

B.Ed. Entrance Questions (Solved) - 2015

SECTION - I

Prisoners, especially long term convicts, have to suffer most from emotional starvation. Often they seek some emotional satisfaction by keeping animal pets. The ordinary prisoner cannot keep them, but the convict overseers have a little more freedom and the prison staff usually does not object. The commonest pets were squirrels and strangely, mongooses. Dogs are not allowed in jails but cats seemed to be encouraged. A little kitten made friends with me once. It belonged to a jail official and when he was transferred he took it away with him. I missed him. Although dogs are not allowed, I got tied up with some dogs accidentally in Dehra Dun. A jail official had brought a dog with him and then he was transferred, and he deserted it. The poor thing became a homeless wanderer, living under culvert, picking up the scraps from the warders, usually starving. As I was being kept in the lock up outside the jail proper, it used to come to me begging for food. I began to feed it regularly, and it gave birth to a litter of pups under a culvert. Many of these were taken away but three remained and I fed them. One of the puppies fell ill with a violent distemper, and gave me a great deal of trouble. I nursed her with care, and sometimes I would get up a dozen times in the course of the night to look for her. She survived, and I was happy that my nursing had pulled her around.

1. The author was happy because

- (a) the dog gave birth to many puppies.
- (b) he got much satisfaction from playing with the puppies.
- (c) his care helped the pup to recover.
- (d) many of the pups were taken away.

2. The author would get up many times at night because

- (a) he was emotionally disturbed.
- (b) he was suffering from sleeplessness.
- (c) he had to check the condition of the sick puppy.
- (d) the barking of dogs disturbed his sleep.

3. What is the meaning of the word 'litter' as used in the passage?

- (a) a number of animals born to a mother animal at one time.
- (b) small pieces of garbage
- (c) substance for animals to sleep on
- (d) a unit of milk

4. The expression 'tied up' here means

- (a) to tie the dogs with a rope
- (b) to become occupied with something
- (c) to close something with a knot
- (d) to invest money in an activity

5. The poor thing became a homeless wanderer. The word 'wanderer' is used as

- (a) as a verb
- (b) as a noun
- (c) in comparative degree
- (d) as an adjective

6. What does 'Pulled her around' in the last sentence mean?

- (a) her illness increased
- (b) she was cured
- (c) someone pulled her away from the writer
- (d) she died

7. Which animals were most common as pets in jails?

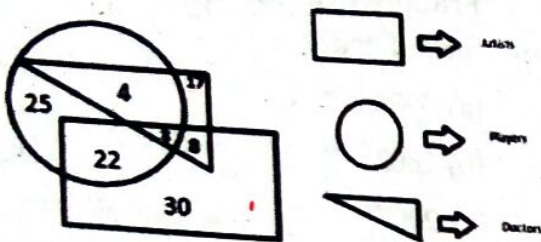
- (a) Cats and dogs
- (b) Cats and Squirrels
- (c) Dogs and squirrels
- (d) Squirrels and mongooses

8. Long term prisoners keep pets in order to
 - (a) feed them
 - (b) nurse them
 - (c) get emotional satisfaction
 - (d) use them to send message outside
9. Which of the following is not true in the context ?
 - (a) Cats were encouraged as pets in the jail.
 - (b) The author becomes friendly with a cat.
 - (c) The cat belonged to a jail official.
 - (d) After his transfer, the jail official did not bother about cat.
10. Which of the following is not true about the dog immediately after its owner was transferred
 - (a) It was left behind by its owner.
 - (b) It had no place to stay.
 - (c) It had a lot of food to eat.
 - (d) It lived under the culvert.
11. Who did give the slogan "Jay Kishan, Jay Jawan" ?
 - (a) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (b) Morarji Desai
 - (c) Lal-Bahadur Shastri
 - (d) Rajiv Gandhi
12. Which one of the following dates observed every year as the International Women's Day ?
 - (a) 8th March
 - (b) 9th March
 - (c) 8th September
 - (d) 9th September
13. Which one of the following is not a fundamental right ?
 - (a) Right to Freedom
 - (b) Right to Property
 - (c) Right to Equality
 - (d) Cultural and Education Right
14. What is the normal blood pressure of an adult ?
 - (a) 150/100
 - (b) 140/90
 - (c) 100/60
 - (d) 120/80
15. When was National Curriculum Framework for School education formulated ?
 - (a) 1986
 - (b) 2002
 - (c) 2007
 - (d) 2005
16. With which of the following is Mary Kome associated ?
 - (a) Boxing
 - (b) Football
 - (c) Badminton
 - (d) Cricket
17. "The destiny of India is being shaped in her classroom" — Which commission made this statement ?
 - (a) D.S. Kothari
 - (b) Dr. S. RadhaKrishnan
 - (c) L. Mudaliar
 - (d) W. Hunter
18. Who is the Head of the Indian Army ?
 - (a) General of Infantry
 - (b) Air Marshal
 - (c) Prime Minister of India
 - (d) President of India
19. Who is indirectly elected by the people ?
 - (a) Prime Minister
 - (b) Speaker
 - (c) President
 - (d) Governor

20. Who promulgated emergency in India ?

- (a) Indira Gandhi
- (b) Rajiv Gandhi
- (c) DebeGouda
- (d) V.P. Singh

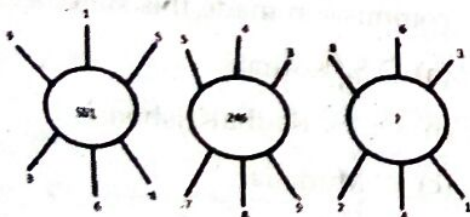
21. Study the figure and answer :



How many doctors are neither artists nor players ?

