system. Hazard management is an ongoing process that goes through five different stages, with each step becoming a stage on a tire hazard management plan. The first step is to identify potential hazards, remembering that hazards are classed as anything that could potentially cause harm not only to people but also to the organization. To illustrate, an industrial accident can cause an injury to employees, but can also result in lost production, broken machinery, and wasted resources for the company, In many cases, local and national government legislation has strict regulations concerning hazard identification, and in many industries, especially those perceived to be dangerous, severe penalties can be incurred by companies overlooking such hazard identification.
	Why is managing hazards essential in industrial or manufacturing workplaces?
	<b>A.</b> For well-being and protection of the workers
Options	B. For health reasons
	C. For workplace safety
	$\checkmark$ <b>D.</b> All the above
Q (12)	In many industrial or manufacturing workplaces, managing hazards is essential for a successful health and safety system. Hazard management is an ongoing process that goes through five different stages, with each step becoming a stage on a tire hazard management plan. The first step is to identify potential hazards, remembering that hazards are classed as anything that could potentially cause harm not only to people but also to the organization. To illustrate, an industrial accident can cause an injury to employees, but can also result in lost

production, broken machinery, and wasted resources for the company, In many cases, local and national government legislation has strict regulations concerning hazard identification, and in many industries, especially those perceived to be dangerous, severe penalties can be incurred by companies overlooking such hazard identification.

#### What is the first step of a hazard management plan?

# A. Evaluate the risks involved B. Analyze the harm C. Both A & B

Q (13)

Q (14)

**Options** 

Q (15)

#### **√D.** Recognize the risks involved

In many industrial or manufacturing workplaces, managing hazards is essential for a successful health and safety system. Hazard management is an ongoing process that goes through five different stages, with each step becoming a stage on a tire hazard management plan. The first step is to identify potential hazards, remembering that hazards are classed as anything that could potentially cause harm not only to people but also to the organization. To illustrate, an industrial accident can cause an injury to employees, but can also result in lost production, broken machinery, and wasted resources for the company, In many cases, local and national government legislation has strict regulations concerning hazard identification, and in many industries, especially those perceived to be dangerous, severe penalties can be incurred by companies overlooking such hazard identification.

#### According to the passage, how many stages should hazard management undergo?

	V A.	Tive distinct stages
Ontions	B.	More than five stages
Options	C.	Almost five different stages
	D.	More or less than five stages

Five distinct stages

In many industrial or manufacturing workplaces, managing hazards is essential for a successful health and safety system. Hazard management is an ongoing process that goes through five different stages, with each step becoming a stage on a tire hazard management plan. The first step is to identify potential hazards, remembering that hazards are classed as anything that could potentially cause harm not only to people but also to the organization. To illustrate, an industrial accident can cause an injury to employees, but can also result in lost production, broken machinery, and wasted resources for the company, In many cases, local and national government legislation has strict regulations concerning hazard identification, and in many industries, especially those perceived to be dangerous, severe penalties can be incurred by companies overlooking such hazard identification.

# What are the risks involved in an industrial accident? A. Injuries to the workers

- B. Enormous impact on the economyC. Loss of productivity
- **/D.** Both A & C

In many industrial or manufacturing workplaces, managing hazards is essential for a successful health and safety system. Hazard management is an ongoing process that goes through five different stages, with each step becoming a stage on a tire hazard management plan. The first step is to identify potential hazards, remembering that hazards are classed as anything that could potentially cause harm not only to people but also to the organization. To illustrate, an industrial accident can cause an injury to employees, but can also result in lost production, broken machinery, and wasted resources for the company, In many cases, local and national government legislation has strict regulations concerning hazard identification,

	and in many industries, especially those perceived to be dangerous, severe penalties can be incurred by companies overlooking such hazard identification.		
	According to the passage, on what basis has the government imposed strict regulations on the industries?		
Options	<ul> <li>A. Danger to the life of workers</li> <li>B. Failing to observe hazards</li> <li>✓ C. Recognition of threats</li> <li>D. None of the above</li> </ul>		
Q (16)	Translate in to English:- ସରକାର ରିପୋର୍ଟଟିକୁ ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତ କରିଛନ୍ତି ।		
Options	<ul> <li>A. The government had prepared the report.</li> <li>✓B. The government have prepared the report.</li> <li>C. The government were prepared the report.</li> <li>D. The government have been preparing the report.</li> </ul>		
Q (17)	Translate in to English:- ସେ ଗତ ଫେବୃୟାରୀ ମାସଠାରୁ ଜ୍ୱର ଭୋଗି ଆସୁଅଛନ୍ତି ।		
Options	<ul> <li>A. He had been suffering from fever since February last.</li> <li>B. He had been suffered from fever since February last.</li> <li>✓ C. He has been suffering from fever since February last.</li> <li>D. He has been suffer from fever since February last.</li> </ul>		
Q (18)	Translate in to English:- ପାଞ୍ଚଟା ବାଜିବା ପରଯାଏ ସେ ଖେଳପଡ଼ିଆରେ ଥିଲା ।		
Options	<ul> <li>A. He will stay in the playground till past five o'clock.</li> <li>B. He stay the playground till five o'clock.</li> <li>C. He stayed in the playground till past five o'clock.</li> <li>D. He was staying in the playground till past five o'clock.</li> </ul>		
Q (19)	Translate in to English:- ସେ ତାଙ୍କ ସ୍ୱାସ୍ଥ୍ୟ ବିଷୟରେ ମୋ' ପାଖକୁ ଲେଖୁଛନ୍ତି ।		
Options	<ul> <li>✓ A. He has written to me regarding his health.</li> <li>B. He was write to me regarding his health.</li> <li>C. He had written to me regards his health.</li> <li>D. He will written to me regards his health.</li> </ul>		
Q (20)	Translate in to English:- ଘରଟି ଆଜିକୁ ପାଞ୍ଚବର୍ଷ ହେଲା ଖାଲି ପଡିଥିଲା ।		
Options	<ul> <li>A. The house is empty for five years now.</li> <li>B. The house were empty for five years .</li> <li>C. The house have been empty for five years .</li> </ul>		

	$\checkmark$ <b>D.</b> The house had been empty for five years now.
	Subject: Odia Language   Chapter: Set-6
Q (1)	ଭିନ୍ନଧର୍ମୀ ଶବ୍ଦଟିକୁ ବାଛ ?
	A. ପେଟପାଭଣା
0	√B. ବନ୍ଧୁବାନ୍ଧବ
Options	${f C}$ . ବାସନକୁସନ
	D. ଲୁଗାପଟା
Q (2)	ଏକାପଦରେ ପ୍ରକାଶ କର ।
Q (2)	ଦୁର୍ଲଫ୍ୟ -
	A. ଯାହାକୁ ସହଜରେ ଲଙ୍ଘନ କରି ହେବ
Options	B. ଯାହାକୁ ଲଙ୍ଘନ କରିବା ସହଜ
Options	√C. ଯାହାକୁ ଲଙ୍ଘନ କରି ହେବ ନାହିଁ
	D. ଯାହାକୁ ଲଙ୍ଘନ କରାଯାଇପାରେ
Q (3)	ନିମ୍ମ ଶବ୍ଦଟିର ବିପରୀତ ଅର୍ଥବୋଧକ ଶବ୍ଦ କ'ଣ ହେବ ?
Q (3)	ଅନାଦର୍ଶ
	A. ଦର୍ଶ
Options	√B. ଆଦର୍ଶ
7	C. କୁଆଦର୍ଶ
	D. ଆଦ୍ରଶ
Q (4)	ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଶବ୍ଦବାଛି ଶୂନ୍ୟସ୍ଥାନ ପୂରଣ କର ।
<b>(</b> ( )	କିନ୍ତୁ ଆ <mark>ମଦେଶ</mark> ରେ ଜ୍ଞାନଭଣ୍ଡାରଟା ଇଂରେଜିରେ ଥିବା <mark>ରୁ</mark> କୋଟି କୋଟି ଜନତା
	A. ଖୁସି
Options	B. ଦୁଃଖିତ
opuons	√C. ଆଖି ଥାଉଁ ଥାଉଁ ଅନ୍ଧ
	D. ଆନନ୍ଦିତ
Q (5)	'ବୀରଭଦ୍ରବାବୁ ପରିବା କାଟିଥିଲେ ।' - ଏହି ବାକ୍ୟରେ କ୍ରିୟାପଦଟିକୁ ଚିହ୍ନାଅ ?
	A. ବୀରଭଦ୍ର
Options	√B. କାଟିଥିଲେ
	C. ପରିବା
	D. ବାବୁ
Q (6)	କାଲିର କାମ ଯଦି ଆଜି କରୁଛ ତେବେ ଆଜିର କାମ ଏବେ କର । - ଏହା କି ପ୍ରକାର ବାକ୍ୟ ?
Options	A. ସରଳ

