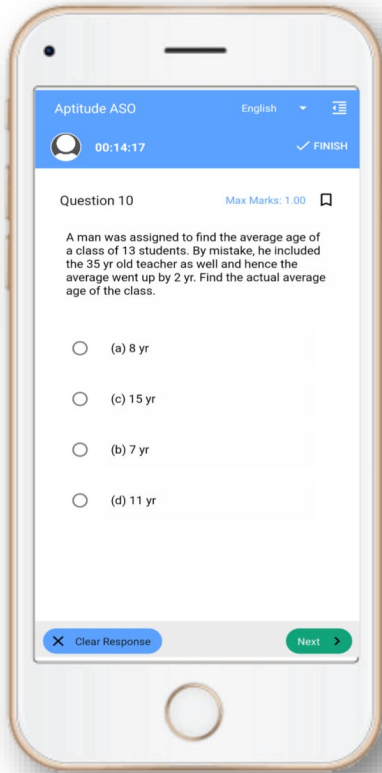


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## PAPER-II

## Part-A

**GENERAL ENGLISH : 100 Marks**

**Instructions :** Each question under this section carries *two* marks. Please read the instructions carefully and answer the questions by selecting the most appropriate answer out of the multiple answers given below each as A, B, C and D.

*There shall be negative marking @ 0.5 mark per question for wrong/multiple answers.*

**Instructions for questions from No. 1 to 5 :** Read the sentences and transform them from Direct speech to Indirect speech.

1. Rama said to me, "You will be rewarded".  
(A) Rama told me that you will be rewarded.  
(B) Rama told me that I would be rewarded.  
(C) Rama told me that I will be rewarded.  
(D) Rama told me that he will be rewarded.
2. He said to me, "Are you well ?"  
(A) He asked me if you were well.  
(B) He asked me if he was well.  
(C) He asked me if I was not well ?  
(D) He asked me if I was well.
3. My friend said to me, "Let us go there tomorrow."  
(A) My friend proposed that we should go there the next day.  
(B) My friend told me to go there tomorrow.  
(C) My friend ordered me to go there the next day.  
(D) My friend asked me to go there the next day.
4. He said, "How beautiful the rose is!"  
(A) He said that how beautiful the rose was!  
(B) He exclaimed that the rose was very beautiful.  
(C) He exclaimed that how beautiful the rose was.  
(D) He told that how beautiful the rose was!
5. The teacher said, "Honesty is the best policy."  
(A) The teacher said that honesty was the best policy.  
(B) The teacher said that honesty is the best policy.  
(C) The teacher said that honesty should be the best policy.  
(D) The teacher said that honesty would be the best policy.

P.T.O.

Instructions for questions from No. 6 to 10 : Go through the sentences and find out which one is grammatically correct.

6. (A) One should keep his promises.  
(B) One should keep our promises.  
(C) One should keep their promises.  
(D) One should keep one's promises.
7. (A) No sooner had I left home than it began to rain.  
(B) No sooner I left home than it began to rain.  
(C) No sooner had I left home it began to rain.  
(D) No sooner I had left home than it began to rain.
8. (A) My father helped me to clean the room.  
(B) My father helped me cleaning the room.  
(C) My father helped me clean the room.  
(D) My father helped me cleaned the room.
9. (A) He asked me why have you come here?  
(B) He asked me why you have come here.  
(C) He asked me why you had come here?  
(D) He asked me why I had come here.
10. (A) I enjoy to play the piano. (B) I enjoy playing the piano.  
(C) I enjoy play the piano. (D) I enjoy played the piano.

Instructions for questions from No. 11 to 13 : Read the sentences and choose the correct parts of speech of the underlined words.

11. The function came to a close at half past ten.  
(A) verb, adjective (B) noun, verb  
(C) noun, preposition (D) verb, preposition
12. He is the first man to sit on a fast.  
(A) adjective, noun (B) pronoun, noun (C) adjective, verb (D) adjective, adverb
13. Jack and Jill went up the hill and looked up.  
(A) adjective, adverb (B) preposition, adverb  
(C) adverb, preposition (D) verb, preposition

Instructions for questions from No. 14 to 16 : Read the sentences and substitute the underlined words with appropriate phrasal verbs.

