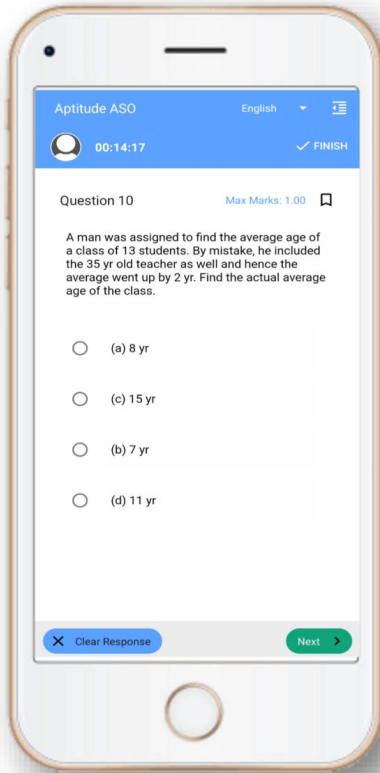


OSSC Exam- Mock Test, PYQS , Note,
E-Books Get Now On [App](#)



Tech Of World
Download App



[Click Here](#)

 **YouTube- [Click Here](#)**

 **Telegram- [Click Here](#)**

 **Facebook- [Click Here](#)**

[Download Tech Of World App](#)

WtsApp/Call- 8596976190

Join Us-



JA – 1 / 2019
Paper – I
LANGUAGE TEST (ENGLISH & ODIA)

Time : 2 hours

(Both for English and Odia)

Full Marks : 100

(English : 50 + Odia : 50)

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates should write the answer

in two separate Answer Books supplied to them

i. e. one for 'English' and another for 'Odia'.

Answer as directed.

KO – 1/10

(Turn over)

LANGUAGE TEST (English)

Attempt **all** questions from all the Sections.

Section – A

(Grammar)

1. Fill in the blank with appropriate tenses. 1

She never visits any zoo because she is strong opponent of the idea of _____.

- (a) Setting the animals free
- (b) Feeding the animals while others are watching
- (c) Watching the animals in their natural abode
- (d) Holding the animals in capacity of our joy.

2. Choose the passive voice in the following sentence : 1

Who is creating this mess ?

- (a) Who has been created this mess ?
- (b) By whom has this mess been created ?
- (c) By whom this mess is being created ?
- (d) By whom is this mess being created ?

3. Choose the passive voice in the following sentence : 1

I remember them taking me to the zoo.

- (a) I was being remembered them taking me to the zoo.
- (b) I remember being taken to the zoo.
- (c) I had remembered them taking me to the zoo.
- (d) I am being remembered them taking me to the zoo.

4. Fill in the blank with appropriate modal verb in the following : 1

I _____ (swim) across the river when I was young.

- (a) Could
- (b) Should
- (c) Shall
- (d) Would

5. Choose the appropriate sentence in the following : 1

- (a) The mayor, with his counselors, are to be present.

- (b) Honor and glory is his reward.
- (c) Knowledge and wisdom have of times no connection.
- (d) The novelist and poet are dead.

6. Choose the correct infinite in the following sentence : 1

I saw him _____ it.

- (a) Do
 - (b) Doing
 - (c) To
 - (d) Done
7. Choose the correct conjunction in the following sentence : 1

They cannot watch television _____ the rest are studying.

- (a) So that
- (b) Therefore
- (c) While
- (d) But

8. Arrange the correct phrase in the following : 1
I'll _____ their cat while they are away on holiday.
- (a) Be looking into
 - (b) Be looking after
 - (c) Be looking at
 - (d) Be looking over
9. Choose the correct word or phrase : 1
Despite _____ hard, he failed in the exam.
- (a) He studied
 - (b) Of studying
 - (c) Studying
 - (d) Study
10. Choose the appropriate structure in the following : 1
By the time she arrives, we _____ our homework.
- (a) Finish
 - (b) Will finish
 - (c) Had finished
 - (d) Will have finished

11. 'Its freezing cold in here' means : 1

- (a) It's very cold
- (b) It's very hard
- (c) It's middle of the winter
- (d) None of these

12. Choose the correct infinite : 1

He made his children _____ their home work every afternoon.

- (a) Do
- (b) To do
- (c) Studied
- (d) To study

13. Choose the correct reported speech : 1

She said, "I really wish I had bought that new car".

- (a) She told me that she really wished she bought that new car.
- (b) She told me that she really had wished she had bought that new car.
- (c) She told me that she really wished she had bought that new car.
- (d) None of these

14. Choose appropriate superlative degree for the following sentence : 1

Some poets are at least as great as Tennyson.

- (a) Tennyson is the greatest poet.
- (b) Tennyson is greatest poet.
- (c) Tennyson is one of the greatest poets.
- (d) Tennyson is not the greatest of all poets.

15. Supply appropriate determiner for the following sentence : 1

I had _____ friends in Cracow. So I moved to Warsaw.