- (a) 17
- (b) 5
- (c) 10
- (d) 30

22. Which one will replace the question mark ?



- (a) 262
- (b) 622
- (c) 631
- (d) 824

23. In the series 357, 363, 369, What will be the 10th term ?

- (a) 405
- (b) 413
- (c) 411
- (d) 417

24. If in the word DISTURBANCE the first letter is interchanged with the last letter, the second letter is interchanged with tenth letter and so on, which letter would come after "T" in the newly formed word ?

- (a) I
- (b) N
- (c) S
- (d) D

25. If Z = 52 and ACT = 48, then BAT will be equal to _____

- (a) 39
- (b) 41
- (c) 44
- (d) 46

26. A man is facing north-west. He turns 90° in the clockwise direction and then 135° in the anticlockwise direction, which direction is he facing now ?

- (a) East
- (b) West
- (c) North
- (d) South

27. Find the missing number



- (a) 36
- (b) 37
- (c) 52
- (d) 81

28. A father tells his son, "I was of your present age when you were born." If the father is now 36 years of age, how old was the boy 5 years ago ?

- (a) 13
- (b) 15
- (c) 17
- (d) 20

29. In a certain code language 35796 is written as 44887. How is 46823 written in that code ?

- (a) 55934
- (b) 55914
- (c) 55714
- (d) 57914

30. If + means \div , - means \times , \div means +, and \times means -, then the value of $36 \times 12 \div 4 \div 6 - 2 - 3$ when simplified is :
 - (a) 2
 - (b) 18
 - (c) 42
 - (d) 45
31. Putting CCTVS in Schools
 - (a) tracks students who create problems
 - (b) helps school Head Masters to manage school efficiently
 - (c) affects the natural and normal behaviour of children
 - (d) monitors the teachers' functioning
32. The best way to inculcate social and moral values in students is :
 - (a) asking students to be abided by values,
 - (b) asking students to read books on human values
 - (c) listening to discourses on values
 - (d) practising values in day-to-day life
33. The school curriculum should provide for :
 - (a) intellectual development
 - (b) social development
 - (c) physical development
 - (d) all round development
34. Children learn a skill better when they are :
 - (a) explained the skill
 - (b) demonstrated the skill
 - (c) allowed to practice the skill
 - (d) examined for their knowledge of the skill
35. Which group of students should be the chief concern of a good teacher ?
 - (a) Bright student
 - (b) The average student
 - (c) The backward students
 - (d) All the above
36. Students who habitually break school discipline need :
 - (a) severe punishment
 - (b) expulsion from school
 - (c) affection, understanding and counselling
 - (d) more homework and class work
37. A teacher finds a group of his students quarrelling among themselves outside the school. The teacher should :
 - (a) ignore the incident as it happens outside the school
 - (b) discuss with the students and resolve the conflict peacefully
 - (c) call the parents of the students to school to warn them
 - (d) inform the head master and police about the incident
38. Teachers who help children grow and develop better, are usually,
 - (a) strict and punishing
 - (b) affectionate and caring
 - (c) abusive and frightening
 - (d) resourceful
39. Children love those teachers who :
 - (a) takes teaching seriously
 - (b) are very liberal
 - (c) are caring and sincere
 - (d) are highly disciplined
40. Which category of students should be involved while organizing a school function ?
 - (a) Strong and stout students
 - (b) Bright student
 - (c) Smart student
 - (d) Student of all categories
41. Children who come to school have :
 - (a) a blank mind to be filled in through schooling
 - (b) Significant learning experiences to be used for further learning
 - (c) experiences that are crude
 - (d) many such experiences that are irrelevant

42. Admission to class in a school should be made on the basis of :
- (a) results of an admission test
 - (b) parents ability to pay for their children's education
 - (c) eligibility of all children of the neighbourhood
 - (d) parents' educational background
43. Right to Education Act prohibits physical punishment in schools, which is likely to :
- (a) affect school discipline
 - (b) make students free from fear
 - (c) aid students to learn freely
 - (d) lead loss of parental trust in school
44. An ideal school curriculum development should :
- (a) be done by specialists only
 - (b) be guided by government direction
 - (c) takes vision of parents, experts, students and government guidelines
 - (d) involve students and their parents
45. A child learns well, when :
- (a) he/she feels that teachers value his abilities, interests and experiences
 - (b) he/she is in a good school
 - (c) his/her teachers teach effectively
 - (d) he/she has a group of good peers
46. A teacher's role is to
- (a) fill the empty mind of a child with knowledge
 - (b) creat enabling learning conditions
 - (c) combine direct and indirect methods of instruction
 - (d) use punishment to make a child learn
47. Assuming that you want to be teacher, the reason that motivates you is that
- (a) teaching is a noble profession
 - (b) teaching profession provides more days for leisure and family care
 - (c) teachers are respected by all
 - (d) teaching is a man-making profession
48. A good teacher's teaching needs to be :
- (a) entirely based on the prescribed curriculum
 - (b) strictly limited to text books
 - (c) primarily centred around child's experiences
 - (d) beyond text books
49. In your view, a teacher engaging children in group work for learning is :
- (a) a waste of valuable teaching time
 - (b) a method of holding back smart and intelligent children
 - (c) good as it involves co-operative peer learning
 - (d) against standard rules of classroom teaching
50. In a class room with children from varied home abckground, a teacher's task appears to be challenging because of the fact taht :
- (a) all children have the ability to learn
 - (b) some children are less educable
 - (c) some other children are uneducable
 - (d) some children are bright and intelligent

