

ବାକ୍ୟ ବିଚାର

1. କହି ବୋଲି ପାରେ ଯେ, ————— ବିକେ ସେ ।
(A) ପଚା କଖାରୁ (B) ପଚା ଚିଞ୍ଚୁଡ଼ି
(C) ପଚା ଆଳୁ (D) ପଚା ପରିବା
2. ବାକ୍ୟ ଆରମ୍ଭରେ ————— ପଦ ରହେ ।
(A) କର୍ତ୍ତା (B) କର୍ମ
(C) କ୍ରିୟା (D) କରଣ କାରକ
3. ବାକ୍ୟ ଶେଷରେ ————— ପଦ ରହେ ।
(A) କର୍ତ୍ତା (B) କର୍ମ
(C) କ୍ରିୟା (D) ସମ୍ବୋଧନ ପଦ

4. ବାକ୍ୟରେ କ୍ରିୟା ସକର୍ମକ ହୋଇଥିଲେ କର୍ମପଦଟି କେଉଁଠାରେ ବସେ ?
- (A) କର୍ତ୍ତା ପୂର୍ବରୁ (B) କର୍ମ ପୂର୍ବରୁ
(C) କ୍ରିୟା ପୂର୍ବରୁ (D) ବାକ୍ୟ ଆରମ୍ଭରେ
5. କହି ଜାଣିଲେ _____ ସୁନ୍ଦର ।
- (A) କଥା (B) ମଥା
(C) ନଥା (D) ପଥା
6. ଏକ ବା ଏକାଧିକ ପଦ ମିଳିତ ହୋଇ ମନର ଭାବକୁ ସଂପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣରୂପେ ପ୍ରକାଶକଲେ କ'ଣ ହୁଏ ?
- (A) ଖଣ୍ଡବାକ୍ୟ (B) ବାକ୍ୟ
(C) ଉପବାକ୍ୟ (D) ମିଶ୍ରବାକ୍ୟ
7. ବାକ୍ୟରେ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରାଯାଇଥିବା ପଦଗୁଡ଼ିକର ପାରସ୍ପରିକ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧକୁ କ'ଣ କୁହାଯାଏ ?
- (A) ଆସତ୍ତି (B) ଯୋଗ୍ୟତା
(C) ଆକାଂକ୍ଷା (D) ପଦବିନ୍ୟାସ
8. ବାକ୍ୟରେ ଥିବା ଗୋଟିଏ ପଦ ଅନ୍ୟପଦଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଅର୍ଥବୋଧକତା ପାଇଁ ଅପେକ୍ଷାକଲେ ତା'କୁ କ'ଣ କହନ୍ତି ?
- (A) ବାକ୍ୟାଂଶ (B) ବାକ୍ୟ
(C) ଆକାଂକ୍ଷା (D) ଆସତ୍ତି
9. ବାକ୍ୟରେ ଥିବା ପଦଯୋଜନା ବା ସୌନ୍ଦର୍ଯ୍ୟକୁ କ'ଣ କୁହାଯାଏ ?
- (A) ଆକାଂକ୍ଷା (B) ଆସତ୍ତି
(C) ଯୋଗ୍ୟତା (D) ଖଣ୍ଡବାକ୍ୟ
10. ନରେଶ ବ୍ୟବସାୟରୁ ବହୁତ ରୋଜଗାର କରୁଛି; ବାକ୍ୟରେ ଥିବା ଅପଦାନ କାରକ ପଦଟି କିଏ ?
- (A) ନରେଶ (B) ବ୍ୟବସାୟରୁ
(C) ବହୁତ (D) ରୋଜଗାର

verb.

1. I _____ watching the fish in the tank.
(1) enjoying (2) enjoys
(3) enjoy (4) is enjoys
2. I think Venky _____ when I am about to leave.
(1) will be arriving (2) arrives.
(3) has arrived (4) had arrived
3. The electricity went off while it _____ outside.
(1) raining (2) rains
(3) will be raining (4) was raining
4. We _____ cards the whole evening.
(1) was playing (2) is playing
(3) has been playing (4) were playing
5. Brijesh _____ before you apologize to him.
(1) was complaining
(2) will have complained
(3) had been complaining
(4) shall have been complaining

6. By next April, they —— in Mumbai for 12 years.
(1) shall be living (2) will have living
(3) shall have been living
(4) will be living
7. At that time, she —— to play the piano for three months.
(1) will be learning (2) had been learning
(3) shall be learning (4) was learning
8. Rajesh —— the results of his blood test by evening.
(1) will knew (2) will knows
(3) will know (4) had known
9. At 8 pm yesterday, I —— for 3 hours.
(1) have been reading
(2) had been reading
(3) am reading
(4) was reading
10. Santosh —— go on a holiday last year. He was very busy.
(1) could (2) could not
(3) can (4) cannot
- to stay back long ager the

- ✓ 1. Kalinga is described in which part of the Mahabharata ?
(a) Vana Parva (b) Uttara Parva
(c) Shanti Parva (d) None of these
2. According to the Mahabharata the ancient capital city of Kalinga was :
(a) Kalinga Kataka (b) Dantapur
(c) Vijayanagar (d) Toshali
3. In which year the Chinese Pilgrim Hiuen-Tsang visited Odisha ?
(a) 549 A.D. (b) 639 A.D.
(c) 739 A.D. (d) 239 A.D.
4. Who was the Buddhist monk, brought the tooth relics of Buddha to Kalinga ?
(a) Mhema Thera (b) Upagupta
(c) Madhavagupta (d) Cigar Thera
5. Ashoka's invasion of Kalinga was mentioned in :
(a) Rock Edict XIII
(b) Rock Edict XIV
(c) Rock Edict XV
(d) Hathigumpha Inscription
6. Consider the followings
1. Ashoka's imperialistic policy
2. Prosperity of Kalinga
3. War call by the emperor of Kalinga
4. Beautiful Princess of Kalinga
Which of the above factors were responsible for Ashoka's Kalinga invasion ?
(a) 1 & 2 only (b) 2 & 3 only
(c) 3 & 4 only (d) 1, 2 3 and 4
7. The Hathigumpha inscription contains :
(a) The record of entire span of Kharavela's reign
(b) The last 12 years of Kharavela's reign
(c) The important facts of Kharavela's reign
(d) The first 13 years of Kharavela's reign
8. The episode of Karubaki is mentioned in
(a) Rock Edict XIII
(b) Rock Edict XIV
(c) Rock Edict XII
(d) Does not have proper historical evidence

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odia language

1 - B
2 - A
3 - C
4 - C
5 - A
6 - B
7 - B
8 - C
9 - B
10 - B

english

1 - 3
2 - 1
3 - 4
4 - 4
5 - 3

hk

1 - a
2 - b
3 - b
4 - a
5 - a
6 - a
7 - d
8 - d
9 - b
10 - d