Ĭ	B.	ମିଶ୍ର				
	√C.	ଜଟିଳ				
	D.	ଯୌଗିକ				
Q (7)	ପିଲାଠାରୁ	ରୁ ବୁଢ଼ା ପର୍ଯ୍ୟନ୍ତ ସମୟେ ଏଠାରେ ଖାଇପାରିବେ । - ଏହି ବାକ୍ୟଟିର ସଂକ୍ଷେପ ରୂପ କ'ଣ ହେବ ?				
	A.	ପିଲା ଏବଂ ବୁଢ଼ା ସମୟେ ଏଠି ଖାଇପାରିବେ				
0 1	В.	ପିଲା ବୁଢ଼ା ସମୟେ ଖାଇବାକୁ ଏଠିକୁ ଆସିବେ ।				
Options	√C.	ଆବାଳ ବୃଦ୍ଧ ସମୟେ ଏଠାରେ ଖାଇପାରିବେ ।				
	D.	ପିଲାବୁଢ଼ା ସମୟଙ୍କୁ ଏଠି ଖାଇବାକୁ ଅନୁମତି ଅଛି ।				
Q (8)	ସନ୍ଧିବିଚ୍ଛେ ନିତ୍ୟାନନ୍ଦ	ଦ କଲେ କ'ଣ ହେବ ?				
	√A.	ନିତ୍ୟ + ଆନନ୍ଦ				
0 .:	B.	ନିତି + ଆନନ୍ଦ				
Options	C.	ନିତ୍ୟା + ଆନନ୍ଦ				
	D.	ନିତ୍ୟା + ନନ୍ଦ				
Q (9)	ନିମ୍ମୋକ୍ତ (	ପ୍ରଶ୍ନରେ ଶୁଦ୍ଧ ଶବ୍ଦ ଚିହ୍ନାଅ ।				
Q ())	(A) ସୁଦ୍ର	(B) ଶୁଦ୍ର (C) ଶୂଦ୍ର (D) ସୂଦ୍ର				
	A.	ସୁଦ୍ର				
Options	В.	<del>ଶ</del> ୁଦ୍ର				
puono	√C.	ଶୂଦ୍ର				
	D.	ସୂଦ୍ର				
Q (10)	'ଅଧ୍ୟବସାୟ ହିଁ ସଫଳତାର ଚାବିକାଠି' - ଏହି ଅର୍ଥ ବହନ କରିବା ପାଇଁ କେଉଁ ରୁଢ଼ିଟି ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରାଯାଇଥାଏ ?					
	A.	ଅଦା ବେପାରୀର ଜାହାଜ ମୂଲ				
Options	В.	<u>ଛୋଟ ସାପର ବଡ଼ ବିଷ</u>				
Options	C.	ଅତି ପରିଚୟେ ଗୌରବ ନଷ୍ଟ				
	<b>√</b> D.	ଯତ୍ନ କଲେ ରତ୍ନ ମିଳେ				
Q (11)	ଇଂରାଜୀ ଅନୁଛେଦର ସଠିକ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ ଚୟନ କର Let not the grass grow under your feet.					
Options	Α.	ବୃଥା ସମୟ କଟାଅ ନାହିଁ ଉଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କରି ।				
	В.	ଉଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କର ବୃଥା ସମୟ କଟାଅ ନାହିଁ ।				
	<b>√</b> C.	ଉଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନକରି ବୃଥା ସମୟ କଟାଅ ନାହିଁ ।				
	D.	ବୃଥା ସମୟ କଟାଅ ନାହିଁ ଉଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କର ।				
Q (12)		ଅନୁଛେଦର ସଠିକ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ ଚୟନ କର ther's words have cut him to the quick.				

