

11. A uniform steel wire of length 4m and area of cross-section $3 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$ is extended by 1mm by the application of a force. If the young's modulus of steel is $2 \times 10^{11} \text{ Nm}^{-2}$ the energy stored in the wire is

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|------------------|------------------|
| <u>A.</u> 0.025J | <u>B.</u> 0.50J |
| <u>C.</u> 0.75J | <u>D.</u> 0.100J |

Answer: Option C

12. The ratio of stress to strain in young's modulus of the material then tension is

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| <u>A.</u> Directly proportional to extension. | <u>B.</u> Directly proportional to strain. |
| <u>C.</u> Directly proportional to square of amplitude. | <u>D.</u> Inversely proportional to extension. |

Answer: Option A

13. Materials that undergo plastic deformation before breaking are called

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|---------------------|--------------------|
| <u>A.</u> Brittle | <u>B.</u> Ductile |
| <u>C.</u> Amorphous | <u>D.</u> Polymers |

Answer: Option B

14. A wire is stretched by a force F which causes an extension l. The energy stored in the wire is

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|--|---|
| <u>A.</u> The extension of the wire is proportional to the force applied | <u>B.</u> The weight of the wire is negligible |
| <u>C.</u> The wire is not stretched beyond its elastic limit | <u>D.</u> The cross sectional area of the wire remains constant |

Answer: Option A

15. A wire obeys Hook's law is of length 11 when it is in equilibrium under a tension F_1 . Its length becomes 12 when the tension is increased to F_2 . The energy stored in the wire during this process is

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|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <u>A.</u> $(F_1+F_2)(121+122)$ | <u>B.</u> $(F_1+F_2)(122-112)$ |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|

C. (F1+F2) (12-11)

D. (F1+F2) (12-11)

Answer: Option C

16. Formation of large molecule by joining small molecules is

A. Fusion

B. Polymerization

C. Crystallization

D. Subtraction

Answer: Option B

17. Any alteration produced in shapes length or volume when a body is subjected to some external force is called

A. Stiffness

B. Toughness

C. Extension

D. Deformation

Answer: Option D

18. The energy band occupied by the valence electrons is called

A. Energy state

B. Valence band

C. ve energy state

D. conduction band

Answer: Option B

19. The curie temperature is that at which

A. Semi-conductor becomes conductors

B. Ferromagnetic becomes paramagnetic

C. Paramagnetic becomes diamagnetic

D. Metals become super conductor

Answer: Option B

20. A ferromagnet will become fully magnetized at

- A. High voltage A.C
- B. Low voltage A.C
- C. Alternating current at its peak value
- D. D.C current at peak value

Answer: Option C