

11. When a graph is plotted between $1/T$ on X-axis and $\log k$ on y-axis a straight line is obtained with a negative slope which has two end in

- A. I and II quadrant B. II and III quadrant
C. III and IV quadrant D. II and IV quadrant

Answer: Option D

12. Rate of disappearance of reactant is equal to

- A. Rate of reaction B. Rate of formation of product
C. Energy released during reaction D. a and b

Answer: Option A

13. Rate of reaction when concentration of reactants are taken as unity is called

- A. Arrhenius constant B. Molecularity
C. Specific rate constant D. Ideal rate constant

Answer: Option C

14. Order of reaction of $2N_2O_5 \rightarrow 2N_2O_4 + O_2$ is

- A. First order B. Second order
C. Third order D. zero order

Answer: Option A

15. For 3rd order reaction the half life is inversely proportional to initial concentration of reactants

- A. Single B. Square
C. Cube D. Raise to power four

Answer: Option B

16. Which order of reaction obeys the relation $t_{1/2} = 1/K_a$
- A. First order B. Second order
C. Third order D. Zero order

Answer: Option B

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17. Radiations are absorbed in
- A. Spectrophotometer method B. Dilatometric method
C. Optical relation method D. Refractometric method

Answer: Option A

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18. Activated complex is formed due to
- A. Pressure B. Effective collision
C. Ineffective collisions D. Temperature

Answer: Option B

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19. Energy of reactant higher than energy of product favours
- A. Endothermic B. Exothermic
C. Moderate reaction D. No reaction

Answer: Option B

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20. Energy required to form transition state is called
- A. Ea B. P.E
C. V D. K.E

Answer: Option A