	Α.	ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କ କଥା ତା' ମନରେ ଭାରି ଲାଗିଥିଲା ।
Options	<b>√</b> B.	ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କ କଥା ତା' ମନରେ ଭାରି ଲାଗିଛି ।
Options	C.	ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କ କଥା ତା' ମନରେ ଭାରି ଲାଗିବ ।
	D.	ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କ କଥା ତା' ମନରେ ଭାରି ଲାଗିପାରେ ।
Q (13)		ୀ ଅନୁଛେଦର ସଠିକ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ ଚୟନ କର gardener would not let them touch the flowers. "
	Α.	ମୋତେ ଫୁଲଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ଛୁଇଁବାକୁ ମାଳୀଟି ଅନୁମତି ଦେବ ନାହିଁ ।
	√B.	ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଫୁଲଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ଛୁଇଁବାକୁ ମାଳୀଟି ଅନୁମତି ଦେବ ନାହିଁ ।
Options	C.	ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଫୁଲଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ଛୁଇଁବାକୁ ମାଳୀଟି ଅନୁମତି ଦେବ ।
	D.	ମୋତେ ଫୁଲଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ଛୁଇଁବାକୁ ମାଳୀଟି ଅନୁମତି ଦେଇଛି ।
Q (14)		ୀ ଅନୁଛେଦର ସଠିକ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ ଚୟନ କର ed the snake raise its hood.
	Α.	ସାପ ଫଣା ଟେକିବାର ମୁଁ ଦେଖିନାହିଁ ।
Ontions	В.	ସାପ ଫଣା ଟେକିବାର ମୁଁ ଦେଖ ।
Options	✓C.	ସାପ ଫଣା ଟେକିବାର ମୁଁ ଦେଖିଲି ।
	D.	ସାପ ଫଣା ଟେକିବାର ମୁଁ ଦେଖିଥିବି ।
Q (15)	ଅଧିନୀତି ବେଷ ସ୍ ବେଶରେ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରଣ ସେମାନ ବେଷ ପେ ପରିମାଣ ହିଂସା ଚ କମିଯିବ ତା'ହେତେ ନାହିଁ । ଏ ହୋଇପ ଏକଛତ୍ର ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ବିପଦଜ୍ଜ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରିତ ସମୟରେ ସଂଘର୍ଷ	ବେଟି ପାଠକରି ତା' ତଳେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ୱଗୁଡିକର ଉତ୍ତର, ଅନୁଛେଦ ଆଧାରରେ ଦିଅ । ବି ବ୍ୟତୀତ ସଂଘର୍ଷର ଅନ୍ୟ ଏକ କାରଣ ହେଉଛି ରାଜନୀତି । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତି ଏତେ ହିଂସା ଓ ବୃଷ୍ଟ କରୁଛି ଯେ, ଏଥିରୁ କିପରି ମୁକ୍ତି ମିଳିବ ତାହା କେହି ଠିକ କରିପାରୁ ନାହାନ୍ତି । କାରଣ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକର ରାଜନୀତିର ପ୍ରାଦୁର୍ଭାବ ହୁତ ଗତିରେ ବଢ଼ିବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି । ରାଜନୀତିଜ୍ଞମାନେ କେବଳ ଶାସନକୁ । କରୁନାହାନ୍ତି, ସେମାନେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରଣ କରୁଛନ୍ତି । ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ରହୁଛନ୍ତି । କରୁନାହାନ୍ତି, ସେମାନେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରଣ କରୁଛନ୍ତି । ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ରହୁଛନ୍ତି । କରୁନାହାନ୍ତି, ସେମାନଙ୍କର ହିଂସା ଓ ସତ୍ତିକି ଅଧିକ ହେଉଛି । ବିଶେଷକରି ବିକାଶଶୀଳ ଦେଶମାନଙ୍କରେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ବହୁ ଶରେ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଇଛି । ସେଥିପାଇଁ କେତେକ କହୁଛନ୍ତି ଯେ ଏକଛତ୍ର ଶାସନ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା କଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ ଏ । ଏହି ଯୁକ୍ତିରେ କୌଣସି ଯଥାର୍ଥତା ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ସାହାଯ୍ୟରେ ଯଦି କ୍ଷମତା ମିଳୁ ନଥାଂନ୍ତା । ଏହି ଯୁକ୍ତିରେ କୌଣସି ଯଥାର୍ଥତା ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ସାହାଯ୍ୟରେ ଯଦି କ୍ଷମତା ମିଳୁ ନଥାଂନ୍ତା । ଲେ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ସେଗ ହୁଉ ବେଇ କିଛି ଲାଭ ମୋଟ କଥା, ରାଜନୀତି ଫଳରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏ ସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ । ଶାସନ ଅଛି, ସେଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରବଳ ହିଂସା ଦେଖିବାକୁ ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏ ସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ । ସେରୁ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଅଧିକ ନକ । ମୋଟ କଥା, ରାଜନୀତି ଫଳରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି, ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ ହିହେଇ ନାହିଁ । ସେଉଁସବୁ ବେଶରେ । ସେରୁ ବିଚାରରୁ ପ୍ରତିପନ୍ନ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ପରୁ ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁସବୁ ରଧ୍ବକ ଓ ବାର୍ଷିତ ଶାସନ ଅଛି, ସେଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରବଳ ହିଂସା ଦେଖିବାକୁ ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ର ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେଉନାହିଁ । ଏସବୁ ବିଚାରରୁ ପ୍ରତିପନ୍ନ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଅର୍ଥନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଠାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିପଦ୍ଧନ କାଣି ଦିପଜନ ।
Options	√A.	ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିରୁ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହେଉଥିବା ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷରୁ ମୁକ୍ତି ମିଳିବା ଚିନ୍ତାର କାରଣ ହୋଇଛି ।
	В.	ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିରୁ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହେଉଥିବା ଅହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷରୁ ମୁକ୍ତି ମିଳିବା ଚିନ୍ତାର କାରଣ ହୋଇଛି ।

- C. ଦେଶରେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିରୁ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହେଉଥିବା ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷରୁ ମୁକ୍ତି ନମିଳିବା ଚିନ୍ତାର କାରଣ ହୋଇଛି ।
- D. ଦେଶରେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିରୁ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହେଉନଥିବା ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷରୁ ମୁକ୍ତି ମିଳିବା ଚିନ୍ତାର କାରଣ ହୋଇଛି ।

ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ତା' ତଳେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ମଗୁଡିକର ଉତ୍ତର, ଅନୁଛେଦ ଆଧାରରେ ଦିଅ । ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ବ୍ୟତୀତ ସଂଘର୍ଷର ଅନ୍ୟ ଏକ କାରଣ ହେଉଛି ରାଜନୀତି । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତି ଏତେ ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି କରୁଛି ଯେ. ଏଥିର କିପରି ମୁକ୍ତି ମିଳିବ ତାହା କେହି ଠିକ କରିପାର ନାହାନ୍ତି । କାରଣ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିର ପ୍ରାଦ୍ରର୍ଭାବ ଦ୍ରୁତ ଗତିରେ ବଢ଼ିବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି । ରାଜନୀତିଜ୍ଞମାନେ କେବଳ ଶାସନକୁ ନିୟତ୍ତ୍ରଣ କରୁନାହାନ୍ତି, ସେମାନେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ନିୟତ୍ତ୍ରଣ କରୁଛନ୍ତି । ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ରହୁଛନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉପଭୋଗ କରିବାକୁ ଯେତିକି ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି, ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାର<mark>େ ନା</mark>ହାନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କର ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସେତିକି ଅଧିକ ହେଉଛି । ବିଶେଷକରି ବିକାଶଶୀଳ ଦେଶମାନଙ୍କରେ ରାଜନ<mark>ୈତିକ</mark> ହିଂସା ବହ ପରିମାଣରେ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଇଛି । ସେଥିପାଇଁ କେତେକ କହୁଛନ୍ତି ଯେ ଏକଛତ୍ର ଶାସନ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା କଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ ଏ ହିଂସା ରହିବ ନାହିଁ । ରାଜନୈତିକ ଦ୍ୱନ୍ଦ ଆରୟ ହେଉଛି ନିର୍ବାଚନରୁ । ତେ<mark>ଣୁ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ବନ୍ଦ</mark> କରିଦେଲେ ଏହି ଦ୍ୱନ୍ଦ କମିଯିବ । ଏହି ଯୁକ୍ତିରେ କୌଣସି ଯଥାର୍ଥତା ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ସାହାଯ୍ୟରେ ଯଦି କ୍ଷମତା ମିଳୁ ନଥା'ନ୍ତା ତା'ହେଲେ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ଯୋଗୁଁ ଏତେ ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । <mark>ତେ</mark>ଣୁ ନିର୍ବାଚନକୁ ଦୋଷ ଦେଇ କିଛି ଲାଭ ନାହିଁ । ମୋଟ କଥା, ରାଜନୀତି ଫଳରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳ୍ପଛି ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରିତ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ, ରାଜନୀତିରୁ ଏ<mark>ତେ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁ ସ</mark>ବୁ ଦେଶରେ ଏକଚ୍ଚତ୍ର ଶାସନ ଅଛି, ସେଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରବଳ ହିଂସା ଦେଖିବାକୁ ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏ ସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେଉ ନାହିଁ । ଏସବୁ ବିଚାରରୁ ପ୍ରତିପନ୍ନ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଆର୍ଥନୀତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଠାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଅଧିକ ବିପଦଜ୍ଜନକ । ମୋଟ କଥା, ରାଜନୀତି ଫ<mark>ଳରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା</mark> ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି, ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ । ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରିତ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ, ରା<mark>ଜନ</mark>ୀତିରୁ ଏତେ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁସବୁ ଦେଶରେ ଏକଛତ୍ର ଶାସନ ଅଛି, ସେଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରବଳ ହିଂସା ଦେଖିବାକୁ ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେଉନାହିଁ । ଏ<mark>ସବୁ</mark> ବିଚାରରୁ ପ୍ରତିପନ୍ନ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଠାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିପଦଜ୍ଜନକ /

ରାଜନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ କମିପାରିବ କିପରି ?