SECTION II (For Arts Streams)

Directions for Q. Nos. 51-60 : Read the passage carefulluy and answer the question that follow.

By the beginning of the twentieth century, doctors knew that many diseases were caused by living microbes. They knew about

immunization and vaccines. Thanks to the efforts of scientists like Jenner, Pasteur, Koch and Ehrlich Lister, it had taught them the value of antiseptics. Known chemical disinfectants, such as carbolic acid, would kill germs, but they would also injure cell tissues. How could harmful microbes be destroyed without, at the same time, injuring body tissues ?

In 1990, to a shipping clerk - Alexander Fleming - a career in science seemed like distant dream. Alexander was born on August 6, 1881, the youngest son of an Ayrshire, Scottish farmer. He was able to complete high school but then his family's funds ran out. At sixteen, he took a job as a shipping clerk and stayed there for four years. In 1901, Alexander came into a small legacy which enabled him to continue his education, and on the advice of one of his brothers, who was a doctor, he chose to prepare for a career in medicine.

Alexander did unusually well in medical school along with rifle shooting, swimming, water polo and painting. After his graduation, his teacher Prof. Wright asked him to join him in bacteriological research, which he readily agreed.

51. Which of the following advice was given by his brother to Alexander ?

- (a) To pursue a career in bacteriological research.
- (b) To continue his school education.
- (c) To take up a career in medicine.
- (d) Not pursue a career in shipping

52. Why was it possible for Alexander to continue his studies ?

- (a) The inspiration given by his farmer father
- (b) His desire to become a scientist at any cost
- (c) The shipping job gave him enough money
- (d) He inherited sufficient money to continue his education

53. Who among the following has not been mentioned in the passage as 'scientists' ?

- (a) Jenner
- (b) Pasteur
- (c) Wright
- (d) Koch

54. Which of the following statements is not true in the context of the passage ?

- (a) Alexander's father was a Scottish farmer.
- (b) One of the Alexander's brother was a doctor
- (c) Alexander's performance in the medical school was very good
- (d) Alexander was the eldest son of his father

55. State which is not true in the context of the passage ?

- (a) rifle shooting
- (b) swimming
- (c) football
- (d) painting

56. Which of the following is not true in the context of the passage ?

Alexander Fleming joined as shipping clerk :

- (a) in 1991
- (b) after completing high school
- (c) when his father ran out of money
- (d) at the age of sixteen

57. The passage is mainly about

- (a) Scientists like Jenner, Koch etc.
- (b) Immunization and vaccines
- (c) Alexander Fleming
- (d) Prof. Wright, the teacher of Fleming

58. By the beginning of twentieth century doctors knew

- (a) diseases are caused by living microbes
- (b) about vaccines
- (c) about immunization
- (d) how could harmful microbes be destroyed without injuring body tissues

59. 'They' in 2nd sentence of para I, refers to

- (a) Scientists
- (b) Doctors
- (c) Fleming's brothers
- (d) Jenner and Koch

60. Why did Fleming take up the job as a shipping clerk ?

- (a) On the advice of one of his brothers.
- (b) His financial position was not good at that time.
- (c) It was his cherished dream.
- (d) It was a very perspective job.

Choose the option that is most appropriate synonym to the given word (Q. No. 61 & 62)

61. Trivial

- (a) Significant (b) Momentous
- (c) Unimportant (d) Critical

62. Appease

- (a) Agitate (b) Pacify
- (c) Quality (d) Interrupt

Choose the option which is most opposite in meaning to the given word (Q. No. 63 and 64)

63. Divine

- (a) Generous (b) Sublime
- (c) Earthly (d) Reciprocal

64. Impertinent

- (a) Polite (b) Indifferent
- (c) Unpleasant (d) Stubborn

Choose the correctly spelt word : (Q No. 65 to 67)

65. (a) Commettee (b) Committee
(c) Comittee (d) Committee

66. (a) Argumant (b) Arguement
(c) Argument (d) Arguemant

67. (a) Acomodation
(b) Accomodation
(c) Acommodation
(d) Accommodation

68. Find out the word, the spelling of which is wrong

- (a) Neice
- (b) Neither
- (c) Neighbour
- (d) Rein

Pick out the sentence that shows punctuation error (Q No. 69 and 70)

69. (a) What a terrible fire ?

(b) Long live the king !

(c) O father ! I hear the sound of guns.

(d) O Hamlet, speak no more !

70. (a) Her court was pure; her life was serene.

(b) God gave her peace; her land reposed.

