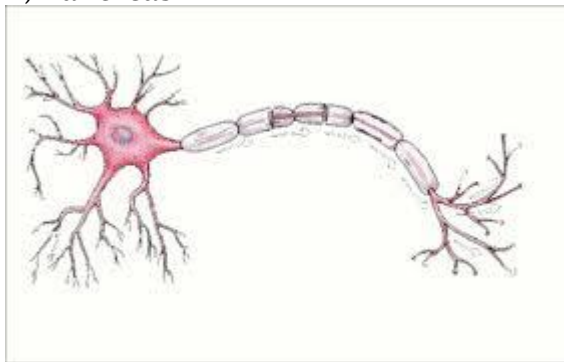


- 21. Water, urea, and other wastes are eliminated in a fluid called \_\_\_\_\_.

A) protein  
B) urine  
C) perspiration  
D) carbon dioxide

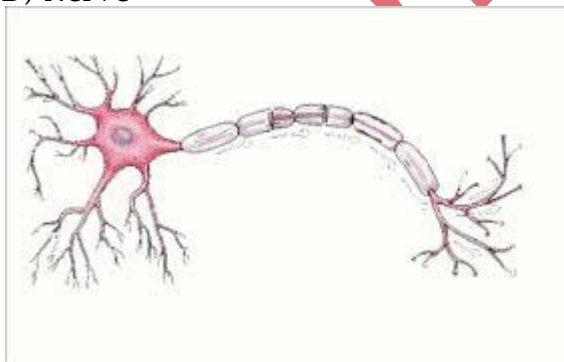
- 22. The \_\_\_\_\_ makes urea and breaks down old red blood cells.

A) Kidneys  
B) Urethra  
C) Liver  
D) Pancreas



- 23. Axon, cell body, and dendrites are parts of a \_\_\_\_\_ cell.

A) Prokaryotic  
B) Cardiac  
C) Epithelial  
D) Nerve



- 24. A nerve cell is also called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

A) cardiac  
B) prokaryotic  
C) epithelial  
D) neuron

- 25. The central nervous system includes:
  - A) Nerves
  - B) Brain
  - C) Spinal Cord
  - D) Brain & Spinal Cord
- 26. The peripheral nervous system includes :
  - A) Brain
  - B) Spinal Cord
  - C) Nerves
  - D) Brain & Spinal Cord
- 27. The part of the brain responsible for thinking and memory is the \_\_\_\_\_
  - A) Cerebrum
  - B) Cerebellum
  - C) Medulla
  - D) Spinal Cord
- 28. The part of the brain responsible for involuntary actions such as breathing and heart beat is the \_\_\_\_\_
  - A) Spinal Cord
  - B) Medulla
  - C) Cerebrum
  - D) Cerebellum
- 29. The endocrine gland that helps regulate blood glucose levels:
  - A) Pancreas
  - B) Adrenal
  - C) Thyroid
  - D) Pituitary
- 30. The endocrine gland helps control other glands and regulates blood pressure: and water balance
  - A) Pancreas
  - B) Pituitary
  - C) Adrenal
  - D) Thyroid
- 31. The endocrine organ controls changes in a male's body and regulates the production of sperm:

- A) Adrenal
- B) Pituitary
- C) Thymus
- D) Testes

- 32. The endocrine gland regulates hormones that control metabolism and energy-related reactions:

- A) Pancreas
- B) Thyroid
- C) Pituitary
- D) Adrenal

- 33. What is the term which describes the time an egg is released from an ovary?

- A) Reproduction
- B) Duplication
- C) Fertilization
- D) Ovulation

- 34. What is the term which describes the joining together of a sperm and an egg?

- A) Duplication
- B) Ovulation
- C) Reproduction
- D) Fertilization

- 35. The primary function of the system is to support and protect the body.

- A) Skeletal
- B) Muscular
- C) Respiratory
- D) Digestive

- 36. The primary function of this system is to be a communication and response system for the body.

- A) Endocrine
- B) Lymphatic
- C) Nervous
- D) Excretory

- 37. The primary function of this system is to help you fight pathogens (germs).

- A) Excretory
- B) Lymphatic

- C) Endocrine
- D) Nervous

- 38. The primary function of this system is to break down food into usable form and to remove waste products.

- A) Digestive
- B) Muscular
- C) Respiratory
- D) Skeletal

- 39. The bone that protects the brain is called the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) patella
- B) ribs
- C) cranium
- D) tibia

- 40. The bone(s) that protect the lungs are called the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) ribs
- B) tibia
- C) patella
- D) cranium

- 41. A condition in which bones become weak and break easily is called \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) rickets
- B) osteoporosis
- C) acne
- D) arthritis

- 42. The bone that protect heart is called the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) vertebrae
- B) pelvis
- C) clavicle
- D) sternum

- 43. The bone(s) that protect the spinal cord:

- A) pelvis
- B) vertebrae
- C) sternum
- D) clavicle

- 44. The finger-like projections in the small intestine that "soak up" nutrients:
  - A) clavicle
  - B) villi
  - C) alveoli
  - D) phlanges
- 45. Tiny air sacs at the ends of the bronchi tubes in the lungs:
  - A) villi
  - B) phlanges
  - C) clavicle
  - D) alveoli
- 46. Skin, hair, and nails are part of this system:
  - A) Lymphatic
  - B) Integumentary
  - C) Digestive
  - D) Endocrine
- 47. Tonsils, Spleen, and Lymph are part of this system which collects excess fluids and helps to fight pathogens (germs):
  - A) Endocrine
  - B) Integumentary
  - C) Lymphatic
  - D) Digestive
- 48. The human body system that includes these glands, thyroid, adrenals, and pancreas:
  - A) Endocrine
  - B) Excretory
  - C) Digestive
  - D) Reproductive
- 49. The sex cells are made in the male testes and female ovaries of this system which enables human race to continue on.
  - A) Endocrine
  - B) Excretory
  - C) Reproductive
  - D) Digestive
- 50. These two body systems work together to allow a person to move, talk, and run.

- A) Digestive & Excretory
- B) Skeletal & Muscular
- C) Integumentary & Lymphatic
- D) Endocrine & Reproductive

**Answer**

21.B 22.A 23.D 24.D 25.D 26.D 27.A 28.B 29.A 30.B 31.D 32  
.B 33.D 34.D 35.A 36.C 37.B 38.A 39.C 40.A 41.B 42.D 43.B  
44.B 45.D 46.B 47.C 48.A 49.C 50.B

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