14. As soon as the teacher entered the room, all the lights were extinguished.  
(A) got into, put out (B) reached at, blown away  
(C) arrived at, blown over (D) walked up, turned on

15. I couldn't tolerate such humiliation as the President of the Students' Union for our proposal was rejected by the Principal.  
 (A) put on, turned up (B) put up, turned on  
 (C) put up with, turned down (D) put off, put down
16. Thieves forcibly entered our house last night and escaped happily looting money and other valuables.  
 (A) broke down, got over (B) broke up, got into  
 (C) broke into, got away with (D) broke off, got down

Instructions for questions from No. 17 to 21 : Read the sentences and fill in the blanks with correct forms of verbs.

17. Not only the boy but also his parents \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for lack of supervision, a result of which two-thirds of the work \_\_\_\_\_ done in a day.  
 (A) were, was (B) was, were (C) were, were (D) was, was
18. The old man as well as his sons \_\_\_\_\_ at fault for this tragic incident for which a crowd of people \_\_\_\_\_ gathered on the spot.  
 (A) are, have (B) is, has (C) is, have (D) are, has
19. I, who \_\_\_\_\_ his friend, must look to his interest.  
 (A) is (B) was (C) are (D) am
20. All that glitters \_\_\_\_\_ not gold.  
 (A) is (B) are (C) were (D) was
21. Slow and steady \_\_\_\_\_ the race, because haste \_\_\_\_\_ waste.  
 (A) win, makes (B) wins, makes (C) won, made (D) winning, makes

Instructions for questions from No. 22 to 30 : Read the sentences and do as directed.

22. Mira is the best girl in the class.  
 (Change the degree of comparison to comparative form)  
 (A) Mira is better than most of the girls in the class.  
 (B) Mira is better than any other girl in the class.  
 (C) No other girl in the class is as good as Mira.  
 (D) Mira is better than the best girl in the class.
23. He is too weak to walk.  
 (Rewrite the sentence removing 'too')  
 (A) He is so weak that he cannot walk.  
 (B) He is very weak to walk.  
 (C) He is weak enough to walk.  
 (D) He is so weak to walk.

24. A barking dog seldom bites.  
(Change it into complex sentence)  
(A) A dog that bites seldom barks. (B) A dog that barks seldom bites.  
(C) A dog that is barking seldom bites. (D) A biting dog seldom barks.
25. He does not like fish. He does not like meat.  
(Join the above two sentences using 'neither ----- nor')  
(A) He neither likes fish nor meat. (B) He does not like neither fish nor meat.  
(C) He likes neither fish nor meat. (D) He does neither like fish nor meat.
26. The boy is very industrious.  
(Change it into exclamatory sentence)  
(A) What an industrious boy is he! (B) What an industrious boy he is!  
(C) What a very industrious boy is he! (D) What a very industrious boy he is!
27. The police resorted to firing to disperse the violent mob.  
(Choose the correct meaning of the underlined words)  
(A) strike, pilgrims (B) punish, people (C) dispel, crowd (D) pacify, gathering
28. \_\_\_\_\_ the rod and \_\_\_\_\_ the child.  
(Fill in the blanks with an appropriate pair of verbs in the proverbial expression)  
(A) Strike, scold (B) Spare, spoil (C) Show, shake (D) Spring, spurn
29. His father is a teacher. His mother is a teacher.  
(Join the above two sentences using 'both ----- and')  
(A) His both father and mother are teachers.  
(B) Both his father and mother are teachers.  
(C) Both his father and mother is a teacher.  
(D) His both father and mother is a teacher.
30. The word 'carnivorous' means  
(A) An animal eating meat (B) A man-hunting animal  
(C) A person eating human flesh (D) A wild animal

**Instructions for questions from No. 31 to 35 : Fill in the blanks with appropriate Articles.**

31. \_\_\_\_\_ earth revolves round \_\_\_\_\_ sun.  
(A) The, a (B) An, the (C) A, a (D) The, the
32. \_\_\_\_\_ bird in hand is worth two in \_\_\_\_\_ bush.  
(A) The, the (B) A, the (C) The, a (D) A, a