- (a) None
- (b) Few
- (c) A few
- (d) Little

16. Supply appropriate determiner for the following sentence : 1

The room was extremely tiny. There was _____ space to move.

- (a) Little
- (b) A little

(c) Some

(d) A few

17. Supply appropriate determiner for the following sentence : 1

Either the Manager or his assistants failed in _____ duty.

(a) His

(b) Her

(c) Their

(d) Themselves

18. Supply appropriate determiner for the following sentence : 1

The army had to face terrible privations in _____ march.

(a) Its

(b) Their

(c) Them

(d) His

19. Choose the appropriate preposition in the following sentence : 1

He persisted _____ disobeying the orders.

(a) In

- (b) On
- (c) Of
- (d) From

20. Choose the appropriate preposition in the following sentence :

We should be indefatigable _____ doing good

- (a) On
- (b) At
- (c) Of
- (d) In

Section – B

(Comprehension)

Read the passage and answer the following questions :

Today's real borders are not between nations, but between powerful and powerless, free and fettered, privileged and humiliated. Today, no walls can separate humanitarian or human rights crises in one part of the world from national security crises in another. Scientists tell us that world of

nature is so small and interdependent that a butterfly flapping its wings in the Amazon rainforest can generate a violent storm on the other side of the earth. This principle is known as the 'Butterfly Effect'. Today, we realize, perhaps more than ever, that the world of human activity also has its own 'Butterfly Effect' — for better or for worse. Ladies and Gentlemen, we have entered the third millennium through a gate of fire. We realize that humanity is indivisible. New threats make no distinction between races, nations, or regions. A new insecurity has entered every mind, regardless of wealth or status. A deeper awareness of the bonds that bind us all — in pain as in prosperity — has gripped young and old. The 20th Century was perhaps the deadliest in human history, devastated by innumerable conflicts, untold suffering and unimaginable crimes. Time after time, a group or a nation inflicted extreme violence on another, often driven by irrational hatred and suspicion, or unbounded arrogance and thirst for

power and resources. In response to these cataclysms, the leaders of the world came together at mid-century to unite the nations as never before.

21. What is the 'Butterfly Effect' ? 2
22. 'The 20th Century was perhaps the deadliest in human history.....' What evidence do you find in the extract to support this statement ? 2
23. Do as directed : $1 \times 2 = 2$
- (a) A new insecurity has entered every mind.
(Pick out the verb and identify the tense)
- (b) New threats make no distinction between the races. (Add a question tag)
24. What message does the speaker wish to convey ? 2
25. Find word in the above passage which convey the similar meaning for : $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$
- (a) Make someone do something unpleasant
- (b) Marked by humanistic values and devotion to human welfare.

- (c) An event resulting in great loss and misfortune.
- (d) Overbearing pride evidenced by a superior manner toward inferiors.

Section – C

(Writing)

26. Write a letter on the following topic (within 150 words) : 10

A letter to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (about a case of cruelty to a bullock giving details).

OR

A letter to the President of India, highlighting on Climate Change.

27. Write a short essay on the following topic (within 250 words) : 10

Abrogation of Article 370 and its political impact.

OR

Terrorism is the biggest threat to the World.

LANGUAGE TEST (Odia)

Attempt all questions.

୧. ନିମ୍ନବାକ୍ୟଟିର ଅସ୍ତିତ୍ୱଚକ ପଦ କ'ଣ ହେବ ? 9
'ଭାରତୀୟ ଦର୍ଶନବିନା ଭାରତକୁ ଜାଣିହେବ ନାହିଁ' ।
- କିମ୍ପା
- ନିମ୍ନପ୍ରଦତ୍ତ ସରଳବାକ୍ୟକୁ ଯୌଗିକ ବାକ୍ୟରେ ପରିଣତ କର :
'ହାତେ ମାପି ଚାଖଣ୍ଡେ ଚାଲ' ।
୨. ନିମ୍ନ ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ ପଦର ବିଶେଷଣରୂପ ପ୍ରଦାନ କର । 9
'ଆଶ୍ରୟ'
୩. 'ଦୁରବସ୍ଥା' — ଶବ୍ଦଟିର ସନ୍ଧିବିଚ୍ଛେଦ କର । 9
୪. 'ଉକୁଶାମୁଖା' — କି ପ୍ରକାର ସମାସ ପଦ ? 9
୫. 'ପ୍ରସାଦ' ଓ 'ପ୍ରାସାଦ' — ଶବ୍ଦର ପ୍ରୟୋଗ ପୂର୍ବକ ଦୁଇଟି ବାକ୍ୟ ରଚନା କର । 9
୬. ନିମ୍ନସ୍ଥ ଶବ୍ଦଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଭୁଲଥିଲେ ଠିକ୍ କର : ୩
ଅନିର୍ବାଚ୍ୟ, ଅନୁସୂୟା, ଭୁବନେସ୍ୱର
୭. 'କାଠିକର ପାଠ' — ରୁଚିପଦର ବାସ୍ତବିକ ଅର୍ଥ କ'ଣ ? 9
୮. 'ତହିତ ଶବ୍ଦ' କାହାକୁ କୁହାଯାଏ ? 9