(c) Today we love what tomorrow we hate; today we seek what tomorrow we shun.

(d) What cannot be cured; must be endured

Choose the correct passive form of sentence that precedes each question (Q No. 71 and 72)

71. We elected Ram as president

(a) Ram was elected as president.

(b) President Ram was elected by us.

(c) Ram as president was elected.

(d) Who has been elected as president ?

72. Has anyone ever called you a fool before ?

(a) Has a fool been called to you ever before ?

(b) Have you ever been called a fool before ?

(c) Have anyone been called a fool ever before ?

(d) Has a fool ever been called you before ?

Choose the correct voice of the statements. (Q. no. 73 and 74)

73. The doctor said to the patient, "Do you have a headache now?"
- The doctor asked the patient if he had a headache then.
 - The doctor suggested the patient to have a headache then.
 - The doctor diagnosed a headache with the patient.
 - The patient was advised for a headache by the doctor.
74. Arun asked Ravi to lend him his dictionary
- Ravi said, "Arun! Take my dictionary."
 - Arun said to Ravi, "Please lend me your dictionary."
 - Arun chided Ravi, "Don't take my dictionary."
 - Arun said to Ravi, "Don't take your dictionary."

In the sentence below the word 'Proposal' is a noun. But in the four sentences that follow, the word proposal is used as verb. Choose one which is similar in meaning to the sentence :

75. He rejected all our proposals.
- He rejected all that we are proposing
 - He rejected all that we can propose
 - He rejected all we propose
 - He rejected all that we proposed.

ତଳେ ଲେଖାଯାଇଥିବା ପରିଚ୍ଛେଦଟିକୁ ଭଲଭାବରେ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଏହି ପରିଚ୍ଛେଦରୁ ତଳେ ଲେଖାଯାଇଥିବା ପାଞ୍ଚଟି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ଏବଂ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ଚାରୋଟି ଲେଖାଏଁ ସମ୍ଭାବ୍ୟ ଉତ୍ତର ପଢ଼ି ଯାହା ଠିକ୍ ବୋଲି ଭାବୁଛନ୍ତି, ଉଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ସ୍ଥାନରେ ଚିହ୍ନ ମାରନ୍ତୁ ।

“ସାଧାରଣଲୋକେ ନିଜର ମନୋଭାବ ପ୍ରକାଶ ନିମନ୍ତେ ଭାଷା ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରୁଥିବାବେଳେ, ଶିକ୍ଷିତ ଲୋକମାନେ ନିଜର ମାନ, ଯଶ, ପ୍ରତିପତ୍ତି ବଢ଼ାଇବାପାଇଁ ଭାଷାକୁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରନ୍ତି । ଜ୍ଞାନୀ ବୋଲାଉଥିବା ସ୍ୱତ୍ୱଧରମାନେ ନିଜର ପାଣ୍ଡିତ୍ୟ

ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶନ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ, ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଓ ଅଧ୍ୟାପକମାନେ ବୃତ୍ତିଗତ ପ୍ରୟୋଜନ ପୂରଣପାଇଁ, ଜ୍ୟୋତିଷୀ, ପୁରୋହିତ, ପୂଜକମାନେ ଶ୍ରେତାମାନରେ ବୃଥା ଆଶା ସଞ୍ଚାର ନିମନ୍ତେ ଭାଷାକୁ ଏକ ମାଧ୍ୟମରୂପେ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରନ୍ତି । ବିଭିନ୍ନ ବର୍ଗର ଲୋକ ବହୁବିଧ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟ ଓ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟସାଧନ ସକାଶେ ଭାଷା ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରୁଥିବା ଯୋଗୁଁ ଭାଷାର ମୂଳ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟ ଅର୍ଥାତ୍ ତତ୍କାଳିନ ମନୋଭାବ ପ୍ରକାଶ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟଟି ଯଥାର୍ଥଭାବରେ ହୋଇପାରୁନାହିଁ । କୌଣସି ଯଥାର୍ଥ କାରଣ ନ ଥିଲେ ବି ଯେଉଁମାନେ ଅଶୁଣା, ଅଦେଖା, ଅଲେଖା ଶବ୍ଦ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରନ୍ତି, ତାହା ଆଡ଼ମ୍ବରପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଓ ଶୁଦ୍ଧିମଧୁର ବି ହୋଇପାରେ, କିନ୍ତୁ ମନୋଭାବର ବାହକ ହୋଇପାରେ ନାହିଁ ।”

