

**1 :** Grammar should be taught by

- (a) giving clear explanations
- (b) enabling practice in context
- (c) asking students to learn rules
- (d) making learners do written assignments

**Answer:** (b)

**2 :** There are 44 sounds in English. Out of these, how many sounds are vowels and how many are consonants respectively?

(a) 20, 24

(b) 5, 39

(c) 22, 22

(d) 10, 34

**Answer:** (a)

**3 :** Which one of the following is not true about the status of English language across the world?

(a) English as a native language

(b) English as a heritage language

(c) English as a foreign language

(d) English as a second language

**Answer:** (b)

**4:** The study of words and their meanings is known as

(a) semantics

(b) linguistics

(c) phonetics

(d) syntax

**Answer:** (a)

**5 :** Etymology is:

(a) science of Pedagogy.

(b) science of study of language.

(c) science of meaning of words.

(d) science of knowing the origin of words.

**Answer:** (d)

**6 :** A word gets its meaning:

(a) in relation to its context

(b) from dictionary only

(c) spelling

(d) from its origin

**Answer:** (d)

**7 :** The first generation learners are those who are:

(a) coming first time to school to seek admission.

(b) learning Hindi for the first time.

(c) learning English for the first time.

(d) the first from their family to come to school.

**Answer:** (d)

**8 :** A good paragraph writing in English involves:

(a) Correct punctuation marks

(b) Ideas, presentation and coherence

(c) Flowery language

(d) Legible handwriting

**Answer:** (b)

**9 :** Children can best learn a language when they having

(a) a good textbook

(b) a proficient language teacher

(c) inhibition

(d) motivation

**Answer:** (d)



1. Teaching and learning is a journey from

a) Concrete to abstract

b) Simple to complex

c) Known to unknown

**d) All the above**

2. The method of teaching English adopted at present in school curriculum is

a) Formative Correlational Approach

**b) Functional Communicative Approach**

c) Function Corrective Approach

d) Figurative Comprehensive Approach

3. FCA is in opposition to

**a) Structural Approach**

b) Comprehensive Approach

c) Translation and Grammar Method

d) Functional Approach

4. Communicative Language Teaching replaced basically ...

- a) Natural Language Processing
  - b) **Structural Teaching**
  - c) Situational Language Teaching
  - d) Motivational Teaching
5. Direct Method is also known as
- a) **Natural Method**
  - b) Indirect Approach
  - c) Inductive Approach
  - d) All the above
6. Grammar-Translation Method stresses on
- a) **Accuracy**
  - b) Fluency
  - c) Appropriateness
  - d) Listening skill
7. Grammar-Translation Method is basically used to teach
- a) Grammar
  - b) Foreign language
  - c) Rules of any language usage
  - d) **Classical language**
8. The objective of Direct Method is
- a) To increase power of comprehension
  - b) To increase communicative power
  - c) **To develop a command over the target language**
  - d) To develop personality
9. Grammar-Translation Method does not
- a) Encourage learning through mother tongue
  - b) Give importance to grammar
  - c) **Enhance a student's communicative skill**
  - d) Enable the student too use the language fluently
10. Traditional method goes against the
- a) Prescriptive grammar
  - b) Simulation
  - c) **Pedagogic principles**
  - d) Generalization
11. The incidental or Correlative Method is known as
- a) Inductive

- b) Deductive
  - c) Structural
  - d) **Reference method**
12. Journey from example to generalization is
- a) **Inductive**
  - b) Deductive
  - c) incidental
  - d) All the above
13. Inductive method proceeds from
- a) Heavy materials to light ones
  - b) Known to unknown
  - c) Simple to complex
  - d) **Both b) & c)**
14. Deductive method proceeds from
- a) **Law and rule to observation**
  - b) Observation
  - c) Generalization to specification
  - d) Examples and illustrations
15. One of the principles of materials preparation for language learning is that
- a) Complex material should be chosen
  - b) **Grading of materials should be done**
  - c) Any kind of material can be chosen
  - d) A small amount of material should be introduced
16. Correct pronunciation of individual sound is related to
- a) **Accuracy**
  - b) Fluency
  - c) Both accuracy and fluency
  - d) Neither accuracy nor fluency
17. Language acquisition occurs only when
- a) The child is taught the rules of grammar
  - b) The child is given a reward
  - c) **The child has exposure to the language**
  - d) The child absorbs the language without conscious attention
18. When a child is asked to recite a poem, it can help the teacher to test
- a) Knowledge of literature

- b) Proficiency of speaking  
c) Acting talent  
**d) Comprehension**
19. The structure 'he goes to school' is often produced by learners due to  
a) Failure of intelligence  
b) Mother tongue interference  
**c) Overgeneralization of rules**  
d) Wrong teaching
20. For teaching grammar, the best grammar that a teacher can use is  
a) Traditional grammar  
b) Modern grammar  
**c) Pedagogic grammar**  
d) No grammar is needed
21. A test of listening comprehension is a test of  
**a) Receptive skill**  
b) Productive skill  
c) Hearing skill  
d) Phonology
22. Organization of arguments and ideas in paragraphs is an important aspect of  
a) Writing essays  
b) Writing memos  
c) Writing stories  
**d) Writing personal letters**
23. 'Brain storming' means  
**a) To collect all kinds of ideas on a topic**  
b) To do some mental exercise  
c) To make efforts to understand something  
d) To give some kind of stimulus to the brain
24. 'Interactive' listening is  
**a) Listening and responding**  
b) Listening for mood and tone  
c) Listening for word stress and emphasis  
d) Listening for finding out speaker's attitude
25. Which of the following is an incorrect assumption in language teaching  
a) Learners acquire language by trying to use it in real situations  
b) Learners' first language plays an important role in learning