A. ରାଜନୀତିରେ <mark>ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମ</mark>ତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁନି ତାହା <mark>ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉ</mark>ପାୟରେ ନିୟନ୍ତିତ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ଓ ଅର୍ଥ<mark>ନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ କମିପାରିବ ।</mark>

√B. ରାଜନୀତିରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା <mark>ମିଳୁଛି ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ ନିୟନ୍ତିତ</mark> ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ କମିପାରିବ ।

**Options** 

Q (16)

C. ରାଜନୀତିରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରିତ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା. ତା'ହେଲେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ କମିପାରିବ ।

D. ରାଜନୀତିରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରିତ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ବଢିଯିବ ।

Q(17)

ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ତା' ତଳେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ୱଗୁଡିକର ଉତ୍ତର, ଅନୁଛେଦ ଆଧାରରେ ଦିଅ । ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ବ୍ୟତୀତ ସଂଘର୍ଷର ଅନ୍ୟ ଏକ କାରଣ ହେଉଛି ରାଜନୀତି । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତି ଏତେ ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି କରୁଛି ଯେ, ଏଥିରୁ କିପରି ମୁକ୍ତି ମିଳିବ ତାହା କେହି ଠିକ କରିପାରୁ ନାହାନ୍ତି । କାରଣ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିର ପ୍ରାଦୁର୍ଭାବ ହୁତ ଗତିରେ ବଢ଼ିବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି । ରାଜନୀତିଜ୍ଞମାନେ କେବଳ ଶାସନକୁ ନିୟକ୍ତଣ କରୁନାହାନ୍ତି, ସେମାନେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ନିୟକ୍ତଣ କରୁଛନ୍ତି । ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ରହୁଛନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉପଭୋଗ କରିବାକୁ ଯେତିକି ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି, ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ନାହାନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କର ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସେତିକି ଅଧିକ ହେଉଛି । ବିଶେଷକରି ବିକାଶଶୀଳ ଦେଶମାନଙ୍କରେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ବହୁ ପରିମାଣରେ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଇଛି । ସେଥିପାଇଁ କେତେକ କହୁଛନ୍ତି ଯେ ଏକଛନ୍ତ୍ର ଶାସନ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା କଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ ଏହିଂସା ରହିବ ନାହିଁ । ରାଜନୈତିକ ଦ୍ୱନ୍ଦ ଆରୟ ହେଉଛି ନିର୍ବାଚନରୁ । ତେଣୁ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ବନ୍ଦ କରିଦେଲେ ଏହି ଦ୍ୱନ୍ଦ କମିଯିବ । ଏହି ଯୁକ୍ତିରେ କୌଣସି ଯଥାର୍ଥତା ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ସାହାଯ୍ୟରେ ଯଦି କ୍ଷମତା ମିଳୁ ନଥାଂନ୍ତା ତା'ହେଲେ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ଯୋଗୁଁ ଏତେ ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ତେଣୁ ନିର୍ବାଚନକୁ ଦୋଷ ଦେଇ କିଛି ଲାଭ ନାହିଁ । ମୋଟ କଥା, ରାଜନୀତି ଫଳରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ ନିୟନ୍ତିତ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ, ରାଜନୀତିରୁ ଏତେ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତ। ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁ ସବୁ ଦେଶରେ ଏକଛନ୍ତ ଶାସନ ଅଛି, ସେଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରକଳ ହିଂସା ଦେଖିବାକୁ ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏ ସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ

ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେଉ ନାହିଁ । ଏସବୁ ବିଚାରରୁ ପ୍ରତିପନ୍ନ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଆର୍ଥନୀତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଠାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଅଧିକ ବିପଦଜ୍ଜନକ । ମୋଟ କଥା, ରାଜନୀତି ଫଳରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି, ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ ନିୟନ୍ତିତ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ, ରାଜନୀତିରୁ ଏତେ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁସବୁ ଦେଶରେ ଏକଛତ୍ର ଶାସନ ଅଛି, ସେଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରବଳ ହିଂସା ଦେଖିବାକୁ ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେଉନାହିଁ । ଏସବୁ ବିଚାରରୁ ପ୍ରତିପନ୍ନ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଠାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିପଦଜ୍ଜନକ ।

#### କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାର ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରରେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ଅଧିକ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଇବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି ?

#### Options

Q (18)

- A. ଏକଛତ୍ର ଶାସନ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠିତ ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରରେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ଅଧିକ ହ୍ରାସ ପାଇବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି ।
- B. ଏକଛତ୍ର ଶାସନ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠିତ ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରରେ ଅର୍ଥନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ଅଧିକ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଇ<mark>ବାରେ</mark> ଲାଗିଛି ।
- C. ଏକଛତ୍ର ଶାସନ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠିତ ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରରେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ଅଧିକ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଇବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି ।
- $\sqrt{D}$ . ଏକଛତ୍ର ସୁଶାସନ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠିତ ରାଷ୍ଟରେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ଅଧିକ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଇବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି ।

#### ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ତା' ତଳେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ୱଗୁଡିକର ଉତ୍ତର, ଅନୁଛେଦ ଆଧାରରେ ଦିଅ ।

ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ବ୍ୟତୀତ ସଂଘର୍ଷର ଅନ୍ୟ ଏକ କାରଣ ହେଉ<mark>ଛି</mark> ରାଜନୀତି । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟୁକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତି ଏତେ ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି କରୁଛି ଯେ, ଏଥିରୁ କିପରି ମୁକ୍ତି ମିଳିବ ତାହା କେହି ଠିକ କରିପାରୁ ନାହାନ୍ତି । କାରଣ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିର ପ୍ରାଦୁର୍ଭାବ ଦୁତ ଗତିରେ ବ<mark>ଢ଼ିବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି । ରାଜନୀତିଜ୍ଞମାନେ କେବଳ ଶାସନକ</mark>ୁ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରଣ କରୁନାହାନ୍ତି, ସେମାନେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତ<mark>ିକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରଣ କ</mark>ରୁଛନ୍ତି । ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ରହୁଛନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉପଭୋଗ କରିବାକୁ ଯେତିକି ସୁବିଧା <mark>ମିଳୁଛି</mark>, ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ନାହାନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କର ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସେତିକି ଅଧିକ ହେଉଛି । ବି<mark>ଶେଷକରି ବିକାଶଶ</mark>ୀଳ ଦେଶମାନଙ୍କରେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ବହୁ ପରିମାଣରେ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଇଛି । ସେଥିପ<mark>ାଇଁ</mark> କେତେକ କହୁଛନ୍ତି ଯେ ଏକଛତ୍ର ଶାସନ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା କଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ ଏ ହିଂସା ରହିବ ନାହିଁ । ରାଜ<mark>ନୈତିକ ଦ୍ୱନ୍ଦ ଆର</mark>ୟ ହେଉଛି ନିର୍ବାଚନରୁ । ତେଣୁ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ବନ୍ଦ କରିଦେଲେ ଏହି ଦ୍ୱନ୍ଦ କମିଯିବ । ଏହି ଯୁକ୍ତିରେ କୌଣସି ଯ<mark>ଥା</mark>ର୍ଥତା ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ସା<mark>ହାଯ୍ୟରେ</mark> ଯଦି କ୍ଷମତା ମିଳୁ ନଥା'ନ୍ତା ତା'ହେଲେ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ଯ<mark>ୋଗୁଁ ଏତେ ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ତେଣୁ ନିର୍ବାଚନକୁ ଦୋଷ ଦେଇ କିଛି ଲାଭ</mark> ନାହିଁ । ମୋଟ କଥା, ରାଜନୀତି ଫଳରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ ନିୟକ୍ତିତ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ, ରାଜନୀତିରୁ ଏତେ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅ<mark>ନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁ ସ</mark>ବୁ ଦେଶରେ ଏକଚ୍ଚତ୍ର ଶାସନ ଅଛି, ସେଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରବଳ ହିଂସା ଦେଖିବାକୁ ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏ ସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେଉ ନାହିଁ । ଏସବୁ ବିଚାରରୁ ପ୍ରତିପନ୍ନ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଆର୍ଥନୀତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଠାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଅଧିକ ବିପଦଜ୍ଜନକ । ମ<mark>ୋଟ</mark> କଥା, ରାଜନୀତି ଫଳରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି, ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ । <mark>ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରିତ ହୋଇ</mark>ପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ, ରାଜନ<mark>ୀତି</mark>ରୁ ଏତେ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁସବୁ ଦେଶରେ ଏକଛତ୍ର ଶାସନ ଅଛି, ସେଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରବଳ ହିଂସା ଦେଖିବାକୁ ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେଉନାହିଁ । ଏସବୁ ବିଚାରରୁ ପ୍ରତିପନ୍ନ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଠାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ

ସଂଘର୍ଷ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିପଦଜ୍ଜନକ । ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସାର ପ୍ରତିକାରର କାରଣ କାହିଁକି ଠିକ ହୋଇପାର ନାହିଁ ?

#### ପ୍ରଧାର ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିର ପାରର୍ଜାର ହର ପରି

- A. ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିର ପ୍ରାଦୁର୍ଭାବ ହୁତ ଗତିରେ ବଢ଼ିବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି ଓ ରାଜନୀତିଜ୍ଞମାନେ ଶାସନ ସହ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରଣ କରୁନାହାନ୍ତି ।
- B. ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିର ପ୍ରାଦୁର୍ଭାବ ଦୁତ ଗତିରେ କମିବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି ଓ ରାଜନୀତିଜ୍ଞମାନେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରଣ କରୁଛନ୍ତି ।

## Options ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିର ପ୍ରାଦୁର୍ଭାବ ହୁତ ଗତିରେ ବଢ଼ିବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି ଓ ରାଜନୀତିଜ୍ଞମାନେ

ଶାସନ ସହ ରାଜନୀତିକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରଣ କରୁଛନ୍ତି ।

ୀତିକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ନିୟକ୍ତଣ କରୁଛନ୍ତି । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିର ପ୍ରାଦୁର୍ଭାବ ଦୁତ ଗତିରେ କମିବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି ଓ ରାଜନୀତିଜ୍ଞମାନେ

#### <sup>Q (19)</sup> ଅନୁ**ଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ତା' ତଳେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ୱଗୁଡିକର ଉତ୍ତର, ଅନୁଛେଦ ଆଧାରରେ ଦିଅ ।** ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ବ୍ୟତୀତ ସଂଘର୍ଷର ଅନ୍ୟ ଏକ କାରଣ ହେଉଛି ରାଜନୀତି । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତି ଏତେ ହିଂସା ଓ

ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି କରୁଛି ଯେ, ଏଥିରୁ କିପରି ମୁକ୍ତି ମିଳିବ ତାହା କେହି ଠିକ କରିପାରୁ ନାହାନ୍ତି । କାରଣ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ

ଦେଶରେ ରାଜନୀତିର ପ୍ରାଦ୍ରର୍ଭାବ ଦ୍ରତ ଗତିରେ ବଢ଼ିବାରେ ଲାଗିଛି । ରାଜନୀତିଜ୍ଞମାନେ କେବଳ ଶାସନକୁ ନିୟକ୍ତଣ କରୁନାହାନ୍ତି, ସେମାନେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ନିୟକ୍ତଣ କରୁଛନ୍ତି । ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ରହୁଛନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉପଭୋଗ କରିବାକୁ ଯେତିକି ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି, ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ନାହାନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କର ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସେତିକି ଅଧିକ ହେଉଛି । ବିଶେଷକରି ବିକାଶଶୀଳ ଦେଶମାନଙ୍କରେ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ବହୁ ପରିମାଣରେ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଇଛି । ସେଥିପାଇଁ କେତେକ କହୁଛନ୍ତି ଯେ ଏକଛତ୍ର ଶାସନ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା କଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ ଏ ହିଂସା ରହିବ ନାହିଁ । ରାଜନୈତିକ ଦ୍ୱନ୍ଦ ଆରୟ ହେଉଛି ନିର୍ବାଚନରୁ । ତେଣୁ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ବନ୍ଦ କରିଦେଲେ ଏହି ଦ୍ୱନ୍ଦ କମିଯିବ । ଏହି ଯୁକ୍ତିରେ କୌଣସି ଯଥାର୍ଥତା ନାହିଁ । କାରଣ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ସାହାଯ୍ୟରେ ଯଦି କ୍ଷମତା ମିଳ୍ପ ନଥା'ନ୍ତା ତା'ହେଲେ ନିର୍ବାଚନ ଯୋଗୁଁ ଏତେ ହିଂସା ଓ ଦ୍ୱେଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ତେଣୁ ନିର୍ବାଚନକୁ ଦୋଷ ଦେଇ କିଛି ଲାଭ ନାହିଁ । ମୋଟ କଥା, ରାଜନୀତି ଫଳରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ ନିୟକ୍ତିତ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ, ରାଜନୀତିରୁ ଏତେ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁ ସବୁ ଦେଶରେ ଏକଚ୍ଚତ୍ର ଶାସନ ଅଛି, ସେଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରବଳ ହିଂସା ଦେଖିବାକୁ ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏ ସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେଉ ନାହିଁ । ଏସବୁ ବିଚାରରୁ ପ୍ରତିପନ୍ନ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଆର୍ଥନୀତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଠାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଅଧିକ ବିପଦଜ୍ଜନକ । ମୋଟ କଥା, ରାଜନୀତି ଫଳରେ ଯେଉଁ କ୍ଷମତା ଓ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି, ତାହା ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଉପାୟରେ । ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରିତ ହୋଇପାରନ୍ତା, ତା'ହେଲେ ବୋଧହୁଏ, ରାଜନୀତିରୁ ଏତେ ସଂ<mark>ଘର୍ଷ</mark> ସୃଷ୍ଟି ହୁଅନ୍ତା ନାହିଁ । ଯେଉଁସବୁ ଦେଶରେ ଏକଚ୍ଚତ୍ର ଶାସନ ଅଛି, ସେଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରବଳ ହିଂସା ଦେଖିବାକୁ ମିଳୁଛି । ହୁଏତ ଏସବୁ କଥା ଅନେକ ସମୟରେ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେଉନାହିଁ । ଏସବୁ ବିଚାରରୁ ପ୍ରତିପନ୍ନ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଅର୍ଥନୀତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ଠାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ ସଂଘର୍ଷ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିପଦଜ୍ଜନକ ।

#### ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ଘଟିବାର କାରଣ କ'ଣ ?

A	ଯେଉଁମାନେ	କ୍ଷମତାରେ	ରହୁନାହାଁନ୍ତି	ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ	ଉପଭୋଗ	କରିବାକୁ	ଯେତିକି	ସୁବିଧା	ମିଳୁଛି,
Α.	ଅନ୍ୟମାନଙ୍କୁ	ସୁବିଧା ମିଳି	ପାରୁନଥିବା	ରୁ ରାଜନୈ	ତିକ ହିଂସା '	ଘଟୁଛି ।			

- ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ରହୁଛନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉପଭୋଗ କରିବାକୁ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳିପାରୁନଥିବାରୁ, В. ଅନ୍ୟମାନଙ୍କ ସବିଧା ମିଳ୍ୟବାର ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ଘଟଛି ।
- ଯେଉଁମାନେ <mark>କ୍ଷମତାରେ ରହୁଛନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉପଭୋଗ କରିବାକୁ ଯେତିକି ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି,</mark> √C. ଅନ୍ୟମାନଙ୍କୁ ସୁବିଧା ମିଳିପାରୁନଥିବାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ଘଟୁଛି ।
  - ଯେଉଁମାନେ କ୍ଷମତାରେ ରହୁଛନ୍ତି ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉପ<mark>ଭ</mark>ୋଗ କରିବାକୁ ଯେତିକି ସୁବିଧା ମିଳୁଛି, ସାଧାରଣ D. ଲୋକମାନଙ୍କୁ ସେତିକି ସୁବିଧା ମିଳିପାରୁଥିବାରୁ ରାଜନୈତିକ ହିଂସା ଘଟୁଛି ।
- ଇଂରାଜୀ ଅନୁଛେଦର ସଠିକ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ ଚୟନ କର । Q(20)

I used to receive birthday presents from my friend every year.

ମୋ ବନ୍ଧୁ ମାନଙ୍କ ଠାରୁ ମୁଁ ପ୍ରତି ବର୍ଷ ଉପହାର ପାଏ । ମୁଁ ପ୍ରତି ବର୍ଷ ମୋ ବନ୍ଧୁ ମାନଙ୍କ ଠାରୁ ଉପହାର ପାଉଥିଲି । /B. Options

they emit energy

ମୁଁ ପ୍ରତି ବର୍ଷ ମୋ ବନ୍ଧ୍ର ମାନଙ୍କ ଠାରୁ ଉପହାର ପାଉଛି । C. D. ମଁ ପତି ବର୍ଷ ମୋ ବନ୍ଧ ମାନଙ୍କ ଠାର ଉପହାର ପାଉଥିବି ।

#### Subject: General Studies and Computer | Chapter: Set-6

Q (1)	The so	cientist "Markowni" of which country invented radio ?
	A.	German
Options	<b>√</b> B.	Italy
Options	C.	Japan
	D.	America
Q (2)	The st	tars twinkle at night because
Options	Α.	they emit energy

Options

A. Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize.  ✓ B. Delete the e-mail.  C. Delete the attachment only.  D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.		B. of diffraction
A. 1000 bits B. 1000 bytes  yC. 1 million bytes D. 1 million bits  Q (4) Porus was defeated by Alexandar at the Battle of  A. Buxar B. Heart C. Kabul yD. Hydaspes  Q (5) Mahmud of Ghazni attacked India mainly  √A. to plunder the wealth of India B. to establish his empire in India C. to spread Islam in India D. to take the famous artisans of India to his court  Q (6) In which region of India was the Suharawadi order of Sufism popular?  A. Delhi and Bihar B. Delhi and Doab region yC. Punjab and Sindh D. Around Ajmer  Q (7) If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do'  A. Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize. yB. Delete the e-mail. C. Delete the attachment only. D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.  Q (8) is a version of Google's Android operating system designed for smartwatches are other wearable devices.  A. Android Tear yB. Android Wear C. Android Near D. Android Deer		✓C. of refraction
A. 1000 bits B. 1000 bytes  √C. 1 million bytes  D. 1 million bits  Q (4) Porus was defeated by Alexandar at the Battle of  A. Buxar  B. Heart  C. Kabul  √D. Hydaspes  Q (5) Mahmud of Ghazni attacked India mainly  ✓A. to plunder the wealth of India  B. to establish his empire in India  C. to spread Islam in India  D. to take the famous artisans of India to his court  Q (6) In which region of India was the Suharawadi order of Sufism popular?  A. Delhi and Bihar  B. Delhi and Doab region  √C. Punjab and Sindh  D. Around Ajmer  Q (7) If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do'  A. Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize.  ✓B. Delete the e-mail.  C. Delete the attachment only.  D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.  is a version of Google's Android operating system designed for smartwatches are other wearable devices.  A. Android Tear  ✓B. Android Wear  C. Android Near  D. Android Deer		D. of reflection
Options  B. 1000 bytes  C. 1 million bytes D. 1 million bytes D. 1 million bits  Q (4) Porus was defeated by Alexandar at the Battle of  A. Buxar B. Heart C. Kabul  D. Hydaspes  Q (5) Mahmud of Ghazni attacked India mainly  A. to plunder the wealth of India B. to establish his empire in India C. to spread Islam in India D. to take the famous artisans of India to his court  Q (6) In which region of India was the Suharawadi order of Sufism popular?  A. Delhi and Bihar B. Delhi and Doab region  C. Punjab and Sindh D. Around Ajmer  Q (7) If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do'  A. Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize.  B. Delete the e-mail. C. Delete the attachment only. D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.  is a version of Google's Android operating system designed for smartwatches are other wearable devices.  A. Android Tear  B. Android Wear C. Android Near D. Android Deer	Q (3)	One megabyte equals approximately
Options  Country  Cou		<b>A.</b> 1000 bits
Q (4) Porus was defeated by Alexandar at the Battle of  A. Buxar B. Heart C. Kabul D. Hydaspes  Q (5) Mahmud of Ghazni attacked India mainly  A. to plunder the wealth of India B. to establish his empire in India C. to spread Islam in India D. to take the famous artisans of India to his court  Q (6) In which region of India was the Suharawadi order of Sufism popular?  A. Delhi and Bihar B. Delhi and Doab region C. Punjab and Sindh D. Around Ajmer  If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do'  A. Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize.  A. Go to the website and fill in the e-mail.  C. Delete the attachment only. D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.  Q (8) is a version of Google's Android operating system designed for smartwatches are other wearable devices.  A. Android Tear B. Android Near D. Android Deer	0	<b>B.</b> 1000 bytes
Options  A. Buxar B. Heart C. Kabul	Options	✓C. 1 million bytes
Options  A. Buxar  B. Heart  C. Kabul		<b>D.</b> 1 million bits
Options  B. Heart C. Kabul  /D. Hydaspes  Q (5) Mahmud of Ghazni attacked India mainly  /A. to plunder the wealth of India B. to establish his empire in India C. to spread Islam in India D. to take the famous artisans of India to his court  Q (6) In which region of India was the Suharawadi order of Sufism popular?  A. Delhi and Bihar B. Delhi and Doab region  /C. Punjab and Sindh D. Around Ajmer  Q (7) If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail.  Options  A. Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize.  /B. Delete the e-mail.  C. Delete the attachment only.  D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.  Q (8) is a version of Google's Android operating system designed for smartwatches are other wearable devices.  A. Android Wear  C. Android Near  D. Android Deer	Q (4)	Porus was defeated by Alexandar at the Battle of
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C. Kabul	Ontions	B. Heart
Options Optio	Options	C. Kabul
Options  Opt		✓D. Hydaspes
Options  B. to establish his empire in India C. to spread Islam in India D. to take the famous artisans of India to his court  Q (6) In which region of India was the Suharawadi order of Sufism popular?  A. Delhi and Bihar B. Delhi and Doab region  ✓ C. Punjab and Sindh D. Around Ajmer  Q (7) If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do'  A. Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize.  ✓ B. Delete the e-mail.  C. Delete the attachment only. D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.  Q (8) is a version of Google's Android operating system designed for smartwatches arother wearable devices.  A. Android Tear  ✓ B. Android Wear  C. Android Near  D. Android Deer	Q (5)	Mahmud of Ghazni attacked India mainly
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Q (6)       In which region of India was the Suharawadi order of Sufism popular?         A.       Delhi and Bihar         B.       Delhi and Doab region         ✓ C.       Punjab and Sindh         D.       Around Ajmer         Q (7)       If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do'         A.       Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize.         ✓ B.       Delete the e-mail.         C.       Delete the attachment only.         D.       Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.         Q (8)       is a version of Google's Android operating system designed for smartwatches are other wearable devices.         A.       Android Tear         ✓ B.       Android Wear         C.       Android Near         D.       Android Deer	Options	C. to spread Islam in India
A. Delhi and Bihar  B. Delhi and Doab region  C. Punjab and Sindh  D. Around Ajmer  If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do do do dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do do dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail.  C. Delete the e-mail.  C. Delete the attachment only.  D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.  Q (8)  A. Android Tear  B. Android Tear  B. Android Wear  C. Android Near  D. Android Deer		D. to take the famous artisans of India to his court
Options  B. Delhi and Doab region  C. Punjab and Sindh  D. Around Ajmer  If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do'the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do'the person who has sent the e-mail.  A. Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize.  B. Delete the e-mail.  C. Delete the attachment only.  D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.  Q (8)  is a version of Google's Android operating system designed for smartwatches are other wearable devices.  A. Android Tear  B. Android Wear  C. Android Near  D. Android Deer	Q (6)	In which region of India was the Suharawadi order of Sufism popular?
Options  C. Punjab and Sindh D. Around Ajmer  If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail.  A. Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize.  B. Delete the e-mail.  C. Delete the attachment only.  D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.  Q (8)  a. is a version of Google's Android operating system designed for smartwatches are other wearable devices.  A. Android Tear  B. Android Wear  C. Android Near  D. Android Deer		A. Delhi and Bihar
Options  Q (7)  If you receive an e-mail with an attachment from a company saying you just won a million dollars, but you have never heard of the person who has sent the e-mail. What should you do'  A. Go to the website and fill in the information so that you can get your prize.  B. Delete the e-mail.  C. Delete the attachment only.  D. Contact the person who sent you the e-mail.  Q (8)  is a version of Google's Android operating system designed for smartwatches are other wearable devices.  A. Android Tear  B. Android Wear  C. Android Near  D. Android Deer	Ontions	B. Delhi and Doab region
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Options C. Android Near D. Android Deer		A. Android Tear
C. Android Near D. Android Deer	Ontions	✓B. Android Wear
	Options	C. Android Near
Q (9) What are Java, Perl and Fortran?		D. Android Deer
100 March 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Q (9)	What are Java, Perl and Fortran?