76. ଲୋକମାନେ ଅପରିଚିତ ଶବ୍ଦ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରନ୍ତି କାହିଁକି ?
- ବୃତ୍ତିଗତ ପ୍ରୟୋଜନ ପୂରଣ ନିମନ୍ତେ ।
 - ଅଧିକ ଅର୍ଥ ଉପାର୍ଜନ ନିମନ୍ତେ ।
 - ଆଡ଼ମ୍ବର ଓ ଶୁଦ୍ଧି ମଧୁରତାପାଇଁ ।
 - ସମ୍ମାନ ହାସଲ ସକାଶେ ।
77. ଶିକ୍ଷିତ ଲୋକମାନେ କେଉଁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟ ସାଧନ ନିମନ୍ତେ ଭାଷା ବ୍ୟବହାର କରନ୍ତି ?
- ଆଶା ସଞ୍ଚାରର ମାଧ୍ୟମପାଇଁ ।
 - ଯଶ, ସମ୍ମାନ ପ୍ରାପ୍ତି ନିମନ୍ତେ ।
 - ତତ୍କାଳିନ ମନୋଭାବ ପ୍ରକାଶ ସକାଶେ ।
 - ଭାଷାକୁ ଶୁଦ୍ଧିମଧୁର କରିବାପାଇଁ ।
78. କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାରର ଭାଷା ମନୋଭାବର ବାହକ ହୋଇପାରେ ନାହିଁ ?
- ପାଣ୍ଡିତ୍ୟ ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶନର ଚେଷ୍ଟା ।
 - ମାନବୃଦ୍ଧି ନିମନ୍ତେ ଉଦ୍ୟମ ।
 - ଅଜଣା, ଅଶୁଣା ଶବ୍ଦର ବ୍ୟବହାର ।
 - ବୃତ୍ତିଗତ ପ୍ରୟୋଜନ ପୂରଣର ଅଭୀପ୍ସା ।
79. ଭାଷା ଆମର ମନୋଭାବ ପ୍ରକାଶ କରିବାରେ ଅସମର୍ଥ ହେବାର କାରଣ କ'ଣ ?
- ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଓ ଅଧ୍ୟାପକମାନଙ୍କର ଭାଷା - ପ୍ରୀତି ନାହିଁ ।
 - ଲୋକମାନେ ନିଜର ଭାଷା ଦକ୍ଷତାକୁ ସନ୍ଦେହ କରନ୍ତି ।
 - ବୃତ୍ତିଜୀବୀମାନେ ଭାଷାକୁ ନେଇ ବେଉଷା କରନ୍ତି ।
 - ସାଧାରଣଲୋକଙ୍କର ଭାଷାକୁ ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱ ଦିଆଯାଏ ନାହିଁ ।

80. ଭାଷାର ମୂଳ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟ କ'ଣ ?
 (a) ବ୍ୟକ୍ତର ମାନ, ଯଶ ଓ ପ୍ରତିପତ୍ତି ବୃଦ୍ଧି ।
 (b) ମନୋଭାବ ପ୍ରକାଶ
 (c) ପାଣ୍ଡିତ୍ୟ ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶନ ।
 (d) ଶ୍ରୋତାଙ୍କମନରେ ଆଶା ସୂଚାର ।
81. ଠିକ୍ ଶବ୍ଦ ଦର୍ଶାଅ ।
 (a) ଓତଃପ୍ରୋତ
 (b) ଓତଃପ୍ରୋତଃ
 (c) ଓତପ୍ରୋତଃ
 (d) ଓତପ୍ରୋତ
82. କେଉଁଟି ଠିକ୍ ଶବ୍ଦ ?
 (a) ଯାନବାହାନ
 (b) ଯାନବାହନ
 (c) ଜାନବାହାନ
 (d) ଜାନବାହନ
83. ବାକ୍ୟରେ କ୍ରିୟା ସହିତ ଯେଉଁପଦର ଅନ୍ୟ ଥାଏ ତାହାକୁ କ'ଣ କହନ୍ତି ?
 (a) କାରକ
 (b) ବିଭକ୍ତି
 (c) ସମାସ
 (d) ଅଶକାରକ
84. 'ବାତ୍ୟାରେ ଗଛରୁ ପତ୍ର ଝଡ଼ିଲା' - ଏହି ବାକ୍ୟରେ ଅପାଦାନ କାରକ କିଏ ?
 (a) ବାତ୍ୟାରେ
 (b) ଗଛରୁ
 (c) ପତ୍ର
 (d) ଝଡ଼ିଲା
85. 'ଧୂକ' ପଦ ଯୋଗେ କେଉଁ ବିଭକ୍ତି ହୁଏ ?
 (a) ଦ୍ଵିତୀୟା
 (b) ତୃତୀୟା
 (c) ଚତୁର୍ଥୀ
 (d) ପଞ୍ଚମୀ
86. ଯଦୁ ମଧୁଠାରୁ ବୁଦ୍ଧିମାନ । ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ପଦର ବିଭକ୍ତି ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ କର ।
 (a) ଦ୍ଵିତୀୟା
 (b) ଚତୁର୍ଥୀ
 (c) ଷଷ୍ଠୀ
 (d) ପଞ୍ଚମୀ
87. ସତ୍ୟପ୍ରତି ଅନୁରକ୍ତ ହୁଅ - ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ପଦରେ କେଉଁ ବିଭକ୍ତି ହୋଇଛି ?
 (a) ପ୍ରଥମୀ
 (b) ଷଷ୍ଠୀ
 (c) ତୃତୀୟା
 (d) ଚତୁର୍ଥୀ
88. "ବର୍ଷାକାଳରେ କଦମ୍ବ ଫୁଲ ଫୁଟେ," - ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ପଦଟିର କାରକ ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ କର ।
 (a) କର୍ତ୍ତା
 (b) କରଣ
 (c) ଅପାଦାନ
 (d) ଅଧିକରଣ
89. 'ମୂର୍ଖପଣ୍ଡିତ' - କେଉଁ ସମାସ ?
 (a) ବହୁବ୍ରୀହି
 (b) ଦ୍ଵନ୍ଦ୍ଵ
 (c) କର୍ମଧାରୟ
 (d) ଦ୍ଵିଗୁ
90. 'ପ୍ରତିମୂର୍ତ୍ତି' - କେଉଁ ସମାସ ?
 (a) ନଷ୍ଟତତ୍ପୁରୁଷ
 (b) ବହୁବ୍ରୀହି
 (c) ଅବ୍ୟୟୀଭାବ
 (d) ନିତ୍ୟସମାସ
91. ସ୍ଵର୍ଗକୁ ନିଶ୍ଚିଣ୍ଣ ନାହିଁ । ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ପଦଟିରେ କେଉଁ ଅର୍ଥରେ ଚତୁର୍ଥୀ ବିଭକ୍ତି ହୋଇଛି ?
 (a) ଯୋଗ୍ୟଅର୍ଥରେ
 (b) ନିମିତ୍ତାର୍ଥେ
 (c) ନିବାରଣାର୍ଥେ
 (d) ରୁଚିବାଅର୍ଥରେ