- c) Language teaching should have a focus in communicative activities
- d) **Language teaching should give importance to writing rather than speech**
26. Reading skill can be developed best by
- a) Writing answers to questions on text
- b) **Focusing on the use of words from context in the text**
- c) Doing vocabulary exercises
- d) Doing quizzes and playing word games
27. Mother tongue influence can be effectively minimized in the classroom by
- a) Using the mother tongue more often
- b) Giving examples from the mother tongue
- c) Giving a lot of exposure in the target language
- d) **Giving inputs from the target language in a simple, graded manner**
28. Practice of grammatical structures in a controlled manner can be done by
- a) Correcting wrong sentences produced by learners
- b) **Gap-filling grammar exercises**
- c) Writing paragraphs and essays
- d) Explaining the use of particular structures
29. A test which is administered at the end of a language course is
- a) Diagnostic test
- b) Placement test
- c) **Achievement test**
- d) Memory test
30. Study of meaning in a language is known as
- a) Syntax
- b) **Semantics**
- c) Morphology
- d) Linguistics

1. “**Language is innate to all human beings**” is the belief of....
- 1) Cognitivists 2) Psycholinguists  
3) Behaviourists 4) Experimentalists

**2. “English is the gift of goddess saraswathi” is the quotation given by ....**

- 1) Mahatma Gandhi 2) Jawaharlal Nehru 3) Rajaji 4) Prof. Gokak

**3. The aim of English Education in pre- Independent India was ....**

- 1) Preparing the Indians to help the British Administration
- 2) To bring about cultural transmission
- 3) To ensure a co-ordination among different groups of people.
- 4) To expand trade and commerce links

**4. Structural Approach was first introduced in....**

- 1) Madras state 2) Hyderabad state
- 3) Bengal state 4) Delhi

**5. The Word Method in the teaching of Reading was introduced by ....**

- 1) Gray 2) Anderson 3) Comenius 4) Edmund Burke

**6. Flower and Hayes regarded the following one of the skills as ‘Problem – Creating and solving skill’**

- 1) Listening 2) Speaking 3) Reading 4) Writing

**7. English has .... distinct phonemes**

- 1) 44 2) 42 3) 26 4) 45

**8. Chapter-4 of NCFTE-2009 deals with ....**

- 1) Language Education
- 2) Teacher Education Programmes
- 3) School Education 4) Curriculum

**9. “A language could best be taught” by using it actively in the class room was said by....**

- 1) Asher 2) Dodson 3) Franke 4) Medinger

**10. Dr. West's Method lays stress on.....**

- 1) Listening 2) Speaking 3) Reading 4) Writing

**11. Intonation is variation in .....**

- 1) Pitch 2) Sound 3) Organ 4) air

**12. Lesson Plan is an example for .....**

- 1) Long term plan 2) Mid term plan
- 3) Short term plan 4) Half yearly plan

**13. "Bad writing is a sign of imperfect education"- said by .....**

- 1) Mahatma Gandhi 2) Jawaharlal Nehru
- 3) Radhakrishnan 4) D.S. Kothari

**14. Teaching of poetry is meant for .....**

- 1) development of aesthetic sense
- 2) intensive study of language
- 3) extensive reading
- 4) comprehension and composition

**15. Find out the function word from the following.**

- 1) and 2) champion 3) handsome 4) seizing

**16. S-O-S approach is an alternative to-**

- 1) Bilingual method 2) Audio lingual method
- 3) Direct method 4) GT Method

**17. The repetition of same idea or item of information within the language is called as-**

- 1) creativity 2) redundancy
- 3) prevarication 4) cultural transmission

**18. Banishing mother tongue in the class room is the characteristic feature of ..... method**

- 1) Direct 2) Bilingual 3) GT 4) Reading

**19. Writing is the ..... representation of speech sounds**

- 1) alphabetical 2) graphical 3) phonetic 4) systematic

**20. A unit of written text or speech which is larger than a sentence is known as .....**

- 1) a discourse 2) a phoneme 3) a phrase 4) an inflection

**21. Which one of the following is considered as a great deterrent to learning English?**

- 1) Lack of opportunity for the pupils to listen and use English outside the classroom
- 2) English is a difficult language to learn
- 3) English phonemes are unsuzupulous
- 4) English has a vast vocabulary

**22. Example for Authentic Material is .....**

- 1) English Reader 2) Supplementary Reader
- 3) News paper 4) All the above

**23. Diagnostic Tests are administered to .....**

- 1) Find out deficiencies of the students with a view to impart remediation
- 2) asses the suitability of a candidate for specific programme
- 3) test the proficiency for some placement
- 4) judge the students capabilities

**24. Find out the correct statement with regard to 'Evaluation'.**

- 1) Evaluation is a more comprehensive process of measurement
- 2) Evaluation is both qualitative and quantitative

- 3) Evaluation is concerned with the measurement of the total teaching – learning process
- 4) All the above

**25. CLT approach emphasises on learning by .....**

- 1) imitation 2) repetition 3) use 4) playing

**Answers:**

**1-2;**

**2-3;**

**3-1;**

**4-1;**

**5-3;**

**4-4;**

**7-1;**

**8-2;**

**9-3;**

**10-3;**

**11-1;**

**12-3;**

**13-1;**

**14-1;**

**15-1;**

**16-3;**

**17-2;**

**18-1;**

**19-2;**

**20-1;**

**21-1;**

**22-3;**

**23-1;**

**24-4;**

**25-3.**

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