33. Dasaratha, \_\_\_\_\_ king of Ayodhya, was \_\_\_\_\_ humble king.  
 (A) the, an (B) the, a (C) a, a (D) a, an
34. \_\_\_\_\_ honest man is \_\_\_\_\_ asset to the society.  
 (A) The, a (B) An, the (C) An, an (D) The, the
35. Kalidasa, \_\_\_\_\_ great Sanskrit poet, is \_\_\_\_\_ Shakespeare of our country.  
 (A) a, a (B) the, the (C) the, a (D) a, the

Instructions for questions from No. 36 to 40 : Fill in the blanks with appropriate Prepositions.

36. Although the man was accused \_\_\_\_\_ murder by the police, he was acquitted \_\_\_\_\_ the charges in the court.  
 (A) in, of (B) of, of (C) from, of (D) of, from
37. They agreed \_\_\_\_\_ his proposal in the meeting, but I did not agree \_\_\_\_\_ them.  
 (A) to, with (B) with, to  
 (C) into, with (D) upon, to
38. All of the teachers congratulated me \_\_\_\_\_ my success, but I never boast \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
 (A) for, of (B) on, for  
 (C) on, of (D) for, into
39. The old man was very fond \_\_\_\_\_ her daughter, who was deprived \_\_\_\_\_ her property after father's death.  
 (A) of, of (B) at, of  
 (C) of, from (D) with, from
40. The woman was suffering \_\_\_\_\_ cancer, but the doctor cured her \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
 (A) from, of (B) with, from (C) from, with (D) of, from

Instructions for questions from No. 41 to 45 : Read the sentences and fill in the blanks with appropriate and correctly spelt words.

41. An owl is a \_\_\_\_\_ bird, whose species are almost \_\_\_\_\_ now.  
 (A) nocturnal, extinct (B) noctoral, extint  
 (C)nockurnal, extinct (D) noctoral, extinguish
42. Death of Sushant Singh Rajput has caused not only a \_\_\_\_\_ in Indian film industry but also much \_\_\_\_\_ for the investigating police team.  
 (A) vaccum, embarasment (B) vacuum, embarrassment  
 (C) vaccuum, embarrasment (D) vacume, embarrassment

43. During winter, a large number of \_\_\_\_\_ birds, both colourful and \_\_\_\_\_, come from Siberia to Chilika Lake.
- (A) migratory, exotic (B) migretory, excotic  
(C) migretery, esoteric (D) migrotery, extinct
44. The clerk dealing with \_\_\_\_\_ works of the office is occasionally seen in this \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) misllaneous, resturant (B) miscelaneous, restaurant  
(C) miscellaneous, restaurant (D) miscellaneous, restaurant
45. Frequent power failure in the examination centre caused much \_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_ invigilators and examinees.
- (A) inconvenience, superintendant (B) inconvenience, superintendent  
(C) inconvenice, superintandent (D) inconvenience, supraintendent

**Instructions for questions from No. 46 to 50 :** Read the sentences and change their voice from Active to Passive or vice versa.

46. The teacher made him stand up in the class.
- (A) The teacher was made him stand up in the class.  
(B) He was made stand up by the teacher in the class.  
(C) He was made to stand up by the teacher in the class.  
(D) He had been made to stand up by the teacher in the class.
47. I saw the monkeys climbing the tree.
- (A) The monkeys were seen climbing the tree.  
(B) The tree was seen the monkeys climbing.  
(C) The monkeys were seen to climb the tree.  
(D) The monkeys was seen to climb the tree.
48. The poor should be helped.
- (A) You should help the poor. (B) He should help the poor.  
(C) They should help the poor. (D) One should help the poor.
49. It was proposed to hold a meeting.
- (A) They proposed to hold a meeting.  
(B) They proposed it to hold a meeting.  
(C) They proposed to be held a meeting.  
(D) They had proposed to hold a meeting.
50. The prizes were given away by the chief guest.
- (A) The chief guest was giving away the prizes.  
(B) The chief guest gave away the prizes.  
(C) The chief guest was given away the prizes.  
(D) The prizes were given to the chief guest.