92. 'କରଣ' - ପଦ କିପରି ହୋଇଛି ?
 (a) କର+ଅନ
 (b) କର+ଅଣ
 (c) କୁ+ଅନ
 (d) କୁ+ଅନ
93. ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷାରେ କେତୋଟି ସଂସ୍କୃତ ସ୍ୱରଧ୍ୱନି ରହିଛି ?
 (a) ଦୁଇଟି
 (b) ଚାରିଟି
 (c) ପାଞ୍ଚଟି
 (d) ବାରଟି
94. ବର୍ଣ୍ଣାବଜ୍ଞାନ ଓଡ଼ିଆରେ କେତୋଟି ?
 (a) ଦଶ
 (b) ପନ୍ଦର
 (c) କୋଡ଼ିଏ
 (d) ପଚାଶ
95. 'ବରୁଆ' କି ଧରଣର ଶବ୍ଦ ?
 (a) ତତ୍ତ୍ୱମ
 (b) ତଦ୍ଭାବ
 (c) ଦେଶଜ
 (d) ବୈଦେଶିକ
96. ବନାନ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିରୁ କେଉଁ ଶବ୍ଦଟି ଠିକ୍ ହେବ ?
 (a) ଶିକ୍ଷୟତ୍ରୀ
 (b) ଶିକ୍ଷ୍ୟୟତ୍ରୀ
 (c) ଶିକ୍ଷୟିତ୍ରୀ
 (d) ଶିକ୍ଷୟିତ୍ରି
97. 'ରୋଶନ ଯଦି ଯିବ ଭଲ ନଚେତ୍ ହରିଶ ଯାଉ', - ଏହି ବାକ୍ୟଟି କି ପ୍ରକାରର ?
 (a) ସରଳ
 (b) ଜଟିଳ
 (c) ମିଶ୍ର
 (d) ଯୌଗିକ
98. 'ନିଘଞ୍ଚ' - ଏହାର ଠିକ୍ ବ୍ୟାସ ବାକ୍ୟଟି ବାଛି ।
 (a) ଅତି ଘଞ୍ଚ
 (b) ନାହିଁ ଘଞ୍ଚ
 (c) ଘଞ୍ଚ ନୁହେଁ
 (d) ନ ଘଞ୍ଚ
99. "ଓଃ, କି ଗରମ" - ଉକ୍ତିର ଶେଷରେ କେଉଁ ଚିହ୍ନ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ ?
 (a) ।
 (b) !
 (c) ?
 (d) ;
100. 'ସୁନି ଆମ ମାଉସାକୁ କ୍ଷମା ମାଗିବ ନହେଲେ ଦଣ୍ଡ ଭୋଗ କରିବ' । - ମାଗିବ ପରେ କେଉଁ ଚିହ୍ନ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ ?
 (a) ,
 (b) -
 (c) ;
 (d) :
101. Who called Gandhiji "a half-naked Fakir" ?
 (a) Queen Elizabeth
 (b) Lord Mountbatten
 (c) Winston Churchill
 (d) Clement Attlee
102. Who was writer of "Sare Jahan se Achha...." ?
 (a) Rabindranath Tagore
 (b) Mohammad Iqbal
 (c) Guljar
 (d) Nizam
103. Who sang "Vande Mataram" in the Constituent Assembly ?
 (a) Sarojini Naidu
 (b) Sucheta Kripalini
 (c) Raj Kumari Amrit Kaur
 (d) Aruna Asaf Ali
104. Who was the 1st Woman President of Indian National Congress ?
 (a) Vijaya Laxmi Pandit
 (b) Sarojini Naidu
 (c) Indira Gandhi
 (d) Annie Besant