	A. Types of plastics	
	✓ B. Computer programming languages	
Options	C. Operating systems	
	<b>D.</b> Types of coffee	
Q (10)	Fructose, raffinose, mannose and dextrose are different forms of	
	A. Slat	
	B. Ester	
Options	C. Acid	
	✓D. Sugar	
Q (11)	which pagination options forces a paragraph to appear with the paragraph that follows it in MS-Word 2010 ?	
	A. Keep lines together	
0	B. Window/Orphan control	
Options	✓C. Keep with next	
	D. page break before	
Q (12)	Calamine lotion used as anti-itching agent mainly contains	
	A. Sodium	
Ontions	B. Phosphours	
Options	C. Potassium	
	✓D. Zinc	
Q (13)	Speed and velocity are often wrongly used interchangeably. What is the one factor that differentiates velocity from speed ?	
	A. Time	
Options	B. Distance	
Options	✓C. Direction	
	D. All of these	
Q (14)	Who was leader at Kanpur during the revolt of 1857?	
	A. Liaqat Ali	
Options	✓B. Nana Saheb	
Options	C. Veer Kunwar Singh	
	<b>D.</b> None of these	
Q (15)	The chemically inactive gas present in the atmosphere is	
	A. nitrogen	
Options	✓B. argon	
Options	C. water vapour	
	D. oxygen	

Q (16)	Which of the following pairs is correct?		
	✓ A. Shale - possesses laminations		
	B. Quartzite - soft rock		
Options	C. Granite - sometimes contains fossils		
	D. Basalt - coarse grained rock		
Q (17)	Venice in Italy and Vienna in Austria are famous for		
	A. pottery		
0.4	<b>√B.</b> glass industry		
Options	C. chemical industry		
	D. textile industry		
Q (18)	World's leading producer of fertilizers is		
	A. UK		
0-4:	B. India		
Options	✓C. USA		
	D. Russia		
Q (19)	Hussain Sagar lake is located in		
	A. Jaipur		
O-+:	B. Srinagar		
Options	C. Bengaluru		
	✓ D. Hyderabad		
Q (20)	The resource which can be used continuously, year after year are called		
	A. Biotic		
Ortions	B. Abiotic		
Options	C. Non-renewable		
,	<b>√D.</b> Renewable		
Q (21)	Who said 'Swaraj is my birthright and I shall have it'?		
	A. M.K. Gandhi		
Options	<b>√B.</b> B.G. Tilak		
	C. GK. Gokhale		
	D. B.R. Ambedkar		
Q (22)	Which state is to the South of Odisha?		
Options	✓A. Andhra Pradesh		
	B. Himanchal		

	<b>D.</b> None of these		
Q (23)	Which war materials were produced in India to supply to Britain during World War I?		
Options	A. Gunpowder, cannons and other ammunition.		
	✓ B. Jute bags, cloth for army uniforms, tents and leather boots.		
	C. Medicines for the wounded soldiers.		
	<b>D.</b> Hammers, axes and other building material.		
Q (24)	Which War caused new problems for Indian weavers?		
	✓A. The American Civil War		
Options	B. First world war		
Options	C. Second world war		
	<b>D.</b> None of these		
Q (25)	India's first green tech-based Technology Business Incubation or Inclusive TBI (i-TBI) wi set up in which institutions?	ll b	
	✓A. NIT Srinagar		
Options	B. NIT Patna		
Options	C. NIT Agartala		
	D. IIT Mandi		
Q (26)	Which nation's navy and India's signed a white shipping information exchange agreement	?	
	A. China		
Options	B. Australia		
Options	C. Russia		
	✓ D. New Zealand		
Q (27)	Who has been named as the new Defence Secretary by the Government of India?		
	A. Ajay Bhatt		
Options	B. Amarendra Tiwari		
Options	✓C. Aramane Giridhar		
	D. Radha Sridharan		
Q (28)	Who has won the Women's Ballon d'Or award or Ballon d'Or Feminin Award?		
	A. Megan Rapinoe		
Options	✓B. Alexia Putellas		
Options	C. Lieke Martens		
	D. Marta		
Q (29)	Prime Minister Modi has launched 'Mission LiFE' in which state?		
Options	✓A. Gujarat		
	B. Himachal Pradesh		