୯. ହଉ ଗୋଟିଏ ଅରତ ଖସିଗଲା ଯାଉ — ଏ ବାକ୍ୟରେ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ବିରାମ ଚିହ୍ନ ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କର । ୨

୧୦. ୨୫୦ ଶତ ମଧ୍ୟରେ କୌଣସି ଗୋଟିଏ ବିଷୟରେ ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧ ରଚନା କର : ୧୦

ତୁମର ଆଦର୍ଶ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିତ୍ୱ

କିମ୍ବା

ଆମ ସମାଜ ଜୀବନରେ ବିଜ୍ଞାନ ଓ ପ୍ରଯୁକ୍ତି ବିଦ୍ୟାର ଭୂମିକା

୧୧. ସ୍ଥାନୀୟ ପୌର ସଭାକୁ ତୁମ ଅଞ୍ଚଳରେ ପାନୀୟ ଜଳର ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥା କରିବା ପାଇଁ ଦରଖାସ୍ତ ଲେଖ ।

କିମ୍ବା

କଲେଜ ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷକୁ ତୁମପାଇଁ ଛୁଟି ମଞ୍ଜୁର କରିବାଲାଗି ୧୫୦ ଶତ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଦରଖାସ୍ତ ଲେଖ ।

୧୨. ନିମ୍ନ ପ୍ରଦତ୍ତ ଇଂରାଜୀ ଅନୁଚ୍ଛେଦର ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅନୁବାଦ କର : ୫

One of the greatest advances in modern technology has been the invention of computers. They are widely used in Industries and Universities. Now there is hardly any sphere of human life where computers have not been pressed into service of man. We are heading fast

on the close of this present century towards a situation when a computer will be as much part of man's daily life as a telephone or a calculator. Computers are capable of doing extremely complicated work in all branches of learning. They can solve the most complex mathematical problems or put thousands of unrelated facts in order. These machines can be put to varied uses.

୧୩. ନିମ୍ନ ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ତତ୍ ସଂପୃକ୍ତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଉତ୍ତର ଦିଅ :

$$8 \times 9 = ୧୦$$

ସିଦ୍ଧିଲାଗି କର୍ମରେ ଶୁଖିଲା, ଅଭିନିବେଶ, ଶାନ୍ତିଯେପରି ଦରକାର, ସେହିପରି ଦରକାର ଆଭ୍ୟନ୍ତରୀଣ ଚିତ୍ତ ସଂଯମ । ଯେଉଁଲୋକ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଅନୁଭୂତି ଦ୍ୱାରା ଅଭିଭୂତ ହୋଇପଡ଼େ, ସେ ଜଗତର ଭାର ଲଘୁ କରିବ କିପରି ? ଗୋଟିଏ ବଡ଼ ଅନୁଭୂତି ପାଇଁ ଆମକୁ ଅନେକ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ରକ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ଅନୁଭୂତିକୁ ବଳିଦେବାକୁ ହେବ । ଜଗତର କଲ୍ୟାଣ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ରାଜପୁତ୍ର ସିଦ୍ଧାର୍ଥ ପତ୍ନୀ ଓ ନବଜାତ ପୁତ୍ରକୁ ପରିତ୍ୟାଗ କରିଥିଲେ । ଜଗତରେ କବି, ଲେଖକ, ବୈଜ୍ଞାନିକ, ମନ୍ତ୍ରୀ ବା ନେତାଙ୍କ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ମୁଷିମେୟ । ଏମାନେ ଉପର ସ୍ତରରେ ରହିଲେ । ଏମାନଙ୍କ କର୍ମପନ୍ଥା

ଏମାନେ ନିଜେ ବାଛିବାରେ ଓ ତାକୁ ଚଳାଇବାରେ ଏମାନଙ୍କର ସ୍ୱାଧୀନତା ଅଛି ; କିନ୍ତୁ ଜଗତର ଅଧିକାଂଶ ଲୋକ ଅଧସ୍ତନ ହୋଇ ହିଁ କାଳ କଟାନ୍ତି ।

(କ) କର୍ମରେ ସିଦ୍ଧିପାଇଁ କ'ଣ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ ?

(ଖ) ଗୋଟିଏ ବଡ଼ ଅନୁଭୂତିପାଇଁ କ'ଣ ବଳିଦେବାକୁ ପଡ଼େ ?

(ଗ) ସିଦ୍ଧାର୍ଥ କାହିଁକି ସ୍ତ୍ରୀ ପୁତ୍ରକୁ ପରିତ୍ୟାଗ କରିଥିଲେ ?

(ଘ) କିଏ କବି, ଲେଖକ ଆଦିଙ୍କ କର୍ମପତ୍ତା ବାଛି ?

(ଙ) ଅଭ୍ୟନ୍ତରୀଣ ଚିତ୍ତ ସଂଯମ କେଉଁଥିପାଇଁ ଲୋଡ଼ା ?