105. Adolf Hitler became Chancellor of Germany in
 - (a) 1932
 - (b) 1933
 - (c) 1934
 - (d) 1939
106. Who was responsible for the Dual Government of Bengal ?
 - (a) Robert Clive
 - (b) Mirjafar
 - (c) Warren Hastings
 - (d) Sir John Shore
107. Who was first Viceroy of India ?
 - (a) Lord Cornwallis
 - (b) Lord William bentinck
 - (c) Lord Dalhousie
 - (d) Lord Canning
108. The Aligarh movement owes its origin to :
 - (a) Sir Sayeed Ahmad Khan
 - (b) Mohammad Ali Jinnah
 - (c) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
 - (d) Nawab Salimullah
109. The "Sunset Law" is associated with
 - (a) Roytwari System
 - (b) Mahalwari System
 - (c) Permanent Settlement
 - (d) Jamma Kamal
110. During the rule of which Mughal emperor the East India Company first arrived in India ?
 - (a) Shahjahan
 - (b) Jahangir
 - (c) Akbar
 - (d) Aurangzeb
111. Which British Governor General did introduce English education in India ?
 - (a) Lord Wellesley
 - (b) Lord Dalhousie
 - (c) Lord Willam Bentic
 - (d) Lord Cornwallis
112. In 1905, Lord Cuzon announced the partition of
 - (a) Bihar
 - (b) Madras
 - (c) Bombay
 - (d) Bengal
113. Which Governor General of India is known as the father of Indian Civil service ?
 - (a) Lord Hastings
 - (b) Lord Bentinck
 - (c) Lord Cornwallis
 - (d) Lord Ripon
114. Shaheed Bhagat Singh was hanged on
 - (a) March 22, 1931
 - (b) March 23, 1931
 - (c) March 24, 1931
 - (d) March 25, 1931
115. Who was not a member of the Constituent Assembly ?
 - (a) Sardar Patel
 - (b) Rajendra Prasad
 - (c) Mahatma Gandhi
 - (d) Jawaharlal Nehru
116. Financial Emergency can be promulgated under which Article of the constitution ?
 - (a) 352
 - (b) 356
 - (c) 360
 - (d) None of the above

117. Name of the second chairman of Rajya Sabha ?
(a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
(b) Dr. S. Radha Krishnan
(c) V.V. Giri
(d) Dr. Zakir Hussain
118. Who was the first speaker of the Odisha Legislative Assembly ?
(a) Lal Mohan Patnaik
(b) Nanda Kishore Das
(c) Mukunda Prasad Das
(d) Pandit Nilakantha Das
119. Who is the first Chief Justice of Odisha High Court ?
(a) Justice Bachu Jagannadha Das
(b) Justice Lingaraj Panigrahi
(c) Justice Birakishore Ray
(d) Justice R.L. Narasimham
120. Who is the first Woman Judge of the Odisha High Court ?
(a) Justice Sanju Panda
(b) Justice Amiya Kumari Padhy
(c) Justice M. Fatima Beevi
(d) None of the above
121. Who of the following cannot be impeached by the parliament ?
(a) President of India
(b) Judges of the Supreme Court
(c) Governor of a State
(d) Judges of the High Court
122. The members of which committee are entirely drawn from the members of the Lok Sabha ?
(a) Estimate Committee
(b) Committee on Public Accounts
(c) Committee on Public Undertakings
(d) None of these
123. Which of the following has been deleted from the list of Fundamental Rights ?
(a) Right to Property
(b) Right to Freedom
(c) Right to Equality
(d) Right against Exploitation
124. How many articles are there in the Indian Constitution ?
(a) 9
(b) 147
(c) 200
(d) 395
125. Which Fundamental Right guarantees "Freedom of Press" ?
(a) Right to Equality
(b) Right to Freedom
(c) Right against Exploitation
(d) Right to Freedom of Religion
126. What is provided in Article 368 of the constitution ?
(a) Election of President
(b) Amendment of the constitution
(c) Emergency Provisions
(d) Election Commission
127. Parliament consists of
(a) Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha
(b) Prime Minister, Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha
(c) President, Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha
(d) None of the above
128. Who presides over a joint sitting of parliament ?
(a) President
(b) Vice-President
(c) Prime Minister
(d) Speaker of Lok Sabha

129. Prime Minister of India can be removed by a
 (a) Vote of No-Confidence in Lok Sabha
 (b) Vote of No-Confidence in Rajya Sabha
 (c) Adjournment motion in Rajya Sabha
 (d) Vote of No-Confidence by a majority of State Assemblies
130. Who was the first speaker of Lok Sabha?
 (a) M.A. Ayyangar
 (b) G.V. Mavlankar
 (c) Sardar Hukum Singh
 (d) N. Sanjiva Reddy
131. Which of the following resources is different from the other three in terms of ownership?
 (a) Amusement Park
 (b) Burial ground
 (c) Homestead
 (d) Playground
132. In which state of India is the roof-top rainwater harvesting made legally compulsory?
 (a) Maharashtra
 (b) Meghalaya
 (c) Rajasthan
 (d) Tamil Nadu
133. From which mine is iron ore transported by pipeline in the form of slurry?
 (a) Badbil
 (b) Dalli Rajhara
 (c) Kudremukh
 (d) Ratnagiri
134. Where in India is transhumance commonly noticed?
 (a) The Patkai Bum
 (b) The Pir Panjal
 (c) The Sahyadri
 (d) The Vindhyas
135. Which Himalayan plant species has become vulnerable due to overexploitation?
 (a) Maple
 (b) Oak
 (c) Spruce
 (d) Yew
136. Which of the following forests does act as a shelter belt in the coastal areas?
 (a) Tidal Forests
 (b) Tropical Dry Deciduous
 (c) Tropical Moist Deciduous
 (d) Tropical Wet Semi-Evergreen
137. Which bird sanctuary is located in Rajasthan?
 (a) Bharatpur
 (b) Nal Sarovar
 (c) Salim Ali
 (d) Sultanpur
138. Which Biosphere Reserve in India has not been enlisted within the 'World Network of Biosphere Reserves' by UNESCO?
 (a) Gulf of Mannar
 (b) Rann of Kachh
 (c) Nilgiri
 (d) Sunderbans
139. How many parallels can be drawn on the globe at an interval of 15 minutes?
 (a) 718
 (b) 719
 (c) 720
 (d) 721
140. Which of the following cannot be taken as a parallel?
 (a) Equator
 (b) 30°S
 (c) 60°S
 (d) 90°S

141. On the 22nd December, the vertical rays of the sun are received on the
- Equator
 - Southern Polar Circle
 - Tropic of Cancer
 - Tropic of Capricorn
142. Which of the following belts shall enjoy total night time on 22nd June ?
- Between $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ N and North Pole
 - between $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ N and $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ N
 - Between $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ S and $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ S
 - Between $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ S and South Pole
143. The local time of which of the following places does differ greatly from the Indian Standard Time ?
- Bangalore, Karnataka
 - Bilashpur, Chhattishgarh
 - Kakinada, Andhra Pradesh
 - Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh
144. A flight moving from London to Delhi took 10 hours to reach the destination. If it had taken off at 12 Noon London time on 10th April 2015, then at what Indian time and date would it have landed at Delhi ?
- 05.30 PM on April 2015
 - 10.00 PM on 10th April 2015
 - 03.30 AM on 11th April 2015
 - 12.00 noon on 11th April 2015
145. Which of the following statements about the Thar deserts is not correct ?
- An arid region receiving scanty rainfall
 - It characterizes with shifting sand dunes
 - It is a sub-tropical continental desert
 - Located in the NW part of India in Rajasthan
146. Which of the following mountain passes in India is different from the other three in terms of its location ?
- Benihal
 - Nathu La
 - Rohtang
 - Zoji La
147. The highest peak on main Himalayan Mountains in India is :
- The Kamet
 - The Kanchenjunga
 - The Kangto
 - The Nanda Devi
148. Which of the following lakes in India is a 'playa' lake ?
- The Chillika
 - The Dal
 - The Sambhar
 - The Vambanad
149. In which of the following orders one would notice hill range along the Western Ghats from North to South ?
- The Anamalai, The Cardamom, The Sahyadri, The Nilgiris
 - The Cardamom, The Anamalai, The Nilgiris, The Sahyadri
 - The Sahyadri, The Anamalai, The Nilgiris, The Cardamom
 - The Sahyadri, The Nilgiris, The Anamalai, The Cardamom
150. With which of the following plateaus is the Rajmahal Hills associated ?
- The Malwa
 - The Baghelkhand
 - The Chhotanagpur
 - The Meghalaya

ANSWERS

1. (c) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (b) 6. (b) 7. (d) 8. (c) 9. (d) 10. (c)
 11. (c) 12. (a) 13. (b) 14. (d) 15. (d) 16. (a) 17. (a) 18. (d) 19. (c) 20. (a)
 21. (a) 22. (b) 23. (b) 24. (c) 25. (d) 26. (b) 27. (a) 28. (a) 29. (b) 30. (c)
 31. (c) 32. (d) 33. (d) 34. (c) 35. (d) 36. (c) 37. (B) 38. (b) 39. (c) 40. (d)
 41. (B) 42. (c) 43. (c) 44. (c) 45. (a) 46. (b) 47. (d) 48. (d) 49. (c) 50. (a)

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51. (c) 52. (d) 53. (c) 54. (d) 55. (c) 56. (a) 57. (c) 58. (a) 59. (b) 60. (b)
 61. (c) 62. (b) 63. (c) 64. (a) 65. (d) 66. (c) 67. (d) 68. (a) 69. (a) 70. (d)
 71. (a) 72. (b) 73. (a) 74. (b) 75. (d) 76. (c) 77. (b) 78. (c) 79. (d) 80. (b)
 81. (d) 82. (b) 83. (a) 84. (b) 85. (a) 86. (d) 87. (b) 88. (d) 89. (c) 90. (c)
 91. (b) 92. (d) 93. (a) 94. (d) 95. (c) 96. (c) 97. (b) 98. (a) 99. (b) 100. (c)
 101. (c) 102. (b) 103. (b) 104. (d) 105. (b) 106. (a) 107. (d) 108. (a) 109. (c) 110. (b)
 111. (c) 112. (d) 113. (c) 114. (b) 115. (c) 116. (c) 117. (d) 118. (c) 119. (c) 120. (b)
 121. (c) 122. (a) 123. (a) 124. (d) 125. (b) 126. (b) 127. (c) 128. (d) 129. (a) 130. (b)
 131. (c) 132. (d) 133. (c) 134. (b) 135. (d) 136. (a) 137. (a) 138. (b) 139. (b) 140. (d)
 141. (d) 142. (d) 143. (a) 144. (c) 145. (c) 146. (b) 147. (b) 148. (c) 149. (d) 150. (c)