	C.	Uttar Pradesh	
	D.	Madhya Pradesh	
Q (30)	How many Jail Circles are there in Odisha?		
	A.	13	
	В.	30	
Options	√C.	5	
	D.	15	
		Subject: Numerical Ability and Reasoning   Chapter: Set-6	
Q (1)	The nur	mber 1.101001000100001 is	
	A.	a natural number	
Ontions	В.	a whole number	
Options	C.	a rational number	
	<b>√</b> D.	an irrational number	
Q (2)	$(16)^{3/4}$	is equal to	
	A.	2	
0-4:	В.	4	
Options	√C.	8	
	D.	16	
2 .2.		ollowing question, four/five pairs of words are given, out of these pairs one does not	
Q (3)	(a) Oil :	common relationship which the rest do. You are required to find that odd pair.  Lamp (b) Water: Tap (c) Oxygen: Life (d) Power: Machine	
	Α.	Oil : Lamp	
	√B.	Water : Tap	
Options	C.	Oxygen : Life	
	D.	Power: Machine	
0 (4)	Choose	the odd numeral pair/group in each of the following question.	
Q (4)	(a) 1, 2	(b) 2, 5 (c) 3, 10 (d) 4, 15	
	A.	1, 2	
Options	В.	2, 5	
Options	C.	3, 10	
	<b>√</b> D.	4, 15	
Q (5)	In the following question one term in the number series is wrong, Find out the wrong term. 376, 188, 88, 40, 16, 4, -2		
Ontions	Α.	4	
Options			
Options	В.	16	

	√D.	188	
Q (6)	The sum of place value and face value of 7 in the 97582 is		
	√A.	7007	
	В.	7002	
Options	C.	7001	
	D.	7009	
Q (7)	The val	ue of $\sqrt{\frac{1.21 \times 0.9}{1.1 \times 0.11}}$ is	
	A.	2	
0	√B.	3	
Options	C.	9	
	D.	11	
Q (8)	Ravi is start?	7 ranks ahead of Sumit's rank is seventeenth from the last, what is Ravi's rank from the	
	A.	14th	
0 11	В.	15th	
Options	√C.	16th	
	D.	17th	
Q (9)	A perso	n crosses a 600 m long street in 5 min. What is his speed in km per hour?	
	Α.	3.6	
0.11	√B.	7.2	
Options	C.	8.4	
	D.	10	
Q (10)	The average salary per month of 30 employees in a company is Rs. 4000. If the manager's salary is added, the average salary increases to Rs 4300, what is the salary of the manager?		
1	A.	Rs. 10000	
0.11	В.	Rs. 13000	
Options	C.	Rs. 12000	
	<b>√</b> D.	Rs. 13300	
Q (11)	The first odd number is 1, the second odd number is 3, the third odd number is 5 and so on. The 200th odd number is		
	√A.	399	
0	В.	421	
Options	C.	357	
	D.	599	
Q (12)	Find the HCF of 1/2 and 3/2		
Options	Α.	3/2	
**			

	√B.	1/2	
	C.	1	
	D.	3	
Q (13)		CF and LCM of two numbers are 21 and 4641, respectively. If one of the numbers lies on 200 and 300, the two numbers are	
	√A.	273,357	
	В.	210,340	
Options	C.	215,314	
	D.	210,2521	
Q (14)		erage age of a man and his son is 27 yr. The ratio of their ages is 8:1, respectively. What the son's age after 6 yr?	
	A.	6 yr	
	В.	14 yr	
Options	<b>√</b> C.	12 yr	
	D.	8 yr	
Q (15)	The sum of ages of a father and son is 45 yr.5 yr ago, the product of their ages was four times the father's age at that time. The present age of the father is		
	Α.	39 yr	
0	√B.	36 yr	
Options	C.	25 yr	
	D.	None of these	
Q (16)		o,a father was four times as old as his son. In 6 yr time his age exceeds twice his son's 9 yr, The ratio of their ages is	
	A.	13:4	
	В.	12:5	
Options	√C.	11:3	
	D.	9:2	
Q (17)	The price of a product of a company increases by 10% and the turnover increases by 10%. What is the change in quantity sold?		
	Α.	10%	
0.1	В.	8%	
Options	C.	20%	
	<b>√</b> D.	No change	
Q (18)		income is Rs 12000 per month. She pays 20% tax on monthly income above Rs 2000 e spends 30% of the remaining income. How much does she save annually?	
Options	Α.	Rs 70000	
	В.	Rs 60000	
		Date of proper to	

	√C.	Rs 84000	
	D.	Rs 50000	
Q (19)	A trade man marks his goods at 20% above the CP and gives a discount of 10% for cash payments. What profit percentage does he make?		
	√A.	8%	
0-4:	B.	6%	
Options	C.	10%	
	D.	12 %	
Q (20)	An article is listed at R 900 and two successive discounts of 8% and 8% are given on it. How much would the seller gain or lose, if he gives a single discount of 16% inst6ead of two discounts?		
	A.	Gain of Rs 4.76	
0	√B.	Loss of Rs 5.76	
Options	C.	Gain of Rs 5.76	
	D.	Loss of Rs 4.76	
Q (21)		onthly salary of A,B and C are in the ratio of 2:3:5.If C's monthly salary is Rs 1200 nan that of A,then B's annual salary is	
	√A.	Rs 14400	
0	B.	Rs 24000	
Options	C.	Rs 1200	
	D.	Rs 2000	
Q (22)		valked 30 m towards East, took a right turn and walked 40 m. Then, he took a left turn lked 30 m. In which direction is he now from the starting point?	
	A.	North-East	
0	B.	East	
Options	<b>√</b> C.	South-East	
, )	D.	South	
Q (23)	Ramesh is the brother of Amit. Sushma is the sister of Satish. Amit is the son of Sushma. How is Ramesh related to Sushma?		
	Α.	Father	
0	В.	Brother	
Options	<b>√</b> C.	Son	
	D.	Nephew	
Q (24)	Two stations A and B are 110 km apart on a straight line. One train starts from A at 7 am and travels towards B at 20 km/h speed. Another train starts from B at 8 am and travels towards A at a speed of 25 km/h. At what time will they meet?		
Options	Α.	9 am	
	√B.	10 am	

	C.	11 am	
	D.	None of these	
Q (25)		A train running at certain speed crosses a stationary engine in 20 s. To find out the speed of the train, which of the following information is necessary?	
	A.	Only the length oh the train	
	В.	Only the length of the engine	
Options	C.	Either the length of the train or the length of the engine	
	<b>√</b> D.	Both the length of the train and the length of the engine	
Q (26)	What i	s the probability of choosing a phoneme at random from the word NATURE?	
	A.	5/6	
	В.	1/6	
Options	C.	1/3	
	<b>√</b> D.	1/2	
Q (27)	What i	s the median of the first 10 prime numbers?	
	A.	11	
	<b>√</b> B.	12	
Options	C.	13	
	D.	14	
Q (28)	What i	is the locus of the intersection of the equation $x + y = 2$ and $x - y = 0$ ?	
	A.	(0, 2)	
0-4:	<b>√</b> B.	(1,1)	
Options	C.	(1,-1)	
	D.	(2, 0)	
Q (29)	Which	of the following pairs of equations has a unique solution?	
	√A.	x + y + 1 = 0 and $x - y + 1 = 0$	
0.11	B.	x + y + 1 = 0 and $2x + 2y + 2 = 0$	
Options	C.	2x - y + 3 = 0 and $-6x + 3y + 5 = 0$	
	D.	2x - y + 3 = 0 and $-4x + 2y - 6 = 0$	
Q (30)	$3x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$ What is the product of the root of the binomial equation?		
	A.	1/3	
	<b>√</b> B.	-1/3	
Options	C.	2/3	
	D.	-2/3	