**1-** Two trains are moving in opposite directions at 60 km/hr and 90 km/hr. Their lengths are 1.10 km and 0.9 km respectively. The time taken by the slower train to cross the faster train in seconds is:

- A.48 sec
- **B.**52 sec
- C.58 sec
- **D.**66 sec
- E.None of these

#### Answer & Explanation

```
Answer - A (48 sec)
Explanation - Relative sped = (60 + 90) km/hr
```

= [150 x 5/18] m/sec = [125 / 3] m/sec.

Distance covered = (1.10 + 0.9) km = 2 km = 2000 m.

```
Required time = [2000 \times 3/125] sec = 48 sec.
```

**2-** Two trains 140 m and 160 m long run at the speed fo 60 k/hr and 40 km/hr respectively in opposite directions on parallel tracks. The time (in seconds) which they take to cross each other, is:

- A.7 sec
- **B.**8.6 sec
- C.10.8 sec
- **D.11** sec
- E.None of these

#### Answer & Explanation

Answer - C (10.8)

Explanation - Relative speed = (60 + 40) km/hr =  $[100 \times 5/18]$  m/sec

= [250/9] m/sec.

Distance covered in crossing each other = (140 + 160) m = 300 m.

Required time =  $[300 \times 9/250]$  sec = 54/5 sec

= 10.8 sec.

**3-** A 270 metres long train running at the speed of 120 kmph crosses another train running in opposite direction at the speed of 80 kmph in 9 seconds. What is the length of the other train?

- **A.**190
- **B.**200
- **C.**225
- **D.**230
- E.None of these

#### Answer & Explanation

Answer - **D** (230) Explanation - Relative speed = (120 + 80) km/hr

 $[200 \times 5/18]$  m/sec = [500/9] m/sec.

Let the length of the other tain be x metres.

Then, x + 270 / 9 = 500/9

 $\Leftrightarrow$  x + 270 = 500

 $\Leftrightarrow$  x = 230.

**4-** Two trains of equal length are running on parallel lines in the same direction at 46 km/hr and 36 km/hr. The faster train passes the slower train in 36 seconds. The length of each train is:

- **A.**45
- **B.**50
- **C.**60
- **D.**80
- E.None of these

#### Answer & Explanation

```
Answer - B (50)
Explanation - Let the length of each tain be x metres.
```

Then, distance covered = 2x metres.

Relaive speed = (46 - 36) km/hr =  $[10 \times 5/18]$  m/sec = [25/9] m/sec.

- $\therefore 2x/36 = 25/9$
- $\Leftrightarrow 2x = 100$

 $\Leftrightarrow x = 50.$ 

**5-** A train 125 m long passes a man, running at 5 kmph in the same direction in which the train is going, in 10 seconds. The speed of the train is:

- A.38 km/hr
- **B.**40 km/hr
- C.44 km/hr
- D.50 km/hr
- E.None of these

#### Answer & Explanation

Answer - D (50 km/hr)

Explanation - Speed of the train relative to man = [125/10] m/sec = [25/2] m/sec.

 $= [25/2 \times 18/5] \text{ km/hr} = 45 \text{ km/hr}.$ 

Let the speed of the train be x kmph.

Then, relative speed = (x - 5) kmph.

 $\therefore$  x - 5 = 45 or x = 50 kmph.

**6-** A jogger running at 9 kmph alongside a railway track in 240 metres ahead of the engine of a 120 metres long train running at 45 kmph in the same direction. In how much time will the train pass the jogger?

- **A.**3.6 sec
- **B.**18 sec
- C.36 sec
- **D.72** sec
- E.None of these

#### Answer & Explanation

Answer - C (36 sec) Explanation - Speed of train relative to jogger = (45 - 9) km/hr = 36 km/hr

$$= 36 \text{ x} \frac{5}{18} \text{ m/sec}$$

= 10 m/sec.

Distance to be covered = (240 + 120) m = 360 m

```
Time taken = \frac{360}{10} sec= 36 sec.
```

**7-** 270 metres long train running at the speed of 120 kmph crosses another train running in opposite direction at the speed of 80 kmph in 9 seconds. What is the length of the other train?

- **A.**230 m
- **B.**240 m
- **C.**260 m
- **D.**320 m
- E.None of these

## Answer & Explanation

Answer - **A** (230 m) Explanation - Relative speed = (120 + 80) km/hr

$$= 200 \text{ x} \frac{5}{18} \text{m/sec}$$

 $=\frac{500}{9}$ m/sec.

Let the length of the other train be *x* metres.

*x* = 230.

**8-** A goods train runs at the speed of 72 kmph and crosses a 250 m long platform in 26 seconds. What is the length of the goods train?

- **A.**230 m
- **B.**240 m
- **C.**260 m
- **D.**270 m
- E.None of these

## Answer & Explanation Answer - D (270 m)

Explanation -Speed =  $72 \text{ x} - \frac{5}{18} \text{ m/sec} = 20 \text{ m/sec}.$ 

Time = 26 sec.

Let the length of the train be *x* metres.

301

 $\frac{x + 250}{26} = 20$ 

x + 250 = 520

*x* = 270.

**9-** Two trains, each 100 m long, moving in opposite directions, cross each other in 8 seconds. If one is moving twice as fast the other, then the speed of the faster train is:

- A.30 km/hr
- **B.**45 km/hr
- C.60 km/hr
- **D.**75 km/hr
- E.None of these

Answer & Explanation
Answer - <b>C</b> (60 km/hr) Explanation - Let the speed of the slower train be $x$ m/sec.
Then, speed of the faster train = $2x$ m/sec.
Relative speed = $(x + 2x)$ m/sec = $3x$ m/sec.
$\frac{(100+100)}{8} = 3x$
24 <i>x</i> = 200
$x = \frac{25}{2}$
5 50
So, speed of the faster train = $m/sec$
$= \frac{50}{3} \times \frac{18}{5} \text{ km/hr}^{3}$
= 60 km/hr.

**10-** Two trains 140 m and 160 m long run at the speed of 60 km/hr and 40 km/hr respectively in opposite directions on parallel tracks. The time (in seconds) which they take to cross each other, is:

- **A**.9
- **B.**9.6

# Techofworld.In

- **C.**10
- **D.**10.8
- E.None of these

# Answer & Explanation Answer - D (10.8) Explanation -Relative speed = (60 + 40) km/hr = $100 \text{ x} \frac{5}{18}$ m/sec = $\frac{250}{9}$ m/sec. Distance covered in crossing each other = (140 + 160) m = 300 m. Required time = $300 \text{ x} \frac{9}{250}$ sec = $\frac{54}{5}$ sec = 10.8 sec.